

THE Commercial & Financial CHRONICLE,

Bankers' Gazette, Commercial Times, Railway Monitor, and Insurance Journal.

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 8.

NEW YORK, MAY 22, 1869.

NO. 204.

Bankers and Brokers.

Marquand, Hill & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,
37 WALL STREET,
New York.

JOHN P. MARQUAND, GEORGE H. B. HILL,

Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on commission. Business Paper Negotiated.

Knauth, Nachod & Kuhne

BANKERS,
New York, Leipzig, Saxony,
51 BROAD ST. AND 85 BRUHL.

DRAW IN SUMS TO SUIT

On the principal cities of Germany, Switzerland, England, France, Sweden, Norway, Holland, Belgium, Russia, Italy, Spain, Denmark, &c.

Issue Letters of Credit for Travelers, available in all parts of Europe.

BLAKE BROTHERS & Co.,

52 Wall Street, New York.
AND
23 STATE STREET, BOSTON,
EXCHANGE ON LONDON,
And Sterling Credits,
DEALERS IN COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Buy and Sell Massachusetts and New York State Stocks,
Government Securities, Stocks Bonds, and Gold,
bought and sold strictly on Commission.

Citizens Bank of Louisiana

Capital and Reserved Fund.....\$2,500,000,
AGENCY,

A. D. SELLECK, 37 Pine St. N. Y.

DRAW ON
London Joint Stock Bank, Marcuard, Andre & Co.
Baring, Brothers & Co., Fould & Co., PARIS,
In sums to points suiting buyers of Sterling or France.

HATCH, FOOTE & Co.,

BANKERS
AND DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
GOLD, &c.
No. 12 WALL STREET.

GEORGE OPDYKE, WM. A. STEPHENS
G. FRANCIS OPDYKE.

BANKING HOUSE OF Geo. OPDYKE & Co.,

NO. 25 NASSAU STREET,
(Corner of Cedar street.)

DEPOSITS received from Individuals, Firms, Banks,
Bankers and Corporations, subject to check at
sight, and interest allowed at the rate of Four per
cent per annum.

CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT issued, bearing Four
per cent interest, payable on demand, or after
fixed dates.

COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points in the
United States, Canada and Europe. Dividends
and Coupons also collected, and all most promptly
accounted for.

ORDERS promptly executed, for the purchase and
sale of Gold; also, Government and other Securities,
on commission.

INFORMATION furnished, and purchases or ex-
changes of Securities made for investors.

NEGOTIATIONS of Loans, and Foreign Exchange
effected.

Bankers and Brokers.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER SMITH & CO.,

BANKERS,
No. 40 Wall Street, New York.
DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at best
Current Rates.
GOVERNMENT AND STATE SECURITIES, GOLD,
RAILROAD BONDS, STOCKS, etc., bought and
Sold on Commission.
ADVANCES made upon approved Securities.
COLLECTIONS made, and Loans Negotiated.

W. N. WORTHINGTON,

MEMBER N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE,
BANKER AND BROKER,
14 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
Stocks, Bonds, Gold and Exchange.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED SUBJECT TO SIGHT DRAFT
And Four Per Cent interest allowed on Daily
Balances.

Southern Securities have especial
attention.

VERNAM & HOY,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,
14 & 16 WALL STREET.

Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold
bought and sold on Commission.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON BALANCES.

LANCASTER & Co., BROWN, LANCASTER & Co.,
Richmond, Baltimore.

SOUTHERN SECURITIES.

LANCASTER, BROWN & CO.,

23 Nassau Street,

OFFER FOR SALE:

Chesapeake and Ohio 1st mtg. 7 p. c. bonds, principal
and interest in gold, at 95 and interest.

Petersburg Railroad 1st mtg. 8 p. c. bonds (mtg.
\$6,000 per mile), at 92½ and interest.

South Side Railroad 1st mtg. 8 p. c. bonds (mtg.
\$6,000 per mile), at 85.

Richmond and York River 1st mtg. 8 p. c. bonds
(mtg. \$7,000 per mile), at 85.

Piedmont R.R. 1st mtg. 8 p. c. (mtg. \$10,000 per mile),
at 90.

Norfolk and Petersburg R.R. 2d mtg. 8 p. c. bonds
(mtg. \$14,000 per mile, including 1st mtg.), at 82½.

Columbia and Augusta R.R. 1st mtg. 7 p. c. bonds
(mtg. \$12,000 per mile), at 80.

Richmond and Danville R.R. 1st mtg. 6 p. c. bonds
(mtg. \$14,000 per mile), at 75.

STOKER, TAYLOR & Co.,

BANKERS,
21 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

Sight and Time Bills on LONDON, LIVERPOOL,
EDINBURGH and DUBLIN, PARIS, BREMEN,
HAMBURG, BERLIN, FRANKFORT-ON-TH-
MAIN, VIENNA, etc.
STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD
ON COMMISSION.
COLLECTIONS made in all parts of Europe.

W. P. VAN DEURSEN, SWAN & PAYSON
Chicago, New York.

W. P. VanDeursen & Co.,

BANKERS and BROKERS,
106 LASALLE ST., (UNION BANK BUILDING).
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

Buy and sell STOCKS, GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
and GOLD, on Margins—or for investors at
NEW YORK RATES.

GOLD DRAFTS ON NEW YORK FOR SALE.

Bankers and Brokers.

McKim, Brothers & Co.,

No. 47 Wall Street, New York.

BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold exclusively
on Commission. Interest allowed on Deposit Accounts

TANNER & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,
No. 49 Wall street, N. Y.,
DEALERS IN

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN GOLD,
AND SPECIE OF ALL KINDS,

Which they have on hand for immediate delivery.
United States Government Securities, Foreign and
Domestic exchange. Particular attention given to
Collections at all points in the United States, Canada
and Europe. Remittances made, Loans negotiated
and made on securities and business paper. Interest
allowed on Deposits, subject to draft at sight. Orders
executed at the Gold and Stock Exchange with
promptness. Contracts in Gold and stocks carried
on the most favorable terms.

CIRCULAR NOTES

AND
CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT
FOR

TRAVELERS,
AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF EUROPE

ALSO,
COMMERCIAL CREDITS,

ISSUED BY

MORTON, BLISS & Co.

BANKING HOUSE OF

LUTHER KOUNTZE,

52 Wall Street, New York.

Deposits received from Banks and Individuals, sub-
ject to check at sight, and interest allowed thereon at
FOUR PER CENT per annum.

Collections made throughout the United States, the
British Provinces and Europe.

Governments Securities bought and sold.

VERMILYE & Co.,

BANKERS,

Removed to Nos. 16 and 18 Nassau
Street, New York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

AND IN

GOLD AND GOLD COUPONS,

BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION

RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND

GOLD,

MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.

Interest on

Financial Notices.

WE OFFER FOR SALE

A LIMITED AMOUNT OF
City of Louisville, 7 Per Cent Bonds,
HAVING TWENTY YEARS TO RUN, interest payable Semi-annually, on the first day of April and October, at the

BANK OF AMERICA, in this City.

A Special Tax has been levied to meet the interest upon these Bonds, and the Sinking Fund for retiring the indebtedness of the City amounts to about two hundred thousand dollars per annum. The comparatively small debt, and the conservative policy which has always marked the management of the finances of the flourishing City of Louisville, make these Bonds one of the safest and most desirable investment securities now offered in the market. Any further particulars can be had on application at our office.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER SMITH & CO.,
40 WALL STREET.

REMOVAL.

J. M. WEITH & Co.,

DEALERS IN
SOUTHERN AND MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES
Have Removed to No. 9 New Street,
and will continue the business under the style of
J. M. WEITH & ARENTS.

REMOVAL.

Jacquelin & DeCoppet

HAVE REMOVED THEIR OFFICE
TO NO. 18 NEW STREET.

United States Treasury.

NEW YORK, May 21, 1869.
FIFTH SALE OF GOLD—By direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, notice is hereby given that sealed proposals for the purchase of one million of dollars in gold will be received at this office until noon of MONDAY NEXT, 24th inst., when the same will be opened and the bids declared. Proposals will be received for sums not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000), and payment may be made either in lawful money or three per cent certificates. Successful bidders will be required to deposit five per cent of the amount of the purchase on the day of the sale. Like proposals will be received on Monday and Thursday of each succeeding week until otherwise ordered. The amount awarded will not exceed two million of dollars per week, and the right is reserved to reject bids obviously adverse to the interests of the government.

H. H. VAN DYCK,
Assistant Treasurer.

Treasury Department.

APRIL 14, 1869.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE Interest Coupons PAYABLE ON THE FIRST DAY OF JULY NEXT, will be paid on presentation at the proper office, upon a rebate of interest at the rate of six per cent per annum in gold.

GEO. S. BOUTWELL,
Secretary of the Treasury.

S. McCLEAN & CO.,
BANKERS,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAIL ROAD GEARING.

Companies constructing roads and cars, can be supplied with a new rail wheel, car, axle and coupling that will run easily and surely on horse, steam and elevated R. R. The rail is BEBE'S ARCH KEY STONE RAIL, with flanges and feet under like skate irons somewhat, which makes a rail permanent, these may be set over wooden string pieces, or not; the wheel is made with double flanges flaring and sunken arch, cars are arched, concave and convex at the ends; coupling cross hasp, like the letter X; the axle is covered by a tube, part of an inside guard wheel. Tops of the rails made like steel by a process of mine. The T rail is improved by running one or more V parallel on the base, a chair is made to hold this rail permanent by flanges, and being mortised into the

Parties wishing to build a good road or improve old one may apply to the inventor.

A. BEBE,

78 Cedar Street.

Bankers and Brokers.

HARVEY FISK,

A. S. HATCH.

Office of FISK & HATCH,

Bankers & Dealers in Gov't Securities,

No. 5 Nassau Street, New York.

Opposite U. S. Sub Treasury.

We receive the accounts of Banks, Bankers, Corporations, and others, subject to check at sight, and allow interest on balances. We make collections on all points in the United States and Canada, and issue Certificates of Deposit available in all parts of the Union.

We buy and sell, at current rates, all classes of Government Securities, the Bonds of the Central Pacific Railroad Company; also Gold and Silver coin and Gold coupons.

We buy and sell at the Stock Exchange miscellaneous Stocks and Bonds, on commission, for cash.

We offer also the United States Six-per-cent Thirty Year Currency Bonds, issued in aid of the Pacific Railroad, which are widely esteemed by moneyed corporations, as the longest Six-per-cent Government Bond in the market.

Communications and inquiries by Mail or Telegraph will receive attention.

FISK & HATCH.

J. L. Brownell & Bro.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

28 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK,
Stocks, Bonds, Government Securities and Gold Bought and Sold exclusively on commission.
Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Individuals received on favorable terms.

REFERENCES:
J. H. FONDA, Pres. National Mech. Banking Ass. N. Y.
C. B. BLAIR, Pres. Merchants' Nat. Bank Chicago.

Lockwood & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 94 BROADWAY & No. 6 WALL STREET.
DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES.

Interest allowed upon deposits of Gold and Currency, subject to Check at Sight. Gold loaned Merchants and Bankers upon favorable terms.

FRANK & GANS,
BANKERS AND DEALERS IN U. S. GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

No. 14 WALL STREET.

J. M. WEITH, GEO. ARENTS

J. M. Weith & Arents,

Late Ragland, Weith & Co.,
DEALERS IN SOUTHERN AND MISCELLANEOUS SECURITIES,
NO. 9 NEW STREET.
Loans Negotiated.

Lounsbery & Fanshawe,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,
NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

Government Securities,
Gold and Foreign Exchange.

RICHARD P. LOUNSBERRY. WILLIAM S. FANSHAW

R. T. WILSON & Co.,

LATE
WILSON, CALLAWAY & CO.,
Bankers and Commission Merchants,

NO. 44 BROAD STREET, NEW YORK.
Government Securities, Stocks, Bonds and Gold bought and sold on the most liberal terms. Merchants Bankers and others allowed 4 per cent on deposits. The most liberal advances made on Cotton, Tobacco, &c., consigned to ourselves or to our correspondents Messrs. E. GILLIAT & CO., Liverpool.

Insurance.

ORIGINAL CHARTER 1798.

OFFICE OF THE

New York Mutual

INSURANCE COMPANY.

NO. 61 WILLIAM STREET.

New York, January 19, 1869.

This Company having been in successful Operation for over 70 years,

The Trustees submit the following statement of the affairs of the Company in conformity with the requirements of the Charter:

Outstanding Premiums to December 31, 1867, \$75,582 43
Premiums received since..... 279,232 02

Total..... \$354,815 45

No Policies have been issued upon Life Risks, nor upon Fire Risks, disconnected with Marine Risks.

Earned Premiums to January 1, 1869..... \$380,916 74

Losses and Expenses..... \$151,919 03

Return Premiums..... 19,389 35

The Company have the following Assets:

Cash in Banks..... \$37,461 50

United States Stocks..... 292,862 50

Bank, City and other Stocks..... 203,452 20

Loans on Stocks, and Cash due the Company..... 29,551 70

Real Estate, Bonds and Mortgages..... 92,000 00

Premium Notes and Bills Receivable..... \$654,831 20

Salvage, Re-insurance, Accrued Interest and other Claims due the Company..... 25,417 11

Insurance Scrip and Sundry Notes at estimated value..... 24,916 25

Total..... \$788,923 52

SIX PER CENT Interest on the outstanding Certificates of Profit will be paid on and after Tuesday the 9th day of February, 1869.

FORTY PER CENT DIVIDEND, and the United States Tax, is declared on the net earned premiums entitled thereto, for the year ending 31st December, 1868, for which certificates may be issued on and after the 1st day of May next.

THE OUTSTANDING CERTIFICATES OF PROFITS of the issue of 1859, and FIFTY PER CENT of the issue of 1860, will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the 9th day of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The Certificates to be presented at the time of payment and canceled to that extent.

By order of the Board.

W. P. HANSFORD, Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

Stewart Brown, Edward Kaepfe,
Stephen Johnson, Henry Oelrichs,
Arthur Leary, James R. Smith,
Henry Meyer, George Mosie,
Edward H. R. Lyman, Gustave H. Kiesel,
George Moke, Gerhard Janssen,
E. V. Thebaud, William Paxson,
Francis Hathaway, John H. Earle,
Lloyd Aspinwall, Francis Skidz,
E. P. Fabry, Charles Lamson,
JOHN H. LYEELL, President.
THEO. B. BLECKER, Jr., Vice-President.

For the convenience of its customers this Company have made arrangements to issue policies and certificates payable in London at the Banking House of Messrs. DENNISTOUN, CROSS & CO.

THE
NORTH BRITISH
AND
Mercantile Insurance Co
OF
LONDON AND EDINBURGH.

PAID UP CAPITAL AND ACCUMULATED FUNDS
\$14,044,635 31 IN GOLD.

UNITED STATES BRANCH OFFICE,
50 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

EZRA WHITE, Associate Managers
T. C. ALLYN,
CHAS. E. WHITE, Assistant Manager.

HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital and Surplus \$2,000,000.

GEO. M. COIT, Sec'y. GEO. L. CHASE, Pres't

PHOENIX FIRE INSURANCE CO.,
OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Capital and Surplus \$1,400,000.

D. W. C. SKILTON, Sec'y. H. KELLOGG, Pres

Losses promptly adjusted by the Agents here, and paid in current money.

WHITE, ALLYN & CO., Agents,
NO. 50 WILLIAM STREET.

Queen Fire Insurance Co

OF LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL..... \$2,000,000 Stg.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... 1,886,226

PAID UP CAPITAL AND SURPLUS..... \$1,432,840

Special Fund of \$200,000

Deposited in the Insurance Department at Albany.

UNITED STATES BRANCH, No. 117 BROADWAY, N. Y.

GEORGE ADLARD, Manager

WILLIAM H. ROSS, Secretary.

Boston Bankers.

Page, Richardson & Co.,
BANKERS,
70 State Street, Boston.

Bills of Exchange, and Commercial and Travelers' Credits issued on

The City Bank,
AND
Robert Benson & Co., } LONDON.
Munroe & Co., } PARIS.

Marcuard, Andre & Co., }
Circular Notes available for Travelers in all parts of Europe and the East.

Dupee, Beck & Sayles,
STOCK BROKERS,
NO. 22 STATE STREET, BOSTON.

JAMES A. DUPEE. JAMES BECK. HENRY SAYLES.

EVERETT & Co.,

28 State Street, Boston,
AGENTS FOR

AUGUSTINE HEARD & CO.,

OF CHINA AND JAPAN.

Advances made on consignments of approved merchandise.

Philadelphia Bankers.

AUSTIN & OBERGE,

313 WALNUT STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

Commission Stock Brokers.

BELL AUSTIN. CHAS. H. OBERGE

PHILADELPHIA

NOTES, DRAFTS, &C., &C.

COLLECTED AND REMITTED FOR ON DAY OF PAYMENT, BY THE

Union Banking Company

N. E. Cor. 4th & Chestnut Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA.

N. C. MUSSELMAN, President.

E. F. MOODY, Cashier.

All other BANKING BUSINESS IN PHILADELPHIA IN trusted to us will receive our prompt attention.

Southern Bankers.

WASHINGTON.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WASHINGTON.

H. D. COOKE (of Jay Cooke & Co.) President.
WM. S. HUNTINGTON, Cashier.

Government Depository and Financial Agent of the United States.

We buy and Sell all classes of

Government Securities

of the most favorable terms, and give especial attention to

Business connected with the several Department of the Government.

Full information with regard to Government Loans at all times cheerfully furnished.

LANCASTER & Co.,

BANKERS AND STOCK AND EXCHANGE BROKERS,

No. 1113 Main Street, Richmond, Va.

BROWN, LANCASTER & CO.,
No. 30 SOUTH STREET, BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

LANCASTER, BROWN & CO.,
No. 23 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK.

ROBT H. MAURY JAS. L. MAURY. ROBT T. BROOKE.

R. H. MAURY & Co.,

BANKERS & BROKERS,

No. 1014 MAIN ST. RICHMOND, VA.
Sterling Exchange, Gold and Silver, Bank Notes, State, City and Railroad Bonds and Stocks, &c., bought and sold on commission.

Deposits received and Collections made on all accessible points in the United States.

N. Y. Correspondent, VERMILYE & CO.

J. L. Levy & Salomon,

STOCK BROKERS AND EXCHANGE DEALERS,

28 CARONDELET ST. N. ORLEANS.

General Partners—J. L. LEVY; E. SALOMON, formerly of E. J. Hart & Co.

Partners in Commendum—E. J. HART; DAVID SAYMON, of New York.

Collections made on all points.

Western Bankers.

GILMORE, DUNLAP & Co.,

108 & 110 West Fourth Street.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Dealers in GOLD, SILVER and all kinds of

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

COLLECTIONS MADE at all accessible points and remitted for on day of payment.

CHECKS ON LONDON AND PARIS
FOR SALE

G. P. EMRICH, President. S. R. BONEWITZ, Cashier.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK

OF

WOOSTER, OHIO.

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Exchange, Gold, and Silver Coin and Government Securities.

Collections promptly made on all accessible points.

NEW YORK CORRESPONDENTS.
National Park Bank, Henry Clews & Co., Bankers.
Nat. Broadway Bank, Kidd, Pierce & Co., Bankers.
Importers & Traders National Bank.

ISAAC HARTER. G. D. HARTER. M. D. HARTER.

BANKING HOUSE OF

Isaac Harter & Sons,

CANTON, OHIO.

(ESTABLISHED 1854.)

Special Attention given to the collections of Banks, Bankers and Merchants.

THE

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK
of Chicago.

Capital.....\$500,000

H. F. EAMES, President. WM. H. FERRY, Vice-Pres.
M. D. BUCHANAN, Cashier. GEO. L. OTIS, Asst. Cash.

DIRECTORS.

H. F. Eames—Director of National City Bank of

Ottawa, Ill.

WM. H. FERRY—Director of First National Bank of

Utica, N. Y., and Chicago & Northwestern RR. Co.

Albert Keep—Director of Michigan Southern and

Northern Indiana RR. Co. and of Henry and Albert

Keep.

Alfred Cowles—Secretary and Treasurer and Director

of Chicago Tribune Co.

Henry W. King, of Henry W. King & Co.

N. O. Williams, of Fitch, Williams & Co.

H. Z. Culver, of Culver, Page & Co.

Henry H. Taylor, Farm Machinery Warehouse.

E. F. Pulsifer, of E. F. Pulsifer & Co.

Wm. H. Kretzinger, lumber merchant.

S. W. Ransom, manufacturer of boots and shoes.

Bacon Wheeler (retired).

L. A. BENOIST & Co.,

BANKERS,

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

Buy and Sell Exchange on all the principal cities of the United States and Canada. Also

Drafts on London and Paris for Sale.

P. HAYDEN. JOS. HUTCHESON. W. B. HAYDEN.

Hayden, Hutcheson & Co

BANKERS,

NO. 13 S. HIGH STREET,

COLUMBUS, OHIO.

Do General Banking, Collection, and Exchange Business.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK,

TITUSVILLE, PENN.,

Capital.....\$200,000

Deposited with U. S. Treasurer to secure Circulation

and Deposits 500,000.

G. C. HYDE, Cashier. CHAS. HYDE, Pres't.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE STATE
OF MISSOURI.

in St. Louis.

ESTABLISHED 1837.

Capital paid in.....\$3,410,300

This Bank, having reorganized as a National Bank, is now prepared to do a general banking business.

Government Securities, Coin, Gold Dust and Bullion bought and sold at current rates. Special attention given to collections throughout the West.

JAMES H. BRITTON, Pres. CHAS. K. DICKSON,

EDWARD P. CURTIS Cashier.

Bankers and Brokers.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF IDAHO

Boise City, I. T.

Organized March 11, 1867, (with circulation), under Act of Congress approved June 3, 1864.

CAPITAL, \$100,000. AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, \$500,000

B. M. DURELL, Pres. C. W. MOORE, Cashier.

New York Correspondent.—National Bank of North America.

Collections on the principal places in Idaho Territory promptly attended to. "Telegraph Transfer," Sight and Time Exchange, for Gold or Currency, can be purchased on this Bank, of National Bank North America, New York City; National Bank of Commerce, Boston, Mass.

NATIONAL

Life Insurance Company

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

WASHINGTON, D C

Chartered by Special Act of Congress.

CASH CAPITAL, \$1,000,000.

PAID IN FULL.

Branch Office:

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING;

PHILADELPHIA.

To which all general correspondence should be addressed.

Officers:

CLARENCE H. CLARK, President.

JAY COOKE, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.

HENRY D. COOKE, Vice-President.

EMERSON W. FEET, Secretary and Actuary.

This Company, National in its character, offers, by reason of its Large Capital, Low Rates of Premium and New Tables, the most desirable means of insuring Life yet presented to the public.

JAY COOKE & CO., 218 Broadway, New York.

General Agents for New York State and Northern New Jersey

Managers:

J. U. ORVIS D C WEITMAN

H. C. HARDY & SON,

No. 4 Wall Street, New York.

Execute orders at the New York Stock, Government and Gold Exchanges, in person, and transact a General Banking, Exchange, and Brokerage Business.

MUNROE & Co.,

AMERICAN BANKERS.

NO. 7 RUE SCRIBE, PARIS,

JOHN MUNROE & Co.,

NO. 8 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travellers in all parts of Europe, etc., etc. Exchange on Paris.

RIDER & CORTIS,

73 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Successors to

SAML. THOMPSON'S NEPHEW, AND ABM. BELI

SONS.

Sterling Exchange business. Drafts on England

Ireland and Scotland.

Bankers furnished with Sterling Bills of Exchange,

and through passage tickets from Europe to all parts of the United States.

SWAN & PAYSON,

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

50 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, BONDS and

GOLD, Bought and Sold on Commission.

OTIS B. SWAN. GEO. P. PAYSON, of the New

York Stock Exchange. WM. S. ALEXANDER, Jr.

White, DeFreitas &

Rathborne,

Bankers and Brokers, 17 Broad St.

Government Securities, Gold, Stocks and Bonds,

bought and sold exclusively on Commission at the

New York Stock Exchange.

Interest allowed on Deposits.

Refer to WM. H. COX, Esq., Cashier Mechanics

National Bank.

Financial.

WILLIAMS & GUION,
71 Wall Street, New York.
Gulon & Co., Alex. S. Petrie & Co.,
Liverpool. London.

Advances made on consignments to our Correspondents, and orders for the purchase of Merchandise, Stocks and Bonds, executed by Cable or Mail.
Travelers' and Commercial Credits issued, available in all parts of Europe, &c.

SOUTTER & Co.,

BANKERS,

No. 53 WILLIAM STREET, NEW YORK.

Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Governments, Bonds, Stocks, Gold, Commercial Paper, and all Negotiable Securities.

Interest allowed on Deposits subject to Sight Draft or Check.

Advances made on approved securities.
Special facilities for negotiating Commercial Paper.
Collects in both inland and foreign promptly made.
Foreign and Domestic Loans Negotiated.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & Co.,

BANKERS,

CORNER OF PINE AND NASSAU STS.,

CIRCULAR NOTES AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CREDIT.

For the use of Travelers abroad and in the United States, available in all the principal cities of the world; also,

COMMERCIAL CREDITS.
For use in Europe, east of the Cape of Good Hope West Indies South America, and the United States

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON AND PARIS.

SIGHT DRAFTS ON EDINBURGH & GLASGOW

STOCKS AND BONDS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

James G. King's Sons,

54 William Street.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELLERS.

Government and other Securities

Bought and sold at the Stock Exchange on usual Commission.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Draw Bills on City Bank of London.

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A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

REPRESENTING THE INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INTERESTS OF THE UNITED STATES.

VOL. 8.

SATURDAY, MAY 22, 1869.

NO. 204.

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The Chronicle.

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TABLE OF STATE SECURITIES.

Our usual table of City and State securities will be found on page 463 of this number of the CHRONICLE. We call particular attention to the fact, as we have received so many inquiries with regard to it of late. We are able to make room for this table only about once a month.

GOVERNMENT SALES OF GOLD.

Yesterday it was announced from Washington that, until otherwise ordered the Treasury would sell two millions of gold a week instead of one million as heretofore. The propriety and expediency of this announcement are discussed with some excitement of feeling, but of its immediate effects there can be no doubt. The further advance of gold was stopped and the price receded 2 or 3 per cent almost immediately. The rumor is that some of our merchants have strongly urged this policy on Mr. Boutwell and the President, and that the latter gave peremptory orders to have it adopted. Of course it is premature at present to offer any positive opinion about it. If two millions of gold are sold every week while only one million of bonds are bought, more than a million of greenbacks a week will be locked up in the Treasury. This absorption of greenbacks could scarcely fail to derange

and disturb the money market by rendering currency scarce. And this tendency would be liable to be increased by the payment of the revenue tax, which will shortly attract into the Treasury some fifty millions of greenbacks. The currency balance in the Treasury cannot be greatly increased without endangering the smooth working of the financial machinery. To avoid these dangers it seems inevitable that the Treasury shall buy two or three millions of bonds a week, or else shall in some other appropriate way increase its disbursements so as to deplete the vaults of their accumulating greenbacks. One method which has been proposed for this purpose is to allow the national banks to hold large government deposits. If the Treasury refrains from drawing on these institutions the expected spasm will, it is supposed, be avoided.

Such are some of the arguments to which this new policy of the Treasury has given rise. Without attempting to, unravel at present the intricate problem which they suggest, we may with propriety point out the anomalous position which they show our National Treasury to sustain towards the banks. These institutions it is well known do their business in such a way as to make a small amount of currency suffice for the payment of a large amount of debts. On the average one hundred millions of indebtedness is settled every morning in our Clearing House by the use of no more than three millions of currency. With the Treasury, however, it is far otherwise. Three millions of payments to the government can only be made by three millions of currency, that is it imposes more than thirty times as much pressure on the financial machinery to pay debts to the government as to pay them to business firms and private citizens.

This cumbrous and expensive method of making payments into the Treasury is peculiar to this country, and it would be tolerated nowhere else. In England and France no such trouble is experienced, although the annual transactions of their Treasuries are, at least, as large as our own. It would well repay the investigations of a competent person to trace out for us the precise methods by which the French and English fiscal payments are collected and disbursed, and the gradual improvements which each revenue system has received, till it has reached its present state of comparative perfection. When Mr. Wells the Special Commissioner of Revenue, was in Europe he perhaps obtained some valuable information on this subject. If so, it should at once be published for the information of Congress and of the public. If not, he should set about supplying the defect. During the next session of Congress these important questions will certainly be up for discussion. The problem how to enable our Government to do its business without disturbing the money market, and how to collect its dues and make its disbursements without aiding in the production of financial stringency is one, the urgency of which does not admit of delay.

We must not omit to call attention in this point of view to Mr. Van Dyck's admirable arrangements for the recent sales of gold and purchase of bonds. These transactions were commenced when the money market was in a highly sensitive and feverish state; and yet so well adjusted was the time and manner of payment for gold and bonds, that one set of transactions just "washed" the other, and not a ripple was produced on the surface of the money market and its fluctuating currents.

THE GOVERNMENT PURCHASES OF BONDS.

The most prominent feature of the administration of the finances under Mr. Boutwell, is the inauguration of the purchase of Government bonds in the open market. The Secretary has determined, apparently as a permanent policy, upon devoting the proceeds of the Treasury sales of gold to the purchase of the Five-Twenty obligations. We presume that, in doing this, he is satisfied there will be a surplus of revenue, beyond all probable contingencies, sufficient to enable him to undertake this operation. It is to be assumed that he is competent, from his position, to form a safe judgment as to the extent of his surplus means. Under the recent changes both in taxation and expenditure, it may appear, to ordinary observers, that there is some uncertainty as to how the revenues and disbursements of the Government will square with each other; the public, however, will be content to accept the Secretary's judgment on the matter. The current customs revenue is certainly unusually large, and will leave a heavy surplus of coin for conversion into currency. It is not improbable that the gold revenue for the current year may be close upon \$175,000,000, or fully \$50,000,000 in excess of the coin payments, equal to say \$67,500,000 currency. What proportion of this will be required to compensate for the deficiency of currency income, and what balance may be left for the purchase of bonds, remains to be seen. We presume, however, that Mr. Boutwell will promptly suspend his purchases of securities when he finds his funds are required for other purposes; and it is perhaps too much to expect that the selling of gold and the buying of bonds will be continued regularly the year round.

In considering then the policy of the present purchases of bonds, it should be remembered that the Secretary has on hand a surplus of revenue. The question is not whether the taxes should be reduced, or should be continued on the present scale for the purpose of paying off the Debt; but, circumstanced as the Secretary now is, with a large surplus of funds, and with authority to reduce the Debt, we do not see how he could do otherwise than employ his surplus in some manner calculated to improve the public credit and economize the expenditures.

The purchase of bonds is certainly calculated to secure both these objects. The spectacle of a country reducing one per cent annually of its Debt is something so uncommon in the financial history of nations, as to have a very direct tendency to enhance its credit. The taking in of bonds saves to the Government a high rate of interest for a succession of years; which, as an economy of expenses, also redounds to the public credit. There is room, however, for diversity of opinion as to whether the Secretary best employs his funds and secures the foregoing objects, by the purchase of Five-Twenties. It may be truly urged in favor of the selection of the Five-Twenty bonds that, in buying them, he makes the largest economy of interest; and that, by making them comparatively scarce and enhancing the price, he prepares the way for the ultimate conversion of this class of securities into obligations bearing a lower rate of interest; and this argument is the stronger because it involves, not only the largest

present saving of interest, but also an improvement of the prospect of an ultimate economy of interest upon nearly the whole of the gold-bearing Debt. So far, the Secretary's policy is supported by weighty and statesmanlike considerations.

It must, however, be allowed that there are certain features in the present position of the finances which go far toward counteracting these wholesome bearings of the Secretary's course. There are now outstanding \$410,000,000 of demand obligations; upon seven eighths of which payment is still suspended, while the remainder, consisting of Three per cent Certificates are liable to payment on presentation. At home, we have become so accustomed to financial derangements as to be comparatively insensible to the effect of this suspension, upon our currency obligations. In Europe, however, our credit is regulated to a very great extent by this consideration; and probably little benefit will result in foreign markets from our thus buying up our long obligations while nothing is being done to provide for the payment of our demand indebtedness. This difference in the estimate of Mr. Boutwell's policy at home and abroad will, in part, account for the fact that, since its adoption, Five-Twenties have advanced 6 per cent at New York, while they have actually declined 2 per cent in Europe. Of course, however, the fall in the foreign markets must be partly attributed to the action of the Bank of England, designed to discourage speculation in our securities. Unfortunately, this discrepancy in prices has induced a large advance in the gold premium; which became necessary to equalize the gold value of bonds at both points; incidentally, therefore, we have a very inconvenient and demoralizing result from the earlier purchases of bonds.

This condition of affairs suggests the inquiry, whether it would not be wise to suspend the purchases for a time. Besides, there are important reasons claiming the devotion of at least a portion of the Treasury surplus to the retiring of the 3 per cent Certificates. These obligations are in the nature of a temporary loan. They were issued less for the convenience of the Treasury than the banks, which suffered embarrassment from the sudden deprival of the Compound legal-tenders, and desired to have a temporary substitute which might afterward be gradually withdrawn. It is not supposable that this form of legal-tender reserve is to be permanent; and there seems to be no special reason why its gradual retirement should be undertaken hereafter rather than now. There are \$53,240,000 of these obligations outstanding, and principally in the hands of the banks, who can present them in any amount for payment on demand. This exposure of the Treasury balance to a sudden drain would be a matter of little importance were the balance kept, as formerly, at from \$25,000,000 to \$40,000,000; but it is a matter of settled policy with Mr. Boutwell to keep his currency balance at about one-third the former high figures, and, as a collateral policy, it seems necessary that he should guard himself against any heavy or sudden demand upon his resources. Desirable as the Certificates may be to the banks, as a reserve, yet in periods of severe monetary pressure they are apt to present them for redemption in large amounts. During October last \$7,000,000 were tendered for redemption, and in December \$2,725,000; and with a currency balance in the Treasury ranging, as of late, between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000, it appears necessary either that the Secretary should keep a larger currency reserve or that he should lessen his liability to demands from this source. It is true that Mr. Boutwell is provided, under section 3 of the Act of July 11, 1862, with a reserve of \$50,000,000 of United States Notes, which could be made available for paying off the Certificates; but, in the interest of conservative finance, it is high time this reserve were withdrawn, and the Treasury so managed as to obviate the necessity of ever touching a resource provided for a much more

critical condition of affairs than now exists. The retiring of these obligations, up to a certain limit, would involve no contraction of the currency; for the reduction of the currency in the hands of the Treasury has thrown a correspondingly increased amount of money into general circulation; and the retirement of Certificates to an extent corresponding to that reduction could therefore involve no disturbance of the equilibrium of the money market. Nor, again, is it to be overlooked that, so far as the Secretary might diminish the amount of these temporary obligations, he would remove one important obstacle to the resumption of specie payments; which would be an important step toward the improvement of the public credit. It is true, the Government has not the option of calling in these Certificates at its discretion; the Secretary has, however, the same right to purchase them that he has to buy any other obligation; for section 1 of the Act of July, 1862, provides that the Secretary of the Treasury "may purchase, at rates not exceeding that of the current market, and cost of purchase not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ of one per cent, any bonds or certificates of debt of the United States as he may deem advisable."

In some quarters, the authority of the Secretary to make purchases of bonds has been called in question; but, as it appears to us, upon very slender grounds. The Secretary has a double authorization for his action; first, under section 5 of the Act of Feb. 25th, 1862, which requires that the income from customs shall be devoted primarily to the payment of the coin interest upon the Debt, and next "to the purchase or payment of 1 per centum of the entire Debt of the United States, to be made within each fiscal year;" and, second, under the first section of the Act of July 11th, 1862, above quoted. The Sinking Fund provision of the former of these acts must be regarded as mandatory.

So long as the management of the finances was embarrassed by constantly maturing short obligations, or was attended with an increase of the Debt, the fulfilment of this law might perhaps be regarded as more punctilious than prudent; but now that the Debt is in a comparatively consolidated condition, there is no longer any valid excuse for neglecting the requirements of the Sinking Fund. There may be differences of opinion as to the principle of a sinking fund; and it may be regarded as a mistake that the management of the finances has been encumbered by such a provision; but arguments based upon such considerations can be of no force against Mr. Boutwell's carrying out this law. While the law exists, it must be enforced. It is, however, suggested that the terms of the Public Credit Bill, passed last session, virtually hold the Sinking Fund provision in abeyance, so long as the suspension of specie payments continues. This we take to be a total misconception. The chief, indeed sole, object of that bill was to assure the public creditors, and by so doing, to facilitate the ultimate reduction of the interest upon the Debt. The bill, therefore, requires that the Government shall not undertake the redemption of any of its bonds before maturity, unless it shall have resumed the payment of United States Notes in gold. This stipulation was designed not to prevent any reduction of the Debt previous to resumption, but to give double assurance of the payment of Five-Twenties in coin, by determining that there shall be no redemption of them until coin has again become the common currency. How, then, can a promise not to pay the bonds, otherwise than in coin, be construed into an intention not to fulfill a previous engagement to "purchase" them in the open market? Had the Public Credit Bill been designed to supersede the Sinking Fund, its framers could hardly have failed to include a repealing clause; but, so far from this, the spirit and object of both laws is the same, while there is not a word in the bill to prohibit the purchase of bonds. The Public Credit bill engages

that there shall be no compulsory payment of the bonds in a depreciated currency; the Sinking Fund law authorizes the Secretary to accept a voluntary surrender of the bonds, upon terms satisfactory to both parties; in what sense can the two laws be considered as opposed, or as nullifying each other?

THE BANK OF ENGLAND RATE OF INTEREST.

The city article of the London *Times*, of the 7th instant, gives an explanation of the motives for the advancing of the bank rate to $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, which has attracted much attention here, and has contributed to the rapid advance in the gold premium this week. The *Times* speaks with an air of positiveness which, whatever may have been its real occasion, is construed by many among us as warranting the supposition that its utterances are semi-official; and it is this inference alone which has given its statements any serious practical importance. The advance of the rate is attributed entirely to a desire on the part of the Bank directors to check the London speculation in American securities. Says the writer:

Whether the advance of the Bank rate to $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent will create pressure and distrust sufficient to check the ardor of those who are placing their money on these securities, is the point to be solved. All that can be positively known is, that if $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent will not suffice the movement will go on to the requisite point, whether that point be 5 per cent or 10 per cent. We cannot keep up the New York inflation beyond a certain range any more than we could perpetuate the London inflation of 1866.

It is difficult to determine what reliance is to be placed upon these confident assertions, and whether what is said to be "positively known," represents official inspiration or private opinion. Judging, however, from the remarks of other London journals upon the *Times*' article, it would appear that its announcement was received with much local distrust. The course of the Bank managers, since the advance of the 6th instant, has not been confirmatory of these vaticinations. The advance of the rate produced but a momentary pressure, which fell as heavily upon consols and legitimate discounts as upon Five-Twenties; and considering the advance in gold, our bonds have since been more than steady at London, while probably not less than \$7,500,000 have been sent there and to Frankfort, within the last two weeks. Moreover, a prominent banking house has failed here, with important connections in London and on the Continent; a fact calculated to excite distrust in New York credits. These facts show conclusively that the first turn of the Bank screw has failed to effect the object attributed to it by the *Times*; and as two weeks have elapsed, with a continuance of the bond movement and yet without a second "twist," there is good reason for doubting the accuracy of its version of the policy of the Bank.

The directors of the Bank of England have a weak conception of their mission and power if they imagine that they can exercise any permanent control over the present investment demand for our securities. The demand has been stimulated by a real improvement in the credit of our Government; and it indicates that there is a surplus of capital in England which selects this as the most desirable form of investment. It may be true that more than the usual amount of Five-Twenties is now being "carried" by London bankers; but this is no more than naturally results from the enlarged legitimate inquiry, and cannot be an element of sufficient magnitude to threaten the equilibrium of the London money market. When the legitimate investment demand ceases, the distrusted speculation will decline. Moreover, in the matter of this class of securities, the London market always has a safety valve in the Continental markets, which are at all times ready to take them when the former is over supplied. The interference of the Bank might force a certain amount of Five-Twenties from London to Frankfort, to the loss of the Exchange and the gain of the Bourse; but, only for a moment, could it check the natural outflow of our securities, or the speculation naturally attendant thereon. We scarcely think the Bank managers need to be taught these elementary lessons; although their apparently too-ready spokesman of the *Times* may.

HORSE RAILROADS.

We have obtained the following returns of the various horse railroads in the State of New York, showing their condition at the close of 1868, and their receipts, etc., during that year.

Name of Road.	Cost of road & equipment.	Capital stock paid in.	Total funded debt.	Total floating debt.	Length of road laid in miles.	Total numbr. of pass. carried in cars.	Payments for transp., repairs, & tenance.	Receipts from passeng's receipts.	Total receipts.	Payments for interest.	Payments for dividends.	Total payments.
Albany Railway.....	\$139,413	\$98,900	\$40,000	\$5,000	5.50	991,810	\$62,048	\$55,799	\$64,911	\$2,950	\$.....	\$64,999
Flecker street and Fulton F. Ry...	1,747,127	900,000	694,000	40,713	9.00	4,976,876	250,806	297,844	302,565	51,631	.....	\$92,437
Broadway (Brooklyn).....	277,169	200,000	95,000	29,097	5.35	1,894,442	89,349	109,042	115,172	3,250	16,000	138,274
Brooklyn, Bath and Coney Island ..	522,894	2,100,000	1,600,000	.....	8.00	11,077,544	479,738	643,227	664,032	113,410	.....	671,503
Brooklyn City.....	126,538	.....	80,000	7,538	7.00	131,937	25,900	24,264	24,571	.....	.....	25,500
Brooklyn City and Newtown.....	1,840,954	1,500,000	300,000	.....	36.00	21,964,641	913,371	1,164,203	1,197,303	24,671	180,000	1,174,407
Brooklyn and Rockaway Beach.....	569,630	400,000	300,000	14,371	5.50	2,065,504	101,002	113,775	120,424	8,791	.....	109,793
Brooklyn and Rockaway Beach.....	201,757	144,000	45,000	2,800	3.50	124,184	10,438	13,603	20,621	3,150	.....	13,588
Buffalo street.....	131,908	50,000	186,000	109,500	8.81	1,800,486	79,555	99,734	99,734	4,089	.....	84,344
Bushwick.....	264,982	262,200	2,000	5,040	2.73	342,955	17,463	20,379	20,508	.....	.....	20,435
Central City.....	29,757	21,150	5,000	.....	1.62	357,474	14,547	18,451	18,644	486	.....	16,194
Central Park, North and East River	1,627,030	1,005,200	626,000	33,644	24.00	8,222,658	494,170	499,360	512,962	29,360	.....	588,640
Coney Island and Brooklyn.....	645,924	500,000	218,000	19,588	10.20	1,550,383	139,685	118,351	121,637	12,053	.....	219,027
Dry Dock, E. Broadway & Battery.	772,502	1,300,000	700,000	.....	10.73	12,908,221	633,269	654,668	669,173	40,319	.....	644,275
Eighth Avenue.....	1,455,161	1,000,000	203,000	.....	10.00	12,982,352	614,400	778,941	804,791	9,815	120,000	744,215
Forty-Second st. & Grand st. Ferry	1,041,204	748,000	260,000	.....	5.12	5,582,869	256,117	334,972	341,780	18,200	74,800	349,117
Genesee and Water street.....	54,199	42,500	9,000	400	3.00	154,321	7,742	8,332	10,359	.....	.....	7,742
Grand street and Newtown.....	200,000	170,000	20,000	.....	3.00	1,202,659	67,543	71,498	72,870	2,775	.....	80,974
Harlem B., Morrisania & Fordham.	239,063	113,230	130,000	2,500	5.00	598,696	68,669	62,908	68,767	5,896	.....	87,629
King-on and Rondout.....	78,988	75,000	.....	.....	3.35	208,089	18,801	17,535	22,970	83	2,500	21,354
North Avenue.....	468,322	797,330	167,000	.....	6.10	1,522,243	95,353	91,324	95,347	11,800	.....	106,453
Rooster City and Brighton.....	70,393	59,000	15,000	.....	9.00	504,746	20,200	20,384	21,489	412	.....	21,482
Second Avenue.....	1,452,392	800,000	700,000	170,962	8.00	8,452,998	440,960	507,179	512,665	78,270	.....	499,281
Sixth Avenue.....	1,786,976	750,000	250,000	.....	4.00	10,008,036	600,061	601,182	625,340	15,764	75,000	690,825
Syracuse and Geddes.....	25,978	25,000	25,000	.....	2.00	261,538	8,599	13,600	14,380	1,760	1,000	18,539
Syracuse and Onondaga.....	31,000	31,000	.....	.....	1.88	157,685	5,282	7,884	.....	.....	1,500	6,882
Third Avenue.....	2,745,277	1,170,000	1,800,000	50,000	8.00	22,000,000	922,292	1,239,296	1,457,424	100,451	140,400	1,457,424
Troy and Albany.....	77,463	44,700	20,000	13,973	3.14	224,823	17,689	16,311	16,849	1,259	.....	19,368
Troy and Lansingburgh.....	353,967	350,000	100,000	61,035	9.26	2,261,438	161,916	162,632	151,581	14,546	.....	184,099
Utica, Clinton and Binghamton.....	305,827	121,400	20,000	1,300	13.00	718,273	43,900	72,217	80,268	13,283	.....	76,283
Van Brunt st. and Erie Basin.....	87,000	75,000	13,000	1,612	1.25	443,121	13,659	17,730	17,924	702	2,000	18,769
Watervliet Turnpike & Railroad Co.	297,144	240,000	131,000	4,000	7.25	1,279,553	86,202	110,746	117,592	9,579	9,600	108,382

* Road sold on foreclosure of mortgage to C. Godfrey Gunther.

† Includes amount paid for Niagara st. Railroad.

‡ Formerly Utica and Waterville

THE ALABAMA QUESTION HERE AND IN ENGLAND.

It is reported that it was a singular letter of Professor Goldwin Smith, to an English journal, which gave the first impulse to the downward movement in United States securities abroad last week, and the same letter has evidently given rise to much of the excitement which appears in the English journals. We fear Mr. Smith was the victim of some Yankee's practical jokes, for certainly when he writes that the wrath of our people makes it inexpedient for Englishmen to emigrate to this country, he may alarm the English, but he only makes people here laugh.

If an Englishman were to inquire here, diligently, among all classes of the community in town and country, as to the state of feeling on the Alabama question, he would discover that, the treaty having been rejected, there is absolutely no feeling about it. There is no doubt that Mr. Reverdy Johnson's treaty was distasteful to the American people; they were not willing to submit to arbitration, in the manner they understood that treaty to propose, the question whether we had suffered wrong at the hands of Great Britain during the late war. That question they believe is not open to argument. Nor were they content with an arrangement which lumped the Alabama claims with the claims, well or ill-founded, of British blockade runners and other vermin of that kind.

But the treaty being rejected, they would have forgotten the question before now had not Mr. Sumner's speech created such intense, and to us here amusing excitement in England. As to the Sumner speech, we doubt if one voter in fifty thousand has read it. It was delivered in secret session of the Senate; it was not printed until after its object—the rejection of the treaty—was accomplished; it was very long, and our people do not read long speeches.

Those who did read it regarded it, so far as we have heard, chiefly as a curiosity. Mr. Sumner has long been known here as the strong friend of England and Englishmen. It is pretty generally understood that he knows more English public men than any other of our politicians; that he keeps up a pretty lively correspondence with such men; and it is believed that he is especially averse to any trouble between England and this country. People who read his speech were therefore amazed to find him presenting so strong a case against England; if he had made a speech for the treaty no one would have been surprised.

But an enquiring Englishman would seek in vain here for

any one who adopts Mr. Sumner's speech as a basis of settlement. He would find plenty of people who relish the speech as a rather good joke of the Senator's; and a good many more who are vexed that he should have muddled the matter, by a pretence of "constructive damages."

And if the Englishman enquired further, he would find it to be the very general, and, indeed, almost universal opinion of our people, that we need not trouble ourselves about the Alabama claims; that the precedent set by the British Government during our late war is so embarrassing now to Great Britain that she can afford to pay any reasonable bill of damages rather than remain open to such a retort as we could and undoubtedly would make if she should go to war with any other nation; and that, England being thus caught in her own trap, we may as well let her get out of it as best she can. "If the English want to settle the Alabama claims let them send over a minister, with power to do so. Why should we be running over there with our hats off and our little bill in our hands? We are not pinched;" that is what the average American says. That does not mean war, as the English journals are apparently trying to persuade their readers; it means that Brother Jonathan sees his cousin John Bull in what he would call an "ugly fix," and he enjoys Mr. Bull's embarrassment, and does not mean to help him out of it.

That is the whole of the Alabama question on this side. Nobody here expects a war with England, not only that, nobody here wants a war with England; but one thing is very certain,—if England gets into a war with another country before she settles the question, not all the proclamations which the President could issue, nor all the navy to back them, could prevent the fitting out here of privateers, to retort upon the commerce of Great Britain what she suffered her ships and seamen to inflict upon ours.

As to the terms of settlement, it would be well for English statesmen to remember that the United States are committed, by every tradition and precedent to any plan which will totally abolish, not merely privateering, but also the capture of private property at sea by armed vessels of any kind. From the days of Franklin to this time, we have been ready at all times to agree with all the great nations to make private property sacred on the high seas. Our envoys made that proposition at the last Paris Conference upon international maritime regulations, and it was rejected. We do not doubt that our gov-

ernment would agree to such a law now; but, of course, we should expect that England, making such an agreement, would acknowledge that in the late war she wronged and outraged us, and pay our shipowners for the losses which her ill-conduct inflicted upon them.

CHANGES IN THE REDEEMING AGENTS OF NATIONAL BANKS.

The following are the changes in the Redeeming Agents of National Banks for the week ending May 20, 1869. These weekly changes are furnished by, and published in accordance with an arrangement made with the Comptroller of the Currency.

LOCATION.	NAME OF BANK.	REDEEMING AGENT.
Vermont.	The Northfield National Bank.....	The National Park Bank of New York, approved in addition to The First National Bank of Boston.
New York.	The National Exchange Bank.....	The Albany City National Bank, of Albany, approved in addition to The National Park Bank of New York.
Auburn.	The First National Bank of Cambridge City.....	The Ocean National Bank of New York, approved in addition to The First National Bank of Cincinnati.

Latest Monetary and Commercial English News

RATES OF EXCHANGE AT LONDON, AND ON LONDON AT LATEST DATES.

EXCHANGE AT LONDON—MAY 7.			EXCHANGE ON LONDON.		
ON—	TIME.	RATE.	LATEST DATE.	TIME.	RATE.
Amsterdam ..	short.	12. 2 @ 12. 2½	May 7.	short.	12 07 @ —
Antwerp ..	3 months.	35.42½ @ 35.47½	May 7.	short.	25.22½ @ —
Hamburg ..	"	13.12½ @ 13.13½	May 7.	short.	13. 9½ @ —
Paris ..	"	25.35 @ 25.42½	May 7.	short.	25.17½ @ —
Vienna ..	3 months.	25.17½ @ 25.27½	May 7.	3 mos.	25.19 @ —
Berlin ..	"	12.65 @ 12.70	May 7.	3 mos.	123.10 @ —
Frankfort ..	"	6.28½ @ 6.39	May 7.	3 mos.	6.24½ @ —
Cadiz ..	90 days.	1.21½ @ 1.22½	May 7.	3 mos.	120. @ —
Lisbon ..	"	49 @ 49½	April 27.	90 days.	50.45 @ —
Milan ..	3 months.	52 @ 52½	May 1.	90 days.	53.½ @ —
Genoa ..	"	25.60 @ 25.65			
Naples ..	"	26.60 @ 26.65			
New York ..	"	26.6½ @ 26.65	May 7.	60 days.	109 @ —
Jamaica ..	"	—	April 9.	90 days.	1 p. c. pm.
Havana ..	"	—	May 7.	60 days.	13½ @ —
Rio de Janeiro ..	"	—	April 7.	"	18½ @ —
Bahia ..	"	—	April 12.	"	18½ @ —
Valparaiso ..	"	—	March 16.	"	46½ @ —
Pernambuco ..	"	—	April 14.	"	18½ @ —
Singapore ..	60 days.	4s 4d	April 26.	6 mos.	4s. 6½d. @ —
Hong Kong ..	"	4s 4d	April 19.	"	4s. 6½d. @ —
Ceylon ..	"	1 p. c. dis.	April 6.	"	3 p. c. dis.
Bombay ..	"	1s 11½d. @ ..	May 4.	"	2s. 0d.
Madras ..	"	1s 11½d. @ ..	April 5.	"	2s. ½d.
Calcutta ..	"	1s 11½d. @ ..	May 5.	"	2s. 3-16d.
Sydney ..	30 days.	½ p. c. dis.	Feb. 26.	30 days.	1 p. c. pm.

[From our own Correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, May 8, 1869.

In a financial point of view, the past week has been one of great excitement. On Wednesday the demand for money became very strong, and no bills were taken under the Bank *minimum* of 4 per cent. On Thursday the directors advanced their rates of discount to the *minimum* of 4½ per cent, and the Bank return shows that they were not only fully justified in pursuing such a course, but that an advance to 5 per cent would have been a more prudent course to adopt. The reserve of the Bank is now only £6,504,995, against £11,948,107 last year, while the stock of bullion has been reduced from £20,402,992 to £16,582,068. This state of things has caused an uneasy feeling to prevail, and as the altered position of affairs is due to the heavy speculation in foreign securities, there has been quite a panic and also a very heavy fall in prices in the Stock Exchange.

In addition, however, to the recent foreign loans and to the demand for Five-Twenties, there has been undoubtedly an improvement in the state of business during the last few months. The readiness with which Five-Twenty bonds have been taken on this side has enabled the Americans to make more extensive purchases of us, and the home trade has also been facilitated and increased by the more abundant wheat crop and by the cheapness of bread. The clearing-house returns of the 4th of the month for the current year show a total clearing of £70,177,000, against £68,253,000 in the same period last year, being an increase of nearly £2,000,000. During the twelve months ending with Wednesday last, the total passing through the clearing house was as much as £3,534,039,000, against £3,257,000,000 in the previous twelve months, showing an increase of about £270,000,000. The clearances of the 4th were £161,861,000, against £147,113,000; and on the 24th, Stock Exchange settling days, they were £550,622,000, against £444,430,000. Since Thursday money has been very tight, and it is fully expected that the Bank *minimum* will be shortly raised to 5 per cent. In the open market the charges for the best descriptions of short-dated paper is 4½, and, consequently, the pressure upon the Bank is very strong. A heavy fall having taken place in the value of foreign securities, the banks are extremely cautious in the

advances they make. The following are the present quotations for money, compared with those of last year :

	1868.	1869.		1868.	1869.
Bank minimum....	2	4½	4 months, ba'k bills 3	@	5 @
Open-market rates:			6 months' ba'k bills 3	@	5 @
30 and 60 days' bills 2	@ 2½	4½ @	4 and 6 trade bills..	3½ @	5 @
3 months, bills.....	2½ @ 2½	4½ @ 5			

The rates of interest allowed by the joint stock banks and discount houses for deposits are as follows :

	'68.	'69.		'68.	'69.
Joint stock banks.....	1	3½	Discount houses, 7 days notice.	1½	3½
Discount houses, at call.....	1	3½	do	1½	4

Money on the Continent is firm, with an upward tendency in the quotations. The following are the rates at the leading cities :

	'B'k rate—	'Op. m'kt—		'B'k rate—	'Op. m'kt—
	1868. 1869.	1868. 1869.		1868. 1869.	1868. 1869.
At Paris	2½ 2½	1½-2 2½-2½	Turin	5	5
Vienna ...	4 4	4 4	Brussels ..	2½	2½-3 2½-3
Berlin	4 4	2½-3 3½	Madrid ...	5	—
Frankfort. 2½	3½	1½-2 3½	Hamburg ..	—	1½ 4½
Amst'rd'm 2½	3	2½ 2½	St. Pet'g. 7	6½	7½ 6-6½

The following statement shows the present position of the Bank of England, compared with the state of its resources at this date since 1865. It also exhibits the *minimum* rate of discount, the price of Consols, wheat, middling Upland cotton, and No. 40 mule yarn at this date since 1865:

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.
Circulation	21,701,380	22,506,660	23,604,808	24,027,015	24,005,565
Public deposits.....	7,349,114	6,781,827	7,406,357	8,128,327	8,116,802
Private deposits	13,709,032	13,515,537	17,535,100	20,309,045	15,927,757
Government securities	10,984,441	10,894,254	12,836,314	12,277,696	14,020,798
Other securities	20,068,537	20,844,217	19,230,896	19,238,040	17,582,382
Reserve	8,278,227	5,811,745	10,983,547	11,948,107	6,504,995
Coin and bullion	14,892,102	13,166,140	19,130,357	20,402,992	16,582,068
Bank rate	4½ p. c.	3 p. c.	3 p. c.	2 p. c.	4½ p. c.
Consols	90½	92½	92½	93½	93½
Price of wheat	39s. 10d.	45s. 9d.	63s. 10d.	74s. 3d.	44s. 9d.
Mid. Upland cotton ..	14d.	12½d.	11d.	12½d.	11½d.
40 mule yarn, fair 2d quality.....	1s. 8½d.	1s. 8d.	1s. 5d.	1s. 4d.	1s. 2½d.

In consequence of the rise in the price of money here, the exchanges are much better; but it is questionable if, with the excitement which prevails, the demand for sterling bills fr. m. abroad will be increased to any extent.

The Stock Exchange markets have been panic struck, and the excitement is more intense to-day than on Thursday or Friday. American securities have suffered heavily, and have fallen about 2 per cent. Egyptian 7 per cents, which were 75½ to 76 on Monday last have been dealt in to-day at 73½. Brazilian 5 per cents have fallen from 80 to 77½; Mexican 3 per cents from 14 to 11½; Peruvian 5 per cents, 1865, from 77 to 74; Portuguese 3 per cents from 35 to 32½; Russian 5 per cents, 1866, from 89 to 88½; Spanish 3 per cents, 1867, fr. m. 28 to 27; Turkish 6 per cents 1865, from 66½ to 61; Turkish 5 per cents from 42½ to 40½, and Italian 5 per cents from 56½ to 55. The highest and lowest prices of Consols and the principal American securities on each day of the week are subjoined :

	May 8.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wed'day.	Thu'day.	Friday.	Sat'day
Consols	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
U. S. 5-20's, 1882 ..	80	-80½	79½-79½	79½-80½	79½-79½	78	-79½
U. S. 5-20's, 18-5 ..	78	-78½	77½-77½	77½-77½	77½-77½	76	-77½
U. S. 5-30's, 1887 ..	78½-79½	78	-78½	78½-78½	78	—	77½-78½
U. S. 10-4's, 1904 ..	72½-73½	72	-72½	72½-72½	71½-72	70½-71½	68½-69½
Atlantic & G't West.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
consol'd mort. b'ds	24½-26	24½-26	24	-25½	24½-25	24	-25
Erie Shares (\$100) ..	19	-20	19	-19½	19½-19½	19	-19½
Illinois shares (\$100)	98	-99	98	-98½	98	—	97½-98

It is understood that the charge for messages to New York on and after the 1st of June will be £2 for every ten words or under, and 4s for every additional word. The address will have to be paid for.

Although much inactivity still prevails, the markets for cereal produce are attracting more attention, and, so far as wheat is concerned prices have had an upward tendency. At Liverpool, this week, wheat has realized an improvement in value of 2d. to 3d. per cental; and in other parts of the country a slight advance has also taken place. I mentioned in my last letter that our imports in April were about 1,200,000 cwt. less than they were in the corresponding month last year; that the present crop of English wheat has been about ten months under consumption; and that three months have yet to elapse before, in the ordinary course of things we can expect any considerable supplies of new home-grown produce at market. The early period at which the last crop was gathered in was a manifest advantage to us at the time. Our supplies of home grown wheat at the close of June last year was not only small, but they were also of very poor quality, and, consequently the harvesting of the wheat crop a month earlier than usual was a month's gain to us. Prices declined much earlier than was expected, and the necessity was avoided of purchasing considerable supplies of foreign produce at a high price. Now, however, we are beginning to feel the effects of last year's early harvest. The supply of wheat in the hands of the farmers has naturally been very largely diminished, while the uninterrupted fall in prices since last July has checked a free importation of produce from abroad. The diminution, however,

up to the present time does not exceed 5,350,000 cwt., which, taking into consideration our large crop, cannot by any means be looked upon as serious. On the other hand, it may be considered as somewhat remarkable that, with constantly drooping prices on this side, our importations have been so well maintained. Latterly, however, that is to say, during the last six weeks, the diminution in our importations has been greater than at any former period during the current season, and just at the time when our stocks of home-grown produce are becoming considerably reduced. In consequence of these facts there is more steadiness in the trade, and there is some belief in rather higher prices. No great improvement however is expected to take place so long as the harvest prospect is so good. There is no doubt that sufficient remains of the last crop to meet our consumption until next harvest, even with a moderate importation from abroad, and, consequently, if the agricultural prospect continues favorable, millers will not be inclined to buy in excess of their actual wants.

The failure in the corn trade, to which allusion was made last week, has led some to infer that more than one firm is in an embarrassed condition. That or the importation of feeding stuffs, such as grinding barley, oats, beans, peas, and Indian corn, there has latterly been a heavy loss is evident. But it must be borne in mind that the Greeks, on whom much of the loss will fall, have of late years made large sums of money in their operations in cereal produce, and that if they have deceived themselves with regard to the price of Spring corn, and have been losers by the error they have committed, they are fully capable of, meeting all the engagements they have entered into. Very probably the importers have been unprepared for so large an importation, and it is also likely that they omitted from their calculations the fact that the diminished supply of stock and the mildness of the Winter had both very considerably reduced the requirements of the farmers and graziers for feeding stuffs. The drought of last Summer necessitated the destruction of a large quantity of stock, or what may be considered as equivalent, it compelled the farmers and graziers to forward much of their stock to market long before it was fully matured. Many animals were sent to market in July, which, in the ordinary course of affairs, would not have been ready before December, January, or February, and, consequently, the requirements of the grazier for feeding stuffs were much reduced. This is now telling seriously upon the trade for butchers' meat, all descriptions being at a very high price. Throughout the Winter there was also a good supply of grass in the pastures, and this again caused less demand for foreign food.

The following return shows the prices of cereal produce at three periods in the current season, viz: when new produce commenced to arrive freely at market, when Spring corn was at its highest point, and, lastly, during the present week. The downward movement in wheat has been uninterrupted, and it is believed that, as it was fully anticipated, no losses have been incurred, so much caution having been exercised throughout the season. Barley and oats, however, advanced to a high point by the commencement of November, but from that period a somewhat rapid downward movement set in, and the result has been that prices have declined (as in the case of foreign feeding barley) as much as 1s. per quarter, or about 30 per cent. Beans have declined from 1s. to 15s.; peas, 3s. to 8s.; and Indian corn 8s. to 9s. per quarter:

	Aug. 3, 1868. Per quarter.	Nov. 2, 1868. Per quarter.	May 3, 1869. Per quarter.
Wheat:			
English red.....	56@58s.	52@54s.	43@44s.
English white.....	58@61s.	55@59s.	46@48s.
Foreign red.....	56@62s.	47@51s.	42@46s.
Foreign white.....	60@65s.	54@63s.	46@53s.
Barley:			
English malting.....	34@44s.	37@54s.	29@47s.
English grinding.....	32@31s.	35@38s.	26@29s.
Foreign grinding.....	30@32s.	33@36s.	21@23s.
Oats:			
English feed.....	26@63s.	28@35s.	25@30s.
Foreign feed.....	23@23s.	26@29s.	19@21s.
Peas:			
English.....	44@59s.	45@58s.	33@43s.
Foreign.....	44@48s.	41@48s.	33@38s.
Indian Corn:			
White.....	39@43s.	35@38s.	29@30s.
Yellow.....	39@42s.	36@37s.	27@28s.
Flour:			
Town made.....	42@54s.	43@47s.	38@43s.
Country.....	42@52s.	35@41s.	29@35s.
French.....	50@53s.	43@44s.	33@36s.
American.....	Per barrel	Per barrel.	Per barrel.
	29@25s.	25@30s.	23@27s.

During the past three months of the current year our imports of wheat into the United Kingdom were 1,400,000 cwt. less than they were in the corresponding period in 1868. The more important feature in the return is the diminution of about 1,000,000 cwt. in our receipts from Egypt. The following are the chief particulars of our imports of wheat and flour in the first three months of the present and last two years:

	1866.	1867.	1868.
Russia.....cwt.	2,789,245	2,375,473	2,565,526
France.....	901,117	604,139	915,376
France, Croatia and Dalmatia.....	234,073	11,122	94,300
Turkey, Moldavia & Wallachia.....	577,918	1,353,146	571,466
Egypt.....	10,954	1,241,352	200,135
United States.....	508,244	1,868,119	1,971,265
Total, including other countries.....	6,031,532	8,465,521	7,036,015
Flour.....			
Hanse Towns.....	129,052	152,805	173,879
France.....	315,182	186,838	479,665
United States.....	59,560	201,702	197,601
Total, including other countries.....	885,183	773,367	1,144,282

Annexed is a statement showing the imports and exports of wheat and flour, into and from the United Kingdom, from September 1 to the close of last week:

	1867-8.	1868-9.	1867-8.	1868-9.
From—				
Sept. 1 to May 1.....cwt.	24,816,560	19,373,281	665,610	134,595
Flour.....				
Sept. 1 to May 27.....	2,366,112	2,758,783	88,365	23,148

Annexed is an approximate statement of the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom in April and in four months. This year's April statement embraces a period of 23 days; but that of the previous three years, 30 days:

	1865.	1866.	1867.	1868.
Wheat.....cwt.	1,511,460	3,230,018	3,095,369	1,836,741
Barley.....	862,874	589,184	508,233	480,527
Oats.....	543,669	781,581	746,027	419,157
Peas.....	94,712	72,421	33,002	86,416
Beans.....	52,391	134,464	145,952	106,952
Indian corn.....	735,702	975,614	892,270	986,006
Flour.....	488,893	245,220	245,365	304,873
Imports in four months.....				
Wheat.....	7,183,508	9,291,870	11,560,890	8,892,752
Barley.....	2,608,425	2,725,840	1,793,431	4,129,124
Oats.....	1,757,571	2,411,698	1,999,965	1,638,433
Peas.....	209,867	385,423	262,310	253,919
Beans.....	119,635	650,611	624,259	723,336
Indian corn.....	4,074,576	2,285,401	3,194,557	4,868,886
Flour.....	2,344,408	1,133,463	1,021,735	1,449,153

Business during the present week in the manufacturing districts has been extremely quiet. There has, however, been a fair amount of buying on the part of the United States; but, with few exceptions, the greatest caution has been observed, and but few purchases have been made in excess of actual requirements. Cotton is lower in price, owing to the augmented shipments from American and Indian ports; but it is stated that the shipments during May and June will be very small. The trade demand is very quiet, and at Manchester, although there has been no pressure to sell, buyers have refrained from operating largely, except at some concession in prices on the part of producers.

The following return shows the extent of our exports of the principal cotton, linen, silk, and woolen goods to the United States and France during the first three months of the present and last two years:

	1867.	1868.	1869.
Cotton piece goods.....yds.	44,144,818	33,730,098	44,714,342
Cotton yarn.....lbs.	402,946	483,722	455,703
Linen piece goods.....yds.	29,449,010	20,773,444	31,286,942
Linen thread.....lbs.	400,901	240,281	213,745
Silk piece goods.....yds.	196,905	120,369	157,617
Woolen cloth.....yds.	2,055,695	1,512,652	1,356,653
Carpets and druggists.....yds.	1,528,291	855,544	1,537,601
Worsted stuffs.....yds.	16,768,185	19,952,440	24,799,560
Total.....	94,946,722	77,684,553	104,532,468
TO FRANCE.....			
Cotton yarn.....lbs.	921,138	1,050,743	344,884
Cotton piece goods.....yds.	13,193,797	8,103,488	11,541,506
Cotton thread.....lbs.	24,979	51,053	24,711
Linen yarn.....lbs.	1,618,729	644,099	982,075
Linen piece goods.....yds.	1,459,589	950,919	1,065,817
Silk piece goods.....yds.	611	3,466	5,569
Woolen yarn.....lbs.	481,659	1,931,737	923,219
Woolen cloth.....yds.	2,080,598	691,734	469,505
Carpets and druggists.....yds.	76,923	94,932	115,393
Worsted stuffs.....yds.	6,547,546	4,422,407	4,360,561
Total.....	26,355,519	17,937,579	19,831,851

The public sales of Colonial wool were commenced this evening. The arrivals comprise 41,368 bales from New South Wales; 112,207, Victoria; 8,075, Van Dieman's Land; 20,358, Adelaide; 21,933, New Zealand; 3,320, Swan River, and 32,090 bales from the Cape of Good Hope. The biddings have ruled heavy. Australian wool has, in some instances, declined $\frac{1}{4}$ d. and Cape $\frac{1}{4}$ d. per lb. as compared with March last. The foreign demand is only moderate.

Our imports of wool this year have been very large, more especially from Australia. They were as follows during the first three months of the present and last two years:

	1867.	1868.	1869.
From Continent.....lbs.	2,892,253	1,410,705	5,073,607
Cape.....	5,471,560	5,087,928	6,504,193
British India.....	1,523,543	3,126,123	1,960,082
Australia.....	16,856,581	11,454,298	34,546,516
Other countries.....	5,981,863	2,581,452	3,484,296
Total.....	32,676,180	23,660,506	51,575,694

—while the exports have been as under:

COLONIAL.			
	1867.	1868.	1869.
To Hanse Towns.....lbs.	893,743	2,615,474	2,711,400
Belgium.....	1,974,891	4,759,384	3,693,194
France.....	6,751,565	9,973,672	11,539,396
United States.....	80,372	29,416	58,136
Other countries.....	481,956	639,685	1,717,197
Total.....	10,182,527	18,017,635	19,731,233
FOREIGN.			
	1867.	1868.	1869.
To Hanse Towns.....lbs.	216,443	113,625	254,128
Belgium.....	829,408	759,090	46,037
France.....	539,461	75,278	1,966,981
United States.....	718,675	321,356	107,758
Other countries.....	189,370	301,045	107,758
Total.....	2,403,357	1,469,934	2,374,924
HOME GROWN.			
	1867.	1868.	1869.
To Hanse Towns.....lbs.	615,063	454,821	316,501
Belgium.....	265,426	376,597	298,111
France.....	276,391	1,377,927	364,277
United States.....	8,314	33,781	943,371
Other countries.....	281,751	318,145	255,840
Total.....	1,446,945	2,651,271	2,908,100

As regards the exports of woolen goods, the following are the particulars for the three months:

	1867.	1868.	1869.
Yarns, lbs.....	8,185,365	11,833,629	9,027,390
Cloth, yds.....	8,400,929	6,101,674	6,350,852
Flannels, yds.....	1,330,067	1,240,600	1,407,719
Blankets, yds.....	750,538	714,286	1,637,685
Blanketing and baizes, yds.....	437,756	208,296	239,242
Carpets and druggings.....	2,019,405	1,549,319	2,194,333
Shawls, rugs, &c., num.....	171,238	116,945	179,888
Worsted stuffs, yds.....	54,778,453	51,463,314	63,462,822

English Market Reports—Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations in the markets of London and Liverpool for the past week, have been reported by submarine telegraph as shown in the following summary:

London Money and Stock Market.—The market was interrupted early in the week by the occurrence of the Whitsuntide holidays, which caused a total suspension of business on Monday. Later in the week Consols ruled better, and at higher figures, closing to night at 93½ for money and 92½ for the account. American Securities have generally been depressed, consequent on the high price of gold ruling at New York. The market closed quiet at the figures below. Bonds at Frankfurt have ruled quiet, attributed also to the same reason given above.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Consols for money.....	92½	92½	92½	92½	92½	92½
“ for account.....	92½	92½	92½	92½	92½	92½
U. S. 6's (5 20's) 1862.....	78½	Holi.	78½	78½	78½	78½
Illinois Central shares.....	96	Holi.	96½	96½	96	94½
Erie Railway shares.....	20½	Holi.	19½	19½	18½	19½
Atl. & G. W. (consols).....	25½	Holi.	25½	25½	25½	25½

The daily closing quotations for U. S. 6's (1862) at Frankfurt were—
Frankfurt..... 86½ 81½ 85 81½-½ 84½-½

Liverpool Cotton Market.—See special report of cotton.

Liverpool Breadstuffs Market.—There was very little doing in this market during the earlier part of the week, business being wholly suspended on Monday, and partially so during the two or three following days, on account of the holidays referred to above. The market closed a little firmer for wheat and corn, and prices slightly advanced.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Flour, (Western).....p. bbl	21 6	21 6	21 3	21 3	21 0	21 6
Wheat (No. 2 Mil. Red) p. ctl	8 7	8 7	8 7	8 6	8 6	8 7
“ (California white).....	9 4	Holi.	9 4	9 4	9 4	9 5
Corn (W. m. x) d. p. 480 lbs n/w	26 0	26 0	26 0	26 0	26 0	26 9
Barley (Canadian), per bush	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0
Oats (Am. & Can.) per 45 lbs	3 4	3 4	3 4	3 4	3 4	3 4
Peas.....(Canadian) pr 504 lbs	38 6	38 6	38 6	38 6	38 6	38 6

Liverpool Provisions Market.—This market has also been very quiet, Bacon and Lard further declining 6d per cwt. Cheese fell off 3s during the week, but at the close a better feeling existed, and the quotation reacted 1d, closing at 8½ per cwt for fine.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Bacon (ex. pr. mess) p. 304 lbs	90 0	90 0	90 0	90 0	90 0	90 0
Pork (Ela. pr. mess) p. 200 lbs	100 0	Holi.	100 0	100 0	100 0	100 0
Bacon (Cumb. cut) p. 112 lbs	59 6	day.	59 6	59 6	59 0	59 0
Lard (American).....	67 6	67 6	67 6	67 6	67 0	67 0
Cheese (fine).....	83 0	83 0	83 0	81 0	80 0	81 0

Liverpool Produce Market.—There has been nothing of importance going on in this market, and prices, with the exception of Spirits Petroleum, which has declined 1d, are exactly the same as quoted last Friday evening.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tu.	Wed.	Th.	Fri.
Rosin (com. Wilm.) per 112 lbs	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 0
do Fine Pale.....	15 0	15 0	15 0	15 0	15 0	15 0
Spirit turpentine.....	28 0	Holi.	28 0	28 0	28 0	28 0
Petroleum (std white) p. 9 lbs	1 8½	day.	1 8½	1 8½	1 8½	1 8½
“ spirits.....per 8 lbs	0 8	0 8	0 8	0 8	0 7½	0 7
Fallow (American) p. 112 lbs	43 6	43 6	43 6	43 6	43 6	43 6
Clover seed.....	31 10 0	31 10 0	31 10 0	31 10 0	31 10 0	31 10 0

London Produce and Oil Markets.—There is a firmer feeling to

notice in Calcutta Linseed, and Sugar also maintains the activity noticed at the close of last week for both on the spot and afloat, which has resulted in an advance of 6d in both articles. Otherwise the market remains unchanged, both in tone and quotations.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Th.	Fri.
Lins'd cake (obl) p. tn £10 0 0	0 60 0	Holi.	0 60 0	0 60 6	0 60 6	0 60 6
Linseed (Calcutta).....	0 60 0	day.	0 60 0	0 60 6	0 60 6	0 60 6
Sugar (No. 12 Dchstd).....	39 3	39 3	39 3	39 6	39 6	39 6
Sperm oil.....	101 0 0	101 0 0	101 0 0	101 0 0	101 0 0	101 0 0
Whale oil.....	37 0 0	37 0 0	37 0 0	37 0 0	37 0 0	37 0 0

COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK.—The imports this week are about the same in dry goods, but show a decided decrease in general merchandise, the total being \$5,588,324, against \$7,672,849 last week, and \$9,703,952 the previous week. The exports are \$3,871,328 this week, against \$4,622,424 last week, and \$2,809,834 the previous week. The exports of cotton the past week were 7,465 bales, against 8,962 bales last week. The following are the imports at New York for week ending (for dry goods) May 14, and for the week ending (for general merchandise) May 15:

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.
Dry goods.....	\$1,892,248	\$915,820	\$1,332,005	\$1,402,998
General merchandise.....	4,338,164	3,017,495	4,411,246	4,18,326
Total for the week.....	\$6,230,412	\$2,933,315	\$5,743,251	\$5,588,324
Previously reported.....	115,622,873	95,430,382	85,680,403	116,170,315

Since Jan. 1.....\$121,753,235 \$99,363,697 \$91,453,654 \$121,753,699

In our report of the dry-goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports, for the week ending May 18:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK.

	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.
For the week.....	\$3,117,494	\$3,982,661	\$4,035,781	\$3,871,328
Previously reported.....	91,141,509	75,155,956	65,112,464	60,193,466

Since Jan. 1.....\$94,259,003 \$79,138,630 \$69,148,315 \$64,064,591

The following will show the exports of specie from the port of New York for the week ending May 15, 1869:

	1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.
May 11—St. Cimbria, Paris, Silver bars.....	\$90,136	“ 13—St. Eagle, Havana, Spanish doubloons.....	\$274,970	
Gold bars.....	21,300	“ 13—St. Hermann, Southampton, Mexican silver.....	90,080	
Foreign silver.....	1,200	“ 13—St. Hermann, Bremen, American silver.....	1,900	
“ 11—St. Alaska, Aspinwall, Mexican silver.....	2,500	“ 15—St. Lafayette, Havre, Gold bars.....	93,400	
“ 12—St. Scotia, Liverpool, American silver.....	10,000			

Total for the week.....\$622,236

Previously reported.....11,340,340

Total since Jan. 1, 1869.....\$11,962,577

Sametime in	Sametime in
1868.....\$39,000,359	1869.....\$30,431,929
1867.....14,991,478	1868.....11,333,491
1866.....16,964,006	1867.....11,422,046
1865.....9,658,117	1866.....9,477,159
1864.....21,700,950	1865.....11,457,549
1863.....18,529,471	1864.....10,583,446
1862.....16,289,354	1863.....4,891,005
1861.....2,901,791	1862.....9,823,839
1860.....11,314,821	

The imports of specie at this port during the past week have been as follows:

May 10—St. Henry Channcey, Aspinwall, Gold.....	\$2,133	May 11—St. Westphalia, Hamburg, Gold.....	\$142,290
" 10—Schr. F. Elder, Car- thage, Silver.....	773	" 15—St. Fahkee, Hamilton, Gold.....	2,000
Total for the week.....			\$147,196
Previously reported.....			8,463,145

Total for the week.....\$147,196

Previously reported.....8,463,145

Total since Jan. 1 1869.....\$8,610,341

Same time, 1868.....2,826,330

Same time, 1867.....1,025,521

NATIONAL TREASURY.—The following forms present a summary of certain weekly transactions at the National Treasury and Custom House.

1.—Securities held by the U. S. Treasurer in trust for National banks

Date.	For Circulation.	For U. S. Deposits.	Total.
Feb. 6.....	342,555,900	34,492,350	377,048,250
“ 13.....	342,555,900	34,391,350	376,947,250
“ 20.....	342,567,900	34,217,350	376,785,250
“ 27.....	342,613,900	33,051,350	375,665,250
Mar. 6.....	342,622,900	33,116,350	375,739,250
“ 13.....	342,667,900	32,966,350	375,634,250
“ 20.....	342,690,200	32,716,350	375,406,550
“ 27.....	342,740,100	32,413,350	375,153,450
April 3.....	342,740,300	32,428,350	375,168,650
“ 10.....	342,798,300	30,875,350	373,673,650
“ 17.....	342,693,800	30,558,350	373,252,150
“ 24.....	342,693,800	30,455,350	373,149,150
May 1.....	342,736,800	30,255,350	372,992,150
“ 8.....	342,749,800	30,155,350	372,905,150
“ 15.....	342,747,496	30,055,350	372,802,846

2.—National bank currency issued (weekly and aggregate), and the amount (including worn-out notes) returned, with the amount in circulation at date:

Week ending.	Notes issued.		Notes returned.	Notes in circulation.
	Current week.	Aggregate.		
Feb. 6	295,460	312,333,476	12,544,140	299,789,347
" 13	197,240	312,530,726	12,787,949	299,742,777
" 20	202,600	312,733,326	12,813,249	299,915,077
" 27	192,840	312,926,166	13,011,149	299,945,017
Mar. 6	129,610	313,055,776	13,150,693	299,905,083
" 13	145,600	313,200,936	13,399,213	299,901,923
" 20	100,800	313,301,736	13,446,896	299,854,940
" 27	159,160	313,460,896	13,564,573	299,896,323
April 3	136,860	313,597,756	13,785,923	299,811,833
" 10	99,050	313,796,806	13,985,081	299,817,755
" 17	305,380	314,100,686	14,301,951	299,800,735
" 24	157,490	314,260,176	14,498,051	299,762,125
May 1	241,545	314,501,721	14,631,961	299,869,760
" 8	129,320	314,631,041	13,824,576	299,806,465
" 15	177,020	314,808,061	13,997,876	299,810,185

3.—Fractional currency received from the Currency Bureau by U. S. Treasurer and distributed weekly; also the amount destroyed:

Week ending.	Received.	Distributed.	Destroyed.
Feb. 6	809,000	604,831	638,618
" 13	806,000	166,850	412,500
" 20	891,000	224,850	637,700
" 27	835,000	239,800	448,800
Mar. 6	229,610	411,462	369,185
" 13	662,500	350,700	759,500
" 20	538,500	688,099	431,921
" 27	428,626	452,253	563,335
April 3	495,000	295,208	574,780
" 10	476,220	406,000	536,600
" 17	228,000	508,150	500,000
" 24	None	571,800	607,000
May 1	None	320,183	438,900
" 8	None	296,800	656,500
" 15	None	634,466	354,200

ADJUSTABLE GAUGE FREIGHT CARS.—A correspondent of the Boston Commercial Bulletin speaks as follows of the changeable gauge cars which now run from Chicago to Portland:

"I have made some inquiry regarding this new Northern through line, but found my neighbor merchants were not much better informed as to the working of the line than I was myself, which led me to visit the Lowell Railroad depot, where I saw several of the cars of the line loaded with furniture, shoes, and other merchandise, for different points in the West. These cars make quick trips, and work satisfactorily. The change from the New England narrow gauge to the Grand Trunk broad gauge is made at Montreal, with another change at Port Huron, Michigan, from the Grand Trunk, or broad gauge, to the four feet eight and a half inch gauge, which is the general gauge of the Western States. The cars are built and owned by an incorporated company, and are rented to the different railroads forming the through line, at a fixed rate per car, per mile; it thus becomes the interest of the Car Company to see that their cars are kept moving, and hence the freight with which they are laden must have dispatch. The personal attention and vigilance of the directors will secure for general freight the quick dispatch heretofore attained by express companies from the close supervision outside of the railroad management."

RAILROADS OF THE UNITED STATES.—We have received to-day a copy of the "MANUAL OF THE RAILROADS OF THE UNITED STATES 1869-70," by Henry V. Poor, Esq. The publication of this Manual of Railroads was first commenced in 1868 in a handsome volume of about 450 pages, giving the best and most complete information in regard to all the railroads of the country that had ever been published. The present volume for 1869-70 is nearly double the size of its predecessor, and is more perfect in all respects. It is beyond comparison the best, and indeed the only valuable, publication containing information as to the railroads of this country that is to be had. An account of every steam road in the United States is given in this "Manual," and also of all the horse-railroad of the principal cities and towns.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Attention is called to the card of Messrs. Bigelow & Johnston on the last page. This firm, at No. 48 Pine street, deals in iron, new and old rails, fish bars, bolts, nuts, chairs, spikes, wheels, axles, and other material for the building and equipment of railroads.

—Mr. W. N. Worthington, Banker and Broker at No. 14 Wall street, as will be seen by his card on another page, gives special attention to the purchase and sale of stocks, bonds, gold and exchange; also receives deposits subject to check, at sight, and allows 4 per cent interest thereon.

—The card of Messrs. Veinam & Hoy, Bankers and Brokers at No. 14 and 16 Wall street, will be found on the first page. All the usual business in the purchase and sale of stocks, bonds, gold, &c., is attended to by this firm and interest is allowed on balances.

—Seven per cent twenty year bonds of the city of Louisville, interest payable April and October in New York, are offered by Messrs. Wm. Alexander Smith & Co., Bankers, at No. 40 Wall street. City bonds are regarded by many investors as much preferable to either State or United States securities, and we believe that purchasers of Louisville bonds will be quite secure as to their interest and principal.

The Bankers' Gazette.

DIVIDENDS.

The following Dividend has been declared during the past week:

NAME OF COMPANY.	PER CENT.	WHEN PAYABLE	WHERE PAYABLE	BOOKS CLOSED.
Navigation.				
Pacific Mail.....	3	June 1.	Company's Office.	May 22.
Railroad.				
Dub. & Sioux City com. & pr	3½	July 1.	Company's Office.	May 20.
Broadway & 7th avenue....	¾	June 1.	Company's Office.	—
Macon & Western.....	2	June 21.	Nat. B'k of Repub	June 21
Miscellaneous.				
Columbia Oil.....	2	May 17.	Company's Office.	—
Home, Petroleum.....	200	May 15.	Company's Office.	—

FRIDAY, May 21, 1869, P. M.

THE MONEY MARKET.—Money has exhibited a slight hardening tendency during the week. The receipts of currency from the interior appear to have partially declined; and money has flowed more freely into the Treasury, under the liberal payments on account of income tax; while some shipments of currency have been made to Boston. The advance in gold, stocks and bonds has also increased the amount required on brokers' loans. Under these influences there has been quite an active demand for money for the last three days, although there has been no difficulty in borrowing on stocks and bonds at 7 per cent.

Discounts have partially sympathized with the activity in call loans, but the rate for prime paper is still generally 7@8 per cent with exceptions at 9 per cent. The advance in gold has been attended with the failure of the foreign banking house of Schepeler & Co., which involved the suspension of two or three minor firms. There has also been a suspension of a house in the Brazil trade, from the same cause; and other commercial houses have been reported as in difficulties from their connection with speculations in gold. It has now become so common for houses in the foreign trade to take heavy risks in gold, in connection with their business, that in times of wide fluctuations in gold there is an unusually close scrutiny into the speculative position of such firms; and this has been a prominent feature in the discounting of paper within the last few days, the caution having been encouraged by the failures alluded to.

The following are the quotations for loans of various classes:

	Per cent.		Per cent.
Call loans.....	7	Good endorsed bills, 3 & 4 months.....	8 @ 10
Loans on bonds & mortg.	7	do single names.....	10 @ 12
Prime endorsed bills, 3 months.....	7 @ 8	Lower grades.....	12 @ 15

UNITED STATES BONDS.—The bond market has been very active and buoyant. At London and Frankfurt Five-Twenties have showed more steadiness than was expected under the uneasy feeling created by the action of the Bank of England. Bonds, indeed, have gone to Europe by almost every mail since the advance in the Bank rate; the shipments last week being estimated at \$3,000,000, and for this week probably over \$4,000,000. This steady foreign demand has taken off all the bonds attracted into the market by the advance in prices and has kept the stock in dealers' hands light, compelling them to buy at each advance, almost against their convictions as to the safety of their purchases. The price of gold having advanced 5@7½ points, while prices abroad remained comparatively steady, a further rise in bonds here has been necessitated to equalize quotations in the home and foreign markets. Under these influences Sixty-Twos have sold up to 123½ and Sixty-Sevens to 120½; but, at the close, quotations were a fraction below these figures.

The purchase of \$1,000,000 Five-Twenties by the Government naturally helped the upward tendency of prices. The proposals of the Secretary required the offers to be made upon the principal only, the accrued interest being paid to the sellers by the Treasury, in gold. The Government purchases included \$704,000 coupon Sixty-Sevens at 116.88, \$150,000 reg. Sixty-Fives at 116.78, \$50,000 Sixty-Fours reg. at 116.75, \$46,000 Sixty-Twos reg. at 116.74, and \$50,000 Sixty-Fours reg. at 116½. These prices are exclusive of interest, and were somewhat below the average quotations of the day.

Some interest is felt in the question as to whether the Secretary of the Treasury will equalize his purchases of bonds with his increased sales of gold; no reliable information on the matter, however, is attainable; although it is vaguely rumored that he will come into the market as a purchaser of the 3 per cent Certificates.

The following are the closing prices of leading government securities, compared with preceding weeks:

	April 9.	April 23.	April 30.	May 7.	May 14.	May 21.
U. S. 6's, 1881 coup.....	116½	117½	118½	118½	121½	122½
U. S. 6-20's, 1862 coup....	120½	121	121½	117½	120½	123½
U. S. 6-20's, 1864 ".....	115	116½	117½	113½	116	117½
U. S. 6-20's, 1865 ".....	117½	118½	119½	114½	116½	119½
U. S. 6 20's, 1865, July cpn	113	115	116½	115½	118½	120
U. S. 5-20's, 1867, coup.	113½	115	116½	115½	118½	120
U. S. 5-20's, 1868, ".....	113½	115	116½	115½	118½	119½
U. S. 10-40's, ".....	105½	106½	108½	107½	109	109½

STATE BONDS.—This class of securities has shown rather more movement than last week; although the excitement in other departments of the Stock Exchange has operated unfavorably to high figures. The general tendency of the market has been downward, but no very important changes are recorded. North Carolinas have been quite heavily pressed for sale, and both issues were forced down

one per cent, owing to the unfavorable condition of the State finances. The Tennessee bonds were about $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent lower, on continued rumors of new issues. Virginias have been steady, and the dealings limited. Southern securities have been generally strong, except on Louisiana Levee Sixes, and Alabama Eights, which have declined one per cent, with no obvious explanation of the cause. The other bonds have been without important changes.

The following are the closing quotations compared with last week:

	May 14	May 21		May 14	May 21
Tennessee Sixes, x. c.	68 $\frac{1}{2}$	68 $\frac{1}{2}$	Louisiana Sixes, levee ...	70	68 $\frac{1}{2}$
Tennessee Sixes, new	65 $\frac{1}{2}$	65 $\frac{1}{2}$	Louisiana Five's, levee ...	89 $\frac{1}{2}$	89 $\frac{1}{2}$
North Carolina Sixes, old. 60 $\frac{1}{2}$	59	59	Alabama Eights.	103	101
North Carolina Sixes, x. c. 55 $\frac{1}{2}$	54 $\frac{1}{2}$	54 $\frac{1}{2}$	Georgia Sixes.	83	82
Virginia Sixes, old.	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	Georgia Sevens.	96	96
Virginia Sixes, new.	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	Missouri Sixes.	89	89 $\frac{1}{2}$
Louisiana Sixes.	73 $\frac{1}{2}$	73 $\frac{1}{2}$			

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCKS.—The feverish activity in stocks has been continued through the week, the transactions having been large, and the fluctuations in prices unusually wide; at the close, however, quotations do not vary materially from our last. The cliques controlling the principal stocks do not appear to be disposed to force at present any extreme advance, but are probably taking the moderate policy of "feeding" the market as far as possible at current prices. There is a growing distrust of the present high scale of prices, and outside operators are too ready to realize upon a moderate profit to admit of prices being easily carried up. Yesterday the Governor signed the New York Central Certificate bill, the Consolidation bill, the Harlem Depot bill and the bill extending the tenure of office of the Erie directors. This brings the culmination of one of the chief inflation schemes which have helped to carry up stocks to the present high figures, and has been attended with much excitement in the stocks directly affected, New York Central having sold up to 192 $\frac{1}{2}$, Hudson River to 164 $\frac{1}{2}$ and Harlem to 151 $\frac{1}{2}$. Ohio and Mississippi have been especially strong, having sold up to 36 $\frac{1}{2}$, an advance of $\frac{3}{4}$ upon our last quotation. Pacific Mail, notwithstanding the declaration of a dividend of 3 per cent, closes 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ lower. The Toledo and Wabash Co. has announced its purpose to issue \$4,000,000 new stock, for the building and equipping of an additional line and the erection of grain elevators; the stock has remained steady under the announcement. Fort Wayne is weak, notwithstanding that it has been given out that the Pennsylvania Central, in its proposal to lease the road, engages to pay the interest on the bonds, the usual contribution to the Sinking Fund and 12 per cent dividend upon the present amount of stock. The Directors contemplate, in the event of concluding this arrangement, to make a scrip dividend of 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent increasing the capital stock to \$20,000,000 and a cash dividend of 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. The market closes barely steady, except on the Vanderbilt stocks, which are strong.

The following were the closing quotations of the regular board compared with those of the six preceding weeks:

	April 2	April 16	April 23	April 30	May 7	May 14	May 21
Cumberland Coal	31 $\frac{1}{2}$	30	31	30	30 $\frac{1}{2}$	30	30 $\frac{1}{2}$
Quicksilver.	21	21 $\frac{1}{2}$	22	20 $\frac{1}{2}$	20	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	19 $\frac{1}{2}$
Canton Co.	58 $\frac{1}{2}$	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	62	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	60	62 $\frac{1}{2}$	63
Mariposa pref.	31 $\frac{1}{2}$	38 $\frac{1}{2}$	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	43 $\frac{1}{2}$	42 $\frac{1}{2}$	49 $\frac{1}{2}$	49 $\frac{1}{2}$
Pacific Mail.	89 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	98 $\frac{1}{2}$	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	91 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	91 $\frac{1}{2}$
New York Central	160	165	168	177 $\frac{1}{2}$	177 $\frac{1}{2}$	182 $\frac{1}{2}$	191
Erie.	33 $\frac{1}{2}$	34 $\frac{1}{2}$	33 $\frac{1}{2}$	29 $\frac{1}{2}$	27 $\frac{1}{2}$	30 $\frac{1}{2}$	29
Hudson River.	138	140 $\frac{1}{2}$	148 $\frac{1}{2}$	157 $\frac{1}{2}$	153 $\frac{1}{2}$	157 $\frac{1}{2}$	161 $\frac{1}{2}$
Reading.	90 $\frac{1}{2}$	94 $\frac{1}{2}$	95	90 $\frac{1}{2}$	95 $\frac{1}{2}$	95 $\frac{1}{2}$	97 $\frac{1}{2}$
Mich. Southern.	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	99 $\frac{1}{2}$	98 $\frac{1}{2}$	103 $\frac{1}{2}$	104	106 $\frac{1}{2}$	106 $\frac{1}{2}$
Michigan Central	118 $\frac{1}{2}$	120	120 $\frac{1}{2}$	125 $\frac{1}{2}$	125 $\frac{1}{2}$	126	129 $\frac{1}{2}$
Clev. and Pittsb. x. d. 88 $\frac{1}{2}$	91 $\frac{1}{2}$	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	90 $\frac{1}{2}$	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	93 $\frac{1}{2}$
Clev. and Toledo. x. d. 96 $\frac{1}{2}$	104	104	104	104	104	106	106
Northwestern.	84	84 $\frac{1}{2}$	84 $\frac{1}{2}$	87	85	92	91 $\frac{1}{2}$
Rock Island.	93 $\frac{1}{2}$	95 $\frac{1}{2}$	96 $\frac{1}{2}$	98 $\frac{1}{2}$	96 $\frac{1}{2}$	103 $\frac{1}{2}$	104
Fort Wayne.	123 $\frac{1}{2}$	131 $\frac{1}{2}$	137 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	125 $\frac{1}{2}$	128 $\frac{1}{2}$	128 $\frac{1}{2}$
Illinois Central.	123 $\frac{1}{2}$	123 $\frac{1}{2}$	123 $\frac{1}{2}$	140	147 $\frac{1}{2}$	155 $\frac{1}{2}$	154
Ohio & Miss.	32 $\frac{1}{2}$	33 $\frac{1}{2}$	33 $\frac{1}{2}$	33 $\frac{1}{2}$	32 $\frac{1}{2}$	33 $\frac{1}{2}$	35 $\frac{1}{2}$
Milw. & St. Paul.	71 $\frac{1}{2}$	79 $\frac{1}{2}$	77 $\frac{1}{2}$	78 $\frac{1}{2}$	75 $\frac{1}{2}$	78 $\frac{1}{2}$	76 $\frac{1}{2}$
prf.	80	86 $\frac{1}{2}$	85 $\frac{1}{2}$	87 $\frac{1}{2}$	85	87 $\frac{1}{2}$	86 $\frac{1}{2}$
Tol., Wab. & W'n	66 $\frac{1}{2}$	71 $\frac{1}{2}$	72 $\frac{1}{2}$	73 $\frac{1}{2}$	72	76 $\frac{1}{2}$	76

The following statement shows the volume of transactions in shares, at both the Stock Boards for the past and several previous weeks:

	Week ending—	Bank.	Rail. road.	Coal.	Steam-ship.	Min. Ing.	Im-pro't.	Tele-graph.	Other.	Total.
Jan. 7.	911	231,591	540	6,277	1,650	3,300	3,671	5,453	253,010	
" 14.	961	328,704	1,901	11,980	3,100	11,800	3,807	5,336	397,986	
" 21.	568	293,493	816	8,450	12,025	7,961	11,074	16,934	351,960	
Feb. 4.	1,042	373,971	2,637	12,492	13,000	7,650	13,190	19,085	448,960	
" 11.	440	243,766	2,149	16,581	6,400	3,300	13,175	9,675	295,785	
" 18.	653	179,110	869	25,403	9,900	7,350	5,546	5,655	224,516	
" 25.	612	175,234	2,350	13,573	3,300	5,400	10,456	7,435	218,212	
March 4.	584	177,884	544	30,697	28,766	900	6,548	12,615	258,237	
" 11.	566	139,874	405	8,423	18,050	4,950	6,240	10,209	188,516	
" 18.	546	177,818	1,445	21,740	23,200	1,950	15,118	8,604	280,421	
" 25.	644	207,115	705	29,519	10,750	1,800	9,271	8,970	268,474	
April 1.	410	138,430	235	15,390	7,150	1,000	14,549	5,977	183,031	
" 8.	415	420,349	675	11,006	11,550	1,450	21,235	5,951	480,761	
" 15.	835	193,817	175	8,566	8,269	8,400	8,916	6,398	231,076	
" 22.	742	258,731	1,032	15,692	14,950	8,400	16,246	16,805	327,738	
" 29.	1,039	542,773	332	15,463	31,100	1,500	14,334	13,445	620,956	

May 6.	609	268,830	410	6,971	15,190	1,850	9,923	5,633	409,476
May 13.	890	671,000	369	5,633	6,300	1,100	7,130	20	658,559
May 20.	458	171,492	51	3,580	1,700	5,210	5,125	6,140	193,592

The following is a summary of the amount of Government bond and notes, State and City securities, and railroad and other bonds sold at Regular Board for the past and several previous weeks:

Week ending Friday.	Government Bonds.	State & City Bonds.	Company Bonds.	Total amount.
Jan. 7.	4,057,700	683,000	289,560	5,030,260
Jan. 14.	5,729,000	1,359,500	723,000	8,111,500
Jan. 21.	4,828,100	2,335,500	655,000	7,819,000
Jan. 28.	5,089,450	1,095,500	88,500	7,083,450
Feb. 4.	3,654,400	619,500	841,000	5,149,900
Feb. 11.	6,108,500	1,200,000	516,500	7,915,000
Feb. 18.	9,031,300	994,000	720,000	10,745,300
Feb. 25.	4,709,500	1,408,500	512,500	6,630,500
March 4.	9,126,000	1,067,000	774,500	10,967,500
" 11.	6,008,900	1,308,500	546,000	8,461,400
" 18.	6,195,700	775,325	415,500	7,386,500
" 25.	3,923,600	768,500	394,000	5,086,100
April 1.	2,264,500	677,000	215,500	3,157,000
" 8.	4,143,500	911,100	290,000	5,374,600
" 15.	4,476,450	517,500	229,200	5,223,150
" 22.	4,230,700	1,622,000	762,000	6,614,700
" 29.	5,017,500	1,541,100	615,675	7,174,275
May 6.	3,801,500	1,736,509	932,800	6,570,809
May 13.	8,608,000	1,174,500	798,849	10,581,349
May 20.	6,848,600	807,000	732,000	8,387,600

THE GOLD MARKET.—Gold has advanced from 138 $\frac{1}{2}$, our last quotation, to 144 $\frac{1}{2}$, yesterday, but again reacted to-day to 140 $\frac{1}{2}$, and closes at 141 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ $\frac{1}{2}$. On Monday the failure was announced of Messrs. Schepeler & Co., foreign bankers, upon "short" contracts on gold, said to amount to \$8,000,000. The buying of gold to cover these contracts precipitated a rapid advance, and an effort was made to compel other parties known to be largely "short" to close their contracts. The transactions connected with these speculative maneuvers were immense, and largely contributed to the high price reached yesterday. The chief outside influence fostering the upward movement has been the comments of the London Times upon the advance in the Bank of England rate on the 6th inst., the purport and bearing of which are explained in our editorial pages. Until to-day the advance in foreign exchange to the specie shipping point has encouraged the upward tendency of the premium; this afternoon, however, rates fell off $\frac{1}{2}$ @ $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. The break in the price to-day, from 143 $\frac{1}{2}$ in the morning to 140 $\frac{1}{2}$ this afternoon, appears to have been due first to the circumstance that several large holders sold out yesterday and were to-day depressing the market, so as to be able to get in gold at lower figures, preparatory to a fresh rise; and, next, to the fact that their efforts happened to be seconded by an announcement from Secretary Boutwell that, until further notice, he will sell \$1,000,000 gold each Monday, additional to the sales of that amount on the Thursday.

The fluctuations in the gold market, and the business at the Gold Board during the week closing with Friday, are shown in the following table:

	Open.	Low.	High.	Clos.	Total clearing.	Balances.
	ing. est.	ing. est.	ing. est.	ing. est.	Gold.	Currency.
Saturday, May 15.	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	101,318,000	\$2,055,799
Monday, " 17.	141 $\frac{1}{2}$	141 $\frac{1}{2}$	141 $\frac{1}{2}$	141 $\frac{1}{2}$	136,378,000	1,847,073
Tuesday, " 18.	141 $\frac{1}{2}$	141 $\frac{1}{2}$	142 $\frac{1}{2}$	142 $\frac{1}{2}$	143,152,000	1,735,949
Wednesday, " 19.	142 $\frac{1}{2}$	141 $\frac{1}{2}$	144 $\frac{1}{2}$	143 $\frac{1}{2}$	132,288,000	1,743,124
Thursday, " 20.	143 $\frac{1}{2}$	143 $\frac{1}{2}$	144 $\frac{1}{2}$	143 $\frac{1}{2}$	167,459,000	2,192,067
Friday, " 21.	143 $\frac{1}{2}$	141 $\frac{1}{2}$	144 $\frac{1}{2}$	141 $\frac{1}{2}$	136,113,000	2,182,044
Current week.	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	144 $\frac{1}{2}$	141 $\frac{1}{2}$	808,208,000	11,786,056
Previous week.	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	137 $\frac{1}{2}$	139 $\frac{1}{2}$	138 $\frac{1}{2}$	803,721,000	11,965,784
Jan. 1 '69, to date.	134 $\frac{1}{2}$	130 $\frac{1}{2}$	144 $\frac{1}{2}$	141 $\frac{1}{2}$	.....	.....

The movement of coin and bullion at this port for the week ending on Saturday, May 15, was as shown in the following formula:

Treasure receipts from California.	\$359,323
Imports of coin and bullion from foreign ports.	147,196
Coin interest paid from U. S. Treasury in New York.	2,618,676
Reported new supply thrown on market.	\$3,125,195
Withdrawn for export.	\$622,236
Withdrawn for customs.	3,211,393
Withdrawals in excess of reported new supply.	86,638
Specie in banks on Saturday, May 8.	\$16,081,489
Specie in banks on Saturday, May 15.	15,374,769
Decrease of specie in banks.	\$706,720
Excess of reported supply unaccounted for.	620,082
Withdrawals accounted for.	620,082

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.—Has ruled strong at $\frac{1}{2}$ higher figures, until to-day, when there was a decline of $\frac{1}{2}$ upon free offers of Cable transfers against shipments of bonds.

The following are the closing quotations for the several classes of foreign bills, compared with those of the three last weeks:

	April 30.	May 7.	May 14.	May 21.
London Com'l.	108 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 108 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$
do bkrs' Ing.	109 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	110 @ 110	110 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 110 $\frac{1}{2}$	110 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 110 $\frac{1}{2}$
do do shrt.	109 @ 109 $\frac{1}{2}$	110 @ 110	110 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 110 $\frac{1}{2}$	110 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 110 $\frac{1}{2}$
Paris, long.	5.18 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.16 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.16 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.16 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.18 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$
do shrt.	5.16 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.15 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.15 @ 5.13 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.13 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.13 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.16 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.15 $\frac{1}{2}$
Antwerp	5.21 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.18 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.18 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.16 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.20 @ 5.18 $\frac{1}{2}$
Swiss.	5.21 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.18 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.18 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.17 $\frac{1}{2}$ @ 5.16 $\frac{1}{2}$	5.20 @ 5.18 $\frac{1}{2}$

Hamburg.....	35% @ 35%	85% @ 36	35% @ 35%	35% @ 35%
Amsterdam.....	40% @ 40%	40% @ 40%	40% @ 40%	40% @ 40%
Frankfort.....	40% @ 40%	40% @ 40%	40% @ 40%	40% @ 40%
Bremen.....	78% @ 78%	78% @ 78%	78% @ 78%	78% @ 78%
Berlin.....	71 @ 71%	71% @ 71%	71 @ 71%	71 @ 71%

The transactions for the week at the Custom House and Sub-Treasury have been as follows:

	Custom House.	Sub-Treasury	Receipts.
May 10.....	\$496,930 34	\$1,500,000 03	\$1,600,351 86
" 11.....	480,331 21	1,328,961 62	1,147,100 10
" 12.....	579,296 36	867,107 96	1,428,800 33
" 13.....	346,221 32	899,566 71	1,178,255 05
" 14.....	339,377 55	2,587,108 17	2,866,291 30
" 15.....	529,408 79	1,008,203 35	884,433 48

Total.....\$2,541,535 57 \$7,819,952 84 \$9,145,255 12

Balance in Sub-Treasury morning of May 10.....\$3,267,250 05

Deduct payments during the week.....\$7,819,952 84

Balance on Saturday evening.....\$4,562,582 33

Increase during the week.....1,295,302 28

Total amount of Gold Certificates issued, \$1,623,000. Included in the receipts of customs were \$101,000 in gold, and \$2,440,535 in Gold Certificates.

The following table shows the aggregate transactions at the Sub-Treasury a series of weeks:

Weeks Ending	Custom House.	Sub-Treasury	Changes in Balances.
Jan. 2.....	1,139,182	1,377,025	\$2,377,375
Jan. 9.....	1,354,193	10,396,480	\$11,750,673
Jan. 16.....	2,519,591	7,506,296	\$9,255,906
Jan. 23.....	2,601,325	10,455,255	\$13,046,717
Jan. 30.....	2,246,626	10,424,455	\$7,097,628
Feb. 6.....	2,169,645	5,657,096	\$7,863,368
Feb. 13.....	3,339,143	7,996,110	\$10,157,005
Feb. 20.....	2,899,816	4,674,472	\$7,089,420
Feb. 27.....	3,788,069	8,461,940	\$12,511,293
Mar. 6.....	3,257,013	8,221,692	\$11,478,705
Mar. 13.....	2,569,769	10,250,601	\$12,820,370
Mar. 20.....	2,993,004	5,366,277	\$8,359,281
Mar. 27.....	2,537,825	5,200,937	\$7,738,762
Apr. 3.....	2,868,793	15,891,946	\$18,760,739
Apr. 10.....	2,718,338	4,246,320	\$6,964,658
Apr. 17.....	2,391,842	5,775,388	\$8,167,230
Apr. 24.....	2,671,828	9,614,064	\$12,285,892
May 1.....	2,150,451	17,063,636	\$19,214,087
May 8.....	2,525,718	19,833,574	\$22,359,292
May 15.....	2,541,536	7,819,953	\$10,361,489

NEW YORK CITY BANKS.—The following statement shows the condition of the Associated Banks of New York City for the week ending at the commencement of business on May 15, 1869:

BANKS.	Capital.	Loans and Discounts.	Specie.	Circulation.	Net Deposits.	Legal Tenders.
New York.....	\$3,000,000	\$2,814,633	\$2,355,577	\$2,897,897	\$2,897,897	\$1,531,500
Manhattan.....	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Mechanics.....	3,000,000	2,000,000	1,792,144	882,226	6,811,264	2,292,285
Union.....	2,000,000	5,729,201	312,107	558,628	4,041,894	1,251,335
America.....	1,500,000	4,154,262	217,633	414,246	2,553,119	628,136
Phoenix.....	1,800,000	4,172,591	33,610	547,500	2,735,569	331,495
City.....	1,000,000	4,786,765	692,211	3,561,622	6,176,671	1,676,671
Traders'.....	1,000,000	3,110,083	101,119	75,015	5,155,138	550,071
Fulton.....	1,000,000	2,155,561	23,716	17,454	3,985,831	1,272,822
Chemical.....	300,000	6,369,289	3,656,77	5,600,319	1,761,616	1,761,616
Merchants' Exchange.....	1,235,000	3,377,635	26,500	419,005	2,572,242	74,128
National.....	1,500,000	3,118,711	121,252	422,325	1,255,116	381,814
Butcher's.....	800,000	2,576,000	54,800	28,800	1,950,000	1,950,000
Mechanics and Traders.....	600,000	2,061,087	26,486	195,740	1,490,781	462,561
Greenwich.....	200,000	1,052,900	3,154	805,869	1,860,193	1,860,193
Leather Manuf. National.....	600,000	2,883,288	200,269	261,311	1,899,477	618,445
State of New York.....	2,000,000	4,200,000	329,252	400,000	3,812,650	1,300,230
American Exchange.....	5,000,000	9,567,051	5,608,939	982,836	4,472,291	1,167,933
Commerce.....	10,000,000	21,187,121	511,609	5,666,833	6,566,609	4,728,685
Broadway.....	1,000,000	4,490,000	90,000	6,285,000	1,975,322	1,975,322
Ocean.....	1,000,000	3,229,400	100,551	75,212	2,211,688	684,475
Mercantile.....	1,000,000	3,125,334	60,321	481,196	2,855,730	816,471
Pacific.....	422,700	1,817,551	10,681	131,359	1,162,812	403,643
Fourth National.....	2,000,000	5,008,281	801,083	81,095	2,786,433	3,474,561
Chatham.....	450,000	2,320,761	60,023	131,077	2,229,266	599,840
People's.....	412,500	1,488,817	35,319	5,991	1,381,812	252,605
North American.....	1,000,000	2,308,245	108,782	4,266	1,956,963	411,166
Hanover.....	1,000,000	2,301,287	118,100	285,858	1,905,317	419,816
Irving.....	500,000	1,583,000	8,000	192,884	1,382,000	478,000
Metropolitan.....	4,000,000	10,853,565	533,278	2,161,828	5,249,641	1,285,257
Citizens.....	400,000	1,492,327	16,691	131,610	1,285,366	331,834
Fourth National.....	5,000,000	12,000,000	31,000	1,200,000	1,200,000	1,200,000
Market.....	1,000,000	3,101,600	10,756	889,700	1,981,815	531,526
St. Nicholas.....	1,000,000	2,736,209	44,861	716,318	1,163,748	490,267
Shoe and Leather.....	1,500,000	3,683,000	22,800	922,682	2,085,500	511,600
Corn Exchange.....	1,000,000	2,944,823	17,762	6,107	1,608,301	255,000
Continental.....	2,000,000	4,232,162	70,985	567,429	2,585,822	428,000
Commonwealth.....	750,000	2,365,547	34,336	2,812	2,609,694	686,919
Oriental.....	300,000	1,167,105	10,913	5,146	1,192,962	312,423
Marine.....	300,000	2,821,470	92,980	360,000	1,591,490	1,260,992
Atlantic.....	300,000	1,101,734	44,670	88,225	911,247	187,317
Importers and Traders.....	1,500,000	9,988,153	141,982	501,754	7,966,811	1,990,900
Park.....	2,000,000	13,341,683	1,030,677	1,065,333	15,591,947	3,523,180
Mechanics' Banking Ass.....	300,000	1,065,640	30,015	1,111,259	1,111,259	1,111,259
Grocers'.....	300,000	889,920	9,017	59,250	872,381	302,632
North River.....	400,000	1,221,437	17,796	11,633	1,083,465	226,277
East River.....	350,000	998,236	6,090	285,500	600,221	210,636
Manufacturers & Mer.....	500,000	1,201,290	5,132	691	1,195,214	312,738
Fourth National.....	5,000,000	17,994,785	319,093	2,914,130	13,664,554	1,517,908
Central National.....	3,000,000	12,372,515	95,611	1,775,000	11,397,673	3,346,263
Second National.....	300,000	1,037,617	37,000	1,122,991	936,706	250,706
Ninth National.....	1,000,000	5,965,785	49,062	831,279	5,965,785	1,517,908
First National.....	5,000,000	12,372,515	16,731	312,302	4,333,843	1,143,480
Third National.....	1,000,000	4,039,212	99,281	788,728	4,288,085	1,434,276
New York N. Exchange.....	300,000	1,134,360	3,703	268,276	988,91	231,576
Tenth National.....	1,000,000	2,861,400	62,800	912,600	1,746,200	642,300
New York Gold Exchange.....	500,000	2,555,064	683,357	1,062,432	1,250,000	1,250,000
Bull's Head.....	200,000	1,796,248	5,650	7,012	1,866,944	442,000
National Currency.....	200,000	200,533	4,892	90,000	221,126	77,551
Bowery National.....	250,000	785,744	5,533	225,000	594,243	222,559
Suydam.....	300,000	474,922	1,000	1,000	472,922	472,922
Eleventh Ward.....	200,000	500,415	1,000	1,000	499,415	499,415
Eighth National.....	250,000	1,061,224	5,816	230,000	796,016	242,182
American National.....	500,000	716,365	8,735	449,000	255,630	255,630
Germania.....	100,000	106,133	1,000	1,000	105,133	105,133

Total.....\$3,970,200 \$269,498,897 \$5,371,769 \$3,977,794 \$99,392,419 \$6,501,336

The deviations from the returns of previous week are as follows:

Loans.....	Inc. \$1,013,535	Deposits.....	Inc. \$5,449,812
Specie.....	Dec. 706,730	Legal Tenders.....	Inc. 1,391,783
Circulation.....	Dec. 8,791		

BOSTON BANKS.—Below we give a statement of the Boston National Banks, as returned to the Clearing House, Monday, May 17, 1869.

Banks.	Capital.	Loans.	Specie.	L. T. Notes.	Deposits.	Circula.
Atlantic.....	\$750,000	\$1,577,937	\$19,520	\$139,300	\$551,495	\$447,135
Atlas.....	1,000,000	2,149,326	225	263,144	527,670	790,926
Blackstone.....	1,000,000	2,761,848	4,831	278,000	1,402,113	787,919
Boston.....	1,000,000	1,929,268	7,493	193,428	630,530	695,084
Boylston.....	500,000	1,464,000	154	300,224	680,835	444,977
Columbian.....	1,000,000	2,106,257	3,902	311,533	626,981	796,000
Continental.....	1,000,000	1,888,800	.....	142,277	597,284	598,731
Eliot.....	1,000,000	2,572,300	28,978	166,810	1,005,948	796,060
Faneuil Hall.....	1,000,000	2,613,455	12,787	403,958	1,167,976	590,694
Freeman's.....	600,000	1,594,298	1,390	90,713	484,503	357,000
Globe.....	1,000,000	2,498,661	1,020	279,285	1,506,894	357,620
Hamilton.....	750,000	1,446,718	3,213	136,600	751,119	211,977
Howard.....	750,000	1,495,353	9,338	189,000	547,894	348,771
Market.....	800,000	1,392,843	7,333	114,444	477,763	632,751
Massachusetts.....	500,000	1,788,456	20,651	264,818	856,395	396,481
Maverick.....	400,000	862,732	.....	108,565	246,166	244,647
Merchants'.....	3,000,000	6,036,571	295,028	926,063	2,830,559	1,814,295
Mount Vernon.....	200,000	610,927	21,367	101,150	373,576	177,553
New England.....	1,000,000	2,111,152	.....	411,928	647,143	797,368
North.....	1,000,000	2,347,412	3,591	205,500	616,460	794,855
Old Boston.....	900,000	1,918,515	60,737	552,371	1,352,354	653,371
Shawmut.....	1,000,000	2,491,588	2,513	187,131	614,261	636,140
Shoe & Leather.....	1,000,000	2,214,272	.....	269,181	882,104	360,000
State.....	2,000,000	3,598,221	12,875	734,286	905,677	998,577
Suffolk.....	1,500,000	3,351,929	43,851	518,819	822,751	750,778
Traders'.....	600,000	1,144,881	82,026	102,857	493,977	178,750
Tremont.....	2,000,000	3,180,689	107,989	557,292	979,891	686,182
Washington.....	750,000	1,860,821	13,435	115,363	616,817	698,239
First.....	1,000,000	3,899,006	.....	415,271	1,045,241	792,000
Second (Granite).....	1,000,000	4,155,056	23,340	710,266	1,965,004	757,300
Third.....	300,000	832,624	32,000	84,748	486,843	174,782
B'k of Commerce.....	2,000,000	4,005,525	1,747	814,200	1,635,438	993,470
S'k of N. Amer.....	1,000,000	1,801,838	5,269	250,016	487,809	591,659
B'k of Redemp'n.....	1,000,000	4,338,317	74,575	606,972	1,000,071	799,285
B'k of the Repub.....	1,500,000	2,865,592	.....	219,833	608,008	798,709
City.....	1,000,000	1,717,334	5,005	274,399	554,512	455,481
Earle.....	1,000,000	1,919,232	9,422	314,764	761,513	614,203
Exchange.....	1,000,000	3,336,401	113,577	239,660	1,232,750	798,910
Hide & Leather.....	1,000,000	2,367,534	2,003	202,452	710,859	793,962
Revere.....	1,000,000	3,099,516	56,062	39,460	2,259,641	391,555
Union.....	1,000,000	2,376,544	31,634	299,000	988,583	645,242
Webster.....	1,500,000	2,594,917	29,151	197,129	882,578	645,242
Silver.....	200,000	534,391	775	79,442	401,146	90,908
Security.....	200,000	548,630	3,212	63,576	412,289	130,000
Total.....	44,600,000	101,374,527	1,134,882	12,885,527	38,708,304	35,509,662

NATIONAL, STATE AND CITY SECURITIES LIST.

Subscribers will confer a great favor by giving us immediate notice of any error discovered in our Tables.

DENOMINATIONS.		Amount Outstanding	INTEREST.		Prin- cipal Due.	FRIDAY.		DENOMINATIONS.		Amount Outstanding	INTEREST.		Prin- cipal Due.	FRIDAY.	
Marked thus * are in default for interest			Rate	Payable.		Bid	Asked	Marked thus * are in default for interest.			Rate	Payable.		Bid	Asked
National (May 1, 1869).															
<i>Bearing Coin Interest—</i>															
Loan of '61 (act Feb. 8, '61), reg.								Back Bay Lands Loan.....		220,000	5	May & Nov.	1882		
do '61 (do do do), cpn.		18,415,000	6	Jan. & July	1881			Union Fund Loan.....		3,000,000	6	Jan. & July	'71-'76		
Oreg. War (act Mar. 2, '61), yearly			6	do	1881			do do do		600,000	5	do	'77-'78		
do (do do do), yearly		915,000	6	July	1881			Coast Defense Loan.....		888,000	5	do	1883		
Loans (acts July 1, '61 & Mar. 3,			6	Jan. & July	1881			Bounty Fund Loan.....		200,000	5	do	1894		
'63), reg.								do do do (sterling).....		4,379,500	5	May & Nov.	1894		
do do do		264,317,400	6	Jan. & July	1881			War Loan (currency).....		4,000,744	5	do	1894		
Loan: 5-20's (act Feb. 25, '62), reg.			6	do	1881	122	123	Western Railroad Loan (sterling)		3,505,000	6	Mar. & Sep.	'71-'86		
do do do			6	do	1881			do do (sterling)		2,068,616	5	Apr. & Oct.	'69-'71		
Loan: 5-20's (act Mar. 3, '64), reg.		514,771,600	6	May & Nov.	1882	123 1/2	123 1/2	Troy & Greenf. RR. Loan (sterling)		1,510,080	5	do			
do do do			6	do	1882			do do (home)		554,180	5	Apr. & Oct.	'82-'90		
Loan: 5-20's (act Mar. 3, '65), reg.		129,413,300	6	May & Nov.	1884	117 1/2	117 1/2	War Loan Bonds.....		966,500	5	do	'88-'90		
do do do			6	do	1884			do do do (sterling).....		2,352,400	5	do			
Loan: 5-20's (act Mar. 3, '65N), reg.		203,327,350	6	May & Nov.	1885	119 1/2	119 1/2	Southern Vermont RR. Loan.....		200,000	5	Apr. & Oct.	1890		
do do do			6	do	1885			Eastern Railroad Loan.....		200,000	5	Jan. & July	69-'71		
Loan: 5-20's (act Mar. 3, '65N), reg.		332,993,950	6	Jan. & July	1885	120 1/2	120 1/2	Norwich & Worcester RR. Loan		400,000	6	do	1877		
do do do			6	do	1885			Bost. Hartf. & Erie RR. (sterling)		290,400	5	do			
Loan: 5-20's (act Mar. 3, '65), reg.		373,531,050	6	Jan. & July	1887	120	120 1/2	MICHIGAN (Jan. 1, '69) \$3,373,500:							
do do do			6	Jan. & July	1887			Renewal Loan Bonds.....		200,000	6	Jan. & July	1878		
Loan of '58 (act June 14, '58), reg.		42,539,350	5	do	1874			Two Million Loan.....		1,729,000	6	do	'72-'78		
do do do			5	do	1874			War Loan Bonds.....		896,500	7	do	1886		
Loan of '60 (act June 22, '60), reg.		20,000,000	5	Jan. & July	1871			War Bounty Bonds.....		463,000	7	May & Nov.	1890		
do do do			5	do	1871			State Marie Canal Bonds.....		86,000	6	Jan. & July	1879		
Loan: 10-40's (act Mar. 3, '63), reg.		7,022,000	5	Mar. & Sept.	1904	100 1/2		MINNESOTA (Nov. 30, '68) \$300,000:							
do do do		194,567,300	5	do	1904	109 1/2		State Buildings Loans.....		100,000	7	Jan. & July	1877		
								do do (new).....		100,000	7	do	1878		
								do do do		100,000	7	May & Nov.	1872		
<i>Bearing Currency Interest—</i>															
Pacific RR. Bonds (act Feb. 2, '61)		56,862,320	6	Jan. & July	1895	107 1/2	107 1/2	Sioux War Loan 1862.....							
Three per cent. Legal Tender cer-		53,240,000	3	do				Mississippi (Jan. 1, '67) \$.....		7,000,000	6	do	'41-'71		
tificates (act of Mar. 2, '67).....		14,000,000	3	do				State Bonds (Banks).....							
Navy Pension Fund.....								Missouri (Sep. 1, '68) \$24,012,000:		5,000,000	6	Jan. & July	'62-'90		
State Securities.															
ALABAMA (Jan. 1, '69) \$1,746,300:								State Bonds.....		3,512,000	6	do	187		
State Bonds.....		168,000	5	May & Nov.	1872			Consolidated Bond (interest).....		7,000,000	6	do	'82-'90	89	89 1/2
do do (extended).....		1,941,000	5	do	1883			Railroad Bonds (various)*.....		1,650,000	7	do	'81-'87		
do do do		473,800	5	do	1886			S. W. Pacific RR. Bonds, guar.*		3,000,000	6	do	'81-'85	91 1/2	91 1/2
Sterling Bonds (extended).....		732,800	5	Jan. & July	1886			Hannibal & St. Joseph Bonds.....							
do do do		82,500	6	do	1886			NEW HAMPSHIRE (June 1, 1865):							
do do do		688,000	6	do	1870			War Debt of July 1, 1861.....		1,194,100	6	Jan. & July			
New Bonds.....		669,200	8	do	1886	100	101	do do do		690,000	6	May & Nov.			
ARKANSAS (July 1, '68) \$1,509,000:								do do do		609,500	6	Apr. & Oct.			
State Bonds* (Real Estate Bank)		886,000	6	Apr. & Oct.	1861			do do do		500,000	8	Jan. & July			
do do (State Bank).....		415,000	6	Jan. & July	1868			do do do							
CALIFORNIA (Jan. 1, '68) \$1,695,900:								N. JERSEY (Nov. 30, '68) \$3,006,100:							
Civil Bonds of 1857.....		3,063,500	7	Jan. & July	1877	131		War Bonds of 1861 (tax free).....		1,499,500	6	Jan. & July	'70-'84		
do do do		177,500	7	do	1880			do do do		1,002,900	6	do	'86-'96		
Soldiers' Relief Bonds.....		470,500	7	do	'82-'85			do do do		593,400	6	do	'97-'02		
do do do		982,000	7	do	'83-'85			do do do		700,000	7	J. A. J. & O.	1870	100	
CONNECTICUT (Jan. 1, '67) \$10,000,000:								N. YORK (Oct. 1868) \$41,908,786:							
War Bonds (May, '61) 10 or 20 yr		2,000,000	6	Jan. & July	'71-'81	101 1/2		General Fund Bonds, coupon.....		2,185,000	7	Jan. & July	1877	110 1/2	
do do do		2,000,000	6	do	'72-'82	101 1/2		Bounty Fund Bonds, coupon.....		23,757,000	7	do	'87-'91	110 1/2	
do do do		2,000,000	6	do	1883			do do do registered.....		1,189,750	6	do	Will.		
do do do		2,000,000	6	April & Oct.	'74-'84			General Fund Bonds.....		800,000	6	do	1878	102 1/2	
do do do		2,000,000	6	do	1885			Canal Fund Bonds.....		2,607,200	6	J. A. J. & O.	1872	102 1/2	
do (non-taxab.) (May, '65) 20 yr		2,000,000	6	do	1885			do do do		5,726,500	6	do	1873	102 1/2	103
DELAWARE (Jan. 1, '69) \$1,436,000:								do do do		2,250,000	6	do	1874	102 1/2	
State Bonds to Railroads.....		431,000	6	do				do do do		1,400,000	6	do	'75-'77	102 1/2	
do do do								General Fund Bonds.....		900,000	5	Jan. & July	1875	99	
FLORIDA (Feb., '68) \$500,000:								do do do		348,107	5	do	Will.		
State Bonds.....		500,000	7	Jan. & July	var.			Canal Fund Bonds.....		25,000	5	J. A. J. & O.	1871		
do do do								do do do		2,035,500	5	do	1874		
Georgia (Oct. 15, '68) \$6,271,635:								N. CAROLINA (Oct. 1, '68) \$17,209,945:							
Western & Atlantic RR. Bonds.....		100,000	7	Jan. & July	1872			Bonds for railroads, etc.....		14,325,500	6	Various.	'68-'96	58 1/2	59 1/2
do do do		176,900	7	May & Nov.	1874	96	96	Funding Bonds.....		2,430,900	6	Various.	'68-'98	54 1/2	55
Bonds, per act March 12, 1868.....		1,151,000	6	Jan. & July	1886	91	81	OHIO (Jan. 1, '69) \$10,521,479:							
Western & Atlantic RR. Bonds.....		1,519,000	6	do	'68-'74	81	81	Loan due after 31st Dec., 1870.....		2,026,170	6	Jan. & July	1870		
Atlantic & Gulf RR. Bonds.....		75,000	6	May & Nov.	1874			do do do		1,600,000	6	do	1875		
ILLINOIS (Oct. 15, '68) \$5,929,603:								do do do		4,935,329	6	do	1881		
do do do		19,000	6	Jan. & July	1870			do do do		2,400,000	6	do	1886		
do do do		8,400	6	do	1870			Domestic Bonds (Union Loan)		400,000	6	May & Nov.	1871		
do do do		792,221	6	various.	1870			OREGON (Sept., '68) \$176,150:							
Internal Improvement (new).....		507,966	6	do	1870			Relief and Bounty Bonds.....		176,150	7	Jan. & July	'75-'85		
Interest Bonds of 1847.....		1,635,933	6	Jan. & July	1870			PENNA (Dec '68) \$33,172,951:							
Interest stock of 1857.....		906,149	6	do	1877			State Bonds (old), coupon.....		4,724,000	5	Various.	'77-'82		
Liquidation bonds.....		134,311	6	do	1877			do do (old), registered.....		1,642,128	5	Feb. & Aug.	'68-'70		95
R-funded Stock Bonds.....		193,402	6	do	1865			Inclined Plane Bonds.....		400,000	6	Jan. & July	1870		
Normal University bonds.....		1,036,000	6	do	1877			State Bonds (new).....		910,200	5	Feb. & Aug.	'77-'92		
Thornion Loan bonds.....		48,600	6	do	1879			do do do (new).....		22,080,800	6	do	'77-'92		
War Bonds.....		108,000	6	Mar. & Sept.	1879			Military Loan Bonds.....		2,820,750	6	do	1871		
INDIANA (Nov. 1, '68) \$3,273,002:		558,200	6	Jan. & July	1879			Rail. Isl. (Aug., '68) \$3,088,500:							
State Bonds.....		2,832,002	5	Jan. & July	1866			War Bonds of 1861.....		30,500	6	Apr. & Oct.	1871	102	102 1/2
War Loan Bonds.....		235,000	6	May & Nov.	1868			do do do		1,157,000	6	Mar. & Sept.	1882	102	102 1/2
KANSAS (Feb., '69) \$844,475:								do do do		214,000	6	Apr. & Oct.	1883		
Bonds issued from '61 to '67.....		739,500	7	Jan. & July	'76-'97			do do do		776,000	6	Jan. & July	1893		
Bonds Funding Ter. Debt, &c.....		99,475	6	July	'83-'84			do do do		881,000	6	Feb. & Aug.	1894		
KENTUCKY (Oct., '68) \$1,936,894:								S. CAROLINA (Oct. 31, '68) \$85,407,306:							
Bonds of 1841-42.....		1,537,000	6	Apr. & Oct.	'71-'72			Fire Loan Bonds.....		798,808	5	J. A. J. & O.	'68-'70		
Bonds to North Bank of Ky.....		27,000	6	May & Nov.	1870			State Bonds (old).....		3,236,600	6	Jan. & July	'71-'91		
Bond for Military Purposes.....		419,000	6	Various.	'79-'94			do do do (new).....		885,733	6	do	1887		
Bonds 5 per cent.....		160,000	5	do	'71-'73			TENNESSEE (Oct. 1, '68) \$34,271,762:							
LOUISIANA (Nov. 1															

RAILROAD, CANAL, AND MISCELLANEOUS STOCK LIST.

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COMPANIES				Dividend.				COMPANIES				Dividend.								
Marked thus * are leased roads				Stock	Periods.			Last paid.	FRIDAY	Marked thus * are leased roads				Stock	Periods.			Last paid.	FRIDAY	
In dividend col. x = extra, c = cash, s = stock.				out-standing.			Date.	rate.	Bid. Ask.	In dividend col. x = extra, c = cash, s = stock.				out-standing.			Date.	rate.	Bid. Ask.	
Railroad.																				
Albany and Susquehanna.....	100	1,861,893	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	2	...	New York, Prov. & Boston.....	100	2,000,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	3%	...	Norfolk & Petersburg, pref100	300,500	Jan. & July	Jan. '68	3%	...	
Atlantic & St. Lawrence.....	100	2,494,900	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	2	...	do do guar100	137,500	Jan. & July	Jan. '68	3%	...	Northern of N. Hampshire.....	100	3,068,400	June & Dec	Dec. '68	4	112 113	
Atlanta & West Point.....	100	1,232,100	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	4	...	Northern Central.....	50	4,788,900	Quarterly.	May '69	2	96 96%	North Eastern (S. Car.).....	100	508,350	May & Nov	...	...	...
Augusta & Savannah.....	100	733,700	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	3%	...	do S p. c., pref.....	100	155,000	May & Nov	...	...	North Carolina.....	100	4,000,000	...	...	...	...
Baltimore and Ohio.....	100	18,181,962	April & Oct	Apr. '69	4	117 118	North Missouri.....	100	2,469,307	...	...	...	North Pennsylvania.....	100	3,150,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	5s.	71 72	
Washington Branch.....	100	1,650,000	April & Oct	Apr. '69	5	...	Norwich and Worcester.....	100	2,083,700	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	3	104 104	Ogden & L. Champlain.....	100	3,023,500	Annually.	Feb. '69	3	67% 68
Parkersburg Branch.....	50	600,000	Quarterly.	Apr. '69	1%	...	do preferred.....	100	1,000,000	Apr. & Oct	Apr. '69	4	108 108%	Ohio and Mississippi.....	100	19,522,900	June & Dec	June '68	3%	79% 79%
Berkshire.....	100	600,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	2%	...	Oil Creek & Allegheny River100	4,259,450	Quarterly.	Apr. '69	2%	...	Old Colony and Newport.....	100	4,943,420	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	3	88% 89	
Blossburg and Corning.....	100	250,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	1%	...	Orange and Alexandria.....	100	2,063,655	...	...	...	Osage and Sycamore.....	100	7,000,000	Quarterly.	Apr. '69	6 gold	315 318	
Boston and Albany.....	100	14,934,100	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	5	...	Panama.....	100	7,000,000	Quarterly.	Apr. '69	6 gold	315 318	Philadelphia and Erie.....	50	27,040,762	May & Nov	May '69	5	116 116%
Boston, Con. & Montpelier.....	100	1,340,400	May & Nov	Nov. '68	3	...	Phila. & Erie.....	50	6,004,200	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	4	61% 62	do do preferred.....	100	4,000,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	4	108 108%
Boston, Hartford and Erie.....	100	18,989,800	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	4	132 134	Phila. and Reading.....	50	26,880,350	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	5s	98 98%	Phila. Germant. & Norrist'n.....	50	1,587,700	Apr. & Oct	Apr. '69	5	124 125
Boston and Lowell.....	500	2,600,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	5	141 142	Phila. Wilming. & Baltimore.....	50	9,084,300	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	4	109 109%	Pittsburg and Connellsville.....	100	1,793,926	Quarterly.	Apr. '69	2%	154% 154%
Boston and Maine.....	100	4,550,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	4	133 135	Pittsbg., Ft. W. & Chicago.....	100	11,500,000	Quarterly.	Apr. '69	2%	...	Portland & Kennebec (new)100	100	581,100	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	3	107 107
Boston and Providence.....	100	3,880,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	4	...	Portland, Saco, & Portsm'th.100	1,500,000	June & Dec	Dec. '68	3	107 107	Providence and Worcester.....	100	1,500,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	4	...	
Buffalo, New York, & Erie100	100	950,900	June & Dec	Dec. '68	3%	...	Raritan and Delaware Bay *100	2,530,700	...	...	...	Rensselaer & Saratoga con.100	100	2,850,000	April & Oct	Apr. '69	3%	...		
Buffalo and Erie.....	100	6,000,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '69	4	...	Richmond and Danville.....	100	4,000,000	...	...	...	Richmond & Petersburg.....	100	847,100	...	...	...	...
Burlington & Missouri Riv.....	100	1,598,500	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '69	5	129 129%	Richmond & Petersburg.....	100	847,100	...	...	...	Rome, Watert. & Ogden & B'g100	100	2,500,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	5	...	
Camden and Amboy.....	100	5,000,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '69	5	...	Rutland.....	100	...	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '69	3%	84 84	do preferred.....	100	...	Feb. & Aug.	Feb. '69	3%	...
Camden and Atlantic.....	50	377,100	...	...	...	...	St. Louis, Alton, & Terre H.100	100	2,300,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	St. Louis, Jacksonv. & Chic100	100	1,469,429	...	...	...	...
do do preferred.....	50	731,200	...	...	...	...	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Sandusky, Mansf. & Newark100	100	901,241	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	2%	...
Cape Cod.....	60	801,905	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	3%	...	St. Louis, Jacksonv. & Chic100	100	1,469,429	...	...	...	Schuykill Valley.....	100	576,050	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	2%	...	
Catawissa.....	50	1,159,500	May & Nov	Nov. '68	3	68 68%	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Shamokin Val. & Pottsville.....	50	869,450	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '69	3	...
do preferred.....	50	2,300,000	May & Nov	Nov. '68	3	68 68%	St. Louis, Jacksonv. & Chic100	100	1,469,429	...	...	...	Shore Line Railway.....	100	635,200	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	2	...	
Cedar Rapids & Missouri *100	100	4,432,000	June & Dec	D. c. '68	5	...	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	South Carolina.....	50	5,819,275	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '69	4	...
Central Georgia & B'g Co.....	100	4,666,800	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	2%	117 118	St. Louis, Jacksonv. & Chic100	100	1,469,429	...	...	...	South Side (P. & L.).....	100	1,365,600	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '69	4	...	
Central of New Jersey.....	100	15,000,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	2%	...	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	South West, Georgia.....	100	3,210,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '69	4	...
Central Ohio.....	50	2,500,000	June & Dec	Dec. '68	3	...	St. Louis, Jacksonv. & Chic100	100	1,469,429	...	...	...	Syracuse, Bingham & N. Y.100	100	1,314,130	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	6	...	
do preferred.....	50	2,000,000	June & Dec	Dec. '68	3	...	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Terre Haute & Indianapolis.....	50	1,988,150	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	6	...
Cheshire, preferred.....	100	2,083,925	January.	Jan. '69	4	72 72%	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Toledo, Peoria, & Warsaw100	100	2,700,000	...	...	...	...
Chicago and Alton.....	100	5,141,800	Mar. & Sep.	Mar. '69	5	159 159%	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	do do 1st pref100	100	1,700,000	...	...	...	...
do do preferred.....	100	2,425,400	Mar. & Sep.	Mar. '69	5	160 160%	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	do do 2d pref100	100	1,000,000	...	...	...	...
Chic. Bar. & Quincy.....	100	4,390,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	5	...	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Toledo, Wab. & West.....	100	1,000,000	May & Nov	May '69	3%	76% 76%
Chicago and Great Eastern.....	100	1,000,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	5	...	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	do do pref100	100	1,000,000	May & Nov	May '69	3%	82% 82%
Chicago, Iowa & Nebraska.....	100	2,297,000	June & Dec	Dec. '68	92 92%	...	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Utica and Black River.....	100	1,497,700	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	4	103 103
Chicago & North West.....	100	14,555,675	June & Dec	Dec. '68	104% 105	...	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Vermont and Canada.....	100	2,250,000	June & Dec	Dec. '68	4	...
do do pref100	100	16,396,287	June & Dec	Dec. '68	104% 105	...	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Vermont & Massachusetts.....	100	2,860,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	2	59% 60
Chicago, Rock Isl. & Pacific100	100	14,000,000	April & Oct	Apr. '69	5	127% 127%	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Virginia Central.....	100	2,353,679	...	...	...	...
Cincin. Ham. & Dayton.....	100	3,531,684	April & Oct	Apr. '69	5 bds	82 85	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Virginia and Tennessee.....	100	2,941,791	...	...	...	...
Cincin. Ricm'd & Chicago100	100	374,100	...	...	...	...	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Western (N. Carolina).....	100	555,500	...	...	...	...
Cin. Sandusky, and Clevel.50	50	2,989,090	May & Nov	Nov. '68	3	...	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Western Union (Wis. & Ill.).....	100	2,227,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	4	...
do do pref.50	50	393,073	May & Nov	Nov. '68	3	...	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	do do pref.....	100	560,000	...	...	...	...
Cincinnati and Zanesville.....	100	1,676,345	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '69	3%	74 74%	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Wilmington & Manchester100	100	1,471,018	...	...	...	...
Cleveland, Col., Cin. & Ind.100	100	10,463,900	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '69	3%	...	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Wilmington & Weldon.....	100	1,463,775	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	4	...
Cleveland & Mahoning.....	50	2,056,750	May & Nov	Nov. '68	3%	74 74%	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Worcester and Nashua.....	100	1,550,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	4	...
Cleveland and Pittsburg.....	50	5,938,775	Quarterly.	Apr. '69	2%	94 94%	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Canal.						
Columbus, Chic. & Ind. Cent100	100	11,100,000	Quarterly.	Oct. '67	41% 41%	...	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Chesapeake and Del.....	100	1,983,669	June & Dec	Dec. '68	8	80 82
Columbus and Xenia.....	50	1,738,800	Dec. & June	Dec. '68	3	...	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Delaware Division.....	50	1,633,350	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '69	4	95 96
Concord.....	100	1,500,000	May & Nov	Nov. '68	3	...	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Delaware and Hudson.....	100	15,000,000	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '69	5	132 134
Concord and Portsmouth.....	100	350,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	3%	...	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Delaware & Raritan.....	100	4,999,400	Feb. & Aug	Feb. '69	5	...
Conn. & Passump. pref.....	100	1,822,100	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	3	89 90	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Lehigh Coal & Navigation.....	100	8,739,800	May & Nov	May '69	3	70 70%
Connecticut River.....	100	1,700,000	Jan. & July	Jan. '69	3	132 133	do do pref100	100	2,040,000	Annually.	May '69	7	71 72	Monongahela Navigat. Co.50						

SOUTHERN SECURITIES.

Quotations by J. M. Welth & Arents, 9 New Street.

State Securities.	Old	Ask	State Securities.	Old	Ask
Alabama 8s.....	100	102	Savannah, Albany, & Gulf 7s	83	85
" 6s.....	67	68 1/2	bonds, end. by Savannah.....	35	40
Georgia 6s, old.....	78	80	Pensacola & Georgia 1st m 7s	12 1/2	13
" 6s, new.....	81	84	" 2d m 7s.....	6	7
" 7s, old.....	89	90	" pref st'k.....	.....	.....
" 7s, new.....	95 1/2	96 1/2	At'antic & West Point stock	.....	.....
Louisiana 6s, ex-coupons.....	73 1/2	74 1/2	MISSISSIPPI AND LOUISIANA.	.....	.....
" new bonds.....	65	67	Mississippi Cent. 1st mtg. 7s	70	72
" 6s, Levee.....	62 1/2	63 1/2	" 2d.....	52 1/2	54
" 8s, Levee.....	87 1/2	89 1/2	" stock.....	11	12
North Carolina, ex-coup b'ds	58 1/2	59 1/2	" & Tenn. 1st m. 7s	70	72
" new.....	54 1/2	55 1/2	" 2d.....	45	50
South Carolina 6s, o. d.....	74 1/2	77	South. Mississippi 1st m. 7s.	45	50
" 6s, new.....	78 1/2	80	" 2d.....	31	32
" registe'd s'ck	62 1/2	65	" 3d.....	.....	.....
Tennessee ex-coupons.....	62 1/2	64 1/2	N. Orleans & Jackson 1sts, 8s	81	83
" new bonds.....	64 1/2	66 1/2	" cert. 8s	.....	.....
" 6s.....	55	57	" stock.....	6	7
Virginia ex-coupon bonds.....	57 1/2	58	N. Or. Jack'n & Opel. 1sts, 8s	61	65
" new.....	62	63	" 2ds, 8s	.....	.....
" registered stock, old	50	50 1/2	NORTH CAROLINA.	.....	.....
" 1867.....	53	55	Wilmington & Weldon 7s & 8s	90	91
City Securities.	.....	.....	" Manchester 1 p'd 7s	79	81
Alexandria 6s.....	81	82 1/2	" 2d.....	40	42
Atlanta, Ga. 8s, bonds.....	80	82 1/2	" 3d.....	12 1/2	13
Augusta, Ga. 7s, bonds.....	80	82 1/2	" 2d m 7s.....	72 1/2	75
Charleston, S. C. 6s, stock.....	55	60	" Charl. & Rutherford	72 1/2	75
Columbia, S. C. 6s.....	60	65	North Carolina 8s.....	82 1/2	85
" 6s, bonds.....	72	75	" stock.....	22 1/2	24
Fredericksburg 6s.....	62 1/2	65	SOUTH CAROLINA.	.....	.....
Lynchburg 6s.....	62 1/2	65	Charlotte & S. Carolina 7s.....	75	80
Macon 6s, bonds.....	75	80	Greenville and Columbia 6s.	57	59
Memphis 6s, bonds, old.....	54	56	" guar. by State S. Carolina.	50	55
" 6s, new.....	56 1/2	58 1/2	" S. Carolina & Union 7s.	50	55
Memphis 7s, end. by Memp.	63	65	" guard'd by State S. C.....	52 1/2	55
" and Charleston Railroad.....	63	65	" Charleston and Savannah 6s.	52 1/2	55
Memphis 6s, end. by Memp.	62	63	" guaranteed by State S. C.....	52 1/2	55
" & Little Rock & State.....	62	63	" South Carolina Railroad 6s.....	74	77
Memphis pas'd due coupons.....	75	77	" 7s.....	82	85
" scrip.....	70	72	" 8s.....	80	85
Mobile, Ala., 5s, bonds.....	58	60	North Eastern 1st mtg. 6s.....	85	88
" 8s.....	57 1/2	59 1/2	" 2d.....	72	75
Nashville 6s.....	55	59	" end. by State	74	78
New Orleans 6s bonds.....	68	70	Columbia and Augusta 1st m	74	78
" 10s.....	75	78	" 2d.....	74	78
Norfolk 6s.....	60	62	TENNESSEE.	.....	.....
Petersburg 6s.....	72	75	East Tenn. & Georgia 6s.....	66	69
Richmond 6s.....	68	70	" Virginia 6s, end	65	67
Savannah 7s, bonds.....	88	92	" by State Tenn.....	57	59
Wilmington, N. C. 6s.....	15	16	Memp. & Charleston 1sts, 7s	87	89
" 8s.....	68	70	" 2ds, 7s	77	79
" 10s.....	68	70	" stock.....	47 1/2	49
" 12s.....	68	70	" 10s.....	35	38
" 14s.....	68	70	" 6s.....	35	38
" 16s.....	68	70	" 8s.....	35	38
" 18s.....	68	70	" 10s.....	35	38
" 20s.....	68	70	" 12s.....	35	38
" 22s.....	68	70	" 14s.....	35	38
" 24s.....	68	70	" 16s.....	35	38
" 26s.....	68	70	" 18s.....	35	38
" 28s.....	68	70	" 20s.....	35	38
" 30s.....	68	70	" 22s.....	35	38
" 32s.....	68	70	" 24s.....	35	38
" 34s.....	68	70	" 26s.....	35	38
" 36s.....	68	70	" 28s.....	35	38
" 38s.....	68	70	" 30s.....	35	38
" 40s.....	68	70	" 32s.....	35	38
" 42s.....	68	70	" 34s.....	35	38
" 44s.....	68	70	" 36s.....	35	38
" 46s.....	68	70	" 38s.....	35	38
" 48s.....	68	70	" 40s.....	35	38
" 50s.....	68	70	" 42s.....	35	38
" 52s.....	68	70	" 44s.....	35	38
" 54s.....	68	70	" 46s.....	35	38
" 56s.....	68	70	" 48s.....	35	38
" 58s.....	68	70	" 50s.....	35	38
" 60s.....	68	70	" 52s.....	35	38
" 62s.....	68	70	" 54s.....	35	38
" 64s.....	68	70	" 56s.....	35	38
" 66s.....	68	70	" 58s.....	35	38
" 68s.....	68	70	" 60s.....	35	38
" 70s.....	68	70	" 62s.....	35	38
" 72s.....	68	70	" 64s.....	35	38
" 74s.....	68	70	" 66s.....	35	38
" 76s.....	68	70	" 68s.....	35	38
" 78s.....	68	70	" 70s.....	35	38
" 80s.....	68	70	" 72s.....	35	38
" 82s.....	68	70	" 74s.....	35	38
" 84s.....	68	70	" 76s.....	35	38
" 86s.....	68	70	" 78s.....	35	38
" 88s.....	68	70	" 80s.....	35	38
" 90s.....	68	70	" 82s.....	35	38
" 92s.....	68	70	" 84s.....	35	38
" 94s.....	68	70	" 86s.....	35	38
" 96s.....	68	70	" 88s.....	35	38
" 98s.....	68	70	" 90s.....	35	38
" 100s.....	68	70	" 92s.....	35	38
" 102s.....	68	70	" 94s.....	35	38
" 104s.....	68	70	" 96s.....	35	38
" 106s.....	68	70	" 98s.....	35	38
" 108s.....	68	70	" 100s.....	35	38
" 110s.....	68	70	" 102s.....	35	38
" 112s.....	68	70	" 104s.....	35	38
" 114s.....	68	70	" 106s.....	35	38
" 116s.....	68	70	" 108s.....	35	38
" 118s.....	68	70	" 110s.....	35	38
" 120s.....	68	70	" 112s.....	35	38
" 122s.....	68	70	" 114s.....	35	38
" 124s.....	68	70	" 116s.....	35	38
" 126s.....	68	70	" 118s.....	35	38
" 128s.....	68	70	" 120s.....	35	38
" 130s.....	68	70	" 122s.....	35	38
" 132s.....	68	70	" 124s.....	35	38
" 134s.....	68	70	" 126s.....	35	38
" 136s.....	68	70	" 128s.....	35	38
" 138s.....	68	70	" 130s.....	35	38
" 140s.....	68	70	" 132s.....	35	38
" 142s.....	68	70	" 134s.....	35	38
" 144s.....	68	70	" 136s.....	35	38
" 146s.....	68	70	" 138s.....	35	38
" 148s.....	68	70	" 140s.....	35	38
" 150s.....	68	70	" 142s.....	35	38
" 152s.....	68	70	" 144s.....	35	38
" 154s.....	68	70	" 146s.....	35	38
" 156s.....	68	70	" 148s.....	35	38
" 158s.....	68	70	" 150s.....	35	38
" 160s.....	68	70	" 152s.....	35	38
" 162s.....	68	70	" 154s.....	35	38
" 164s.....	68	70	" 156s.....	35	38
" 166s.....	68	70	" 158s.....	35	38
" 168s.....	68	70	" 160s.....	35	38
" 170s.....	68	70	" 162s.....	35	38
" 172s.....	68	70	" 164s.....	35	38
" 174s.....	68	70	" 166s.....	35	38
" 176s.....	68	70	" 168s.....	35	38
" 178s.....	68	70	" 170s.....	35	38
" 180s.....	68	70	" 172s.....	35	38
" 182s.....	68	70	" 174s.....	35	38
" 184s.....	68	70	" 176s.....	35	38
" 186s.....	68	70	" 178s.....	35	38
" 188s.....	68	70	" 180s.....	35	38
" 190s.....	68	70	" 182s.....	35	38
" 192s.....	68	70	" 184s.....	35	38
" 194s.....	68	70	" 186s.....	35	38
" 196s.....	68	70	" 188s.....	35	38
" 198s.....	68	70	" 190s.....	35	38
" 200s.....	68	70	" 192s.....	35	38
" 202s.....	68	70	" 194s.....	35	38
" 204s.....	68	70	" 196s.....	35	38
" 206s.....	68	70	" 198s.....	35	38
" 208s.....	68	70	" 200s.....	35	38
" 210s.....	68	70	" 202s.....	35	38
" 212s.....	68	70	" 204s.....	35	38
" 214s.....	68	70	" 206s.....	35	38
" 216s.....	68	70	" 208s.....	35	38
" 218s.....	68	70	" 210s.....	35	38
" 220s.....	68	70	" 212s.....	35	38
" 222s.....	68	70	" 214s.....	35	38
" 224s.....	68	70	" 216s.....	35	38
" 226s.....	68	70	" 218s.....	35	38
" 228s.....	68	70	" 220s.....	35	38
" 230s.....	68	70	" 222s.....	35	38
" 232s.....	68	70	" 224s.....	35	38
" 234s.....	68	70	" 226s.....	35	38
" 236s.....	68	70	" 228s.....	35	38
" 238s.....	68	70	" 230s.....	35	38
" 240s.....	68	70	" 232s.....	35	38
" 242s.....	68	70	" 234s.....	35	38
" 244s.....	68	70	" 236s.....	35	38
" 246s.....	68	70	" 238s.....	35	38
" 248s.....	68	70	" 240s.....	35	38
" 250s.....	68	70	" 242s.....	35	38
" 252s.....	68	70	" 244s.....	35	38
" 254s.....	68	70	" 246s.....	35	38
" 256s.....	68	70	" 248s.....	35	38
" 258s.....	68	70	" 250s.....	35	38
" 260s.....	68	70	" 252s.....	35	38
" 262s.....	68	70	" 254s.....	35	38
" 264s.....	68	70	" 256s.....	35	38
" 266s.....	68	70	" 258s.....	35	38
" 268s.....	68	70	" 260s.....	35	38
" 270s.....	68	70	" 262s.....	35	38
" 272s.....	68	70	" 264s.....	35	38
" 274s.....	68	70	" 266s.....	35	38
" 276s.....	68	70	" 268s.....	35	38
" 278s.....	68	70	" 270s.....	35	38
" 280s.....	68	70	" 272s.....	35	38
" 282s.....	68	70	" 274s.....	35	38
" 284s.....	68	70	" 276s.....	35	38
" 286s.....	68	70	" 278s.....	35	38
" 288s.....	68	70	" 280s.....	35	38
" 290s.....	68	70	" 282s.....	35	38
" 292s.....	68	70	" 284s.....	35	38
" 294s.....	68	70	" 286s.....	35	38
" 296s.....	68	70	" 288s.....	35	38
" 298s.....</					

The Railway Monitor.

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RAILROAD EARNINGS (WEEKLY).—In the following table we compare the reported weekly gross earnings of the leading railroads for several weeks in 1868 and 1869:

Railroads.	Week.	Miles of road.	1868.	1869.	Inc.	Dec.
Chicago and N. West'n. Sd., Apr. 4th, " 1st, May 2d, "	1,152	231,560 279,053 274,719 269,970	244,471 337,505 277,773 271,862	12,857 337,505 33,052 1,592	41,544	
Chicago, R. Isl. & Pac., Sd., Apr. 3d, " 1st, May 2d, "		63,449 78,718 68,934	85,400 97,300 105,100 88,200	21,951 18,767 26,322 19,266		
Michigan Central, Sd., Apr. 3d, " 1st, May 2d, "	285	87,047 83,493 92,633 84,833	89,794 93,584 90,888 75,567	2,747 5,366 1,745 9,266		
Michigan Southern, Sd., Apr. 3d, " 1st, May 2d, "	524	110,615 97,809 93,578 82,921	105,523 107,481 104,056 94,319	5,092 9,672 10,468 11,393		
Toledo, Wab. & West., Sd., Apr. 3d, " 1st, May 2d, "	521	67,666 63,536 58,421 87,640	73,253 72,946 69,099 96,501	5,588 4,389 677 8,851		
Western Union, Sd., Apr. 3d, " 1st, May 2d, "	180	10,697 11,411 13,550 12,668	8,635 12,742 12,340 12,330	2,942 1,210 1,210 348		

PITTSBURG, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD.—The New York Times says: The reported pending negotiations between the Pennsylvania Railway Company, and the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Company, for the perpetual lease of the latter, we have reason to suppose have taken the form of a distinct proposition from the Pennsylvania Company to pay 12 per cent per annum in quarterly dividends, free of Government tax, upon the present capital of the Fort Wayne—\$11,500,000—and the interest upon its whole funded debt, including the yearly contribution to sinking the principal of the debt; leaving it to the Fort Wayne Company to determine the new basis of capital upon which the lease is to be paid, that is if 50 per cent should be added to the present capital, calling the whole \$17,250,000, the quarterly dividends to be at the rate of 8 per cent per annum; or if 7½ per cent should be added, calling the whole capital \$20,825,000, the quarterly dividends to be at the rate of 7 per cent per annum. The last proposition, we believe, is received with most favor. It makes a 7 per cent in vestment, free of Government tax and all contingencies.

CENTRAL OHIO RAILROAD.—At the recent meeting of the directors of the Central Ohio Railroad Company the following officers were elected: H. J. Jewett, President; Daniel Applegate, Treasurer; Wm. Wing, Secretary. The lease of the Sandusky, Mansfield and Newark Railroad was confirmed by a vote of over two millions of Central Ohio stock; also a modification of the lease to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad was sustained. This vote fixes the period of both leases to twenty years, less the time elapsed.

—At the recent meeting of the Directors of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, at Richmond, called to consider a proposition from certain wealthy capitalists to furnish \$12,000,000 in money, at six per cent interest in gold, to build and equip the above road, provided they are allowed to buy the State's interest and have control of the entire road when finished, a resolution was passed to accept the proposition.

THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD is now completed to Council Bluffs. In addition to the traffic to come to the road on the through business, the road has opened up a rich farming district which can now be reached and cultivated with profit. The Chicago Railroad Review says of the road: "The country opened up by the extension is no less rich in resources than that this side of Des Moines. Leaving Polk County, it passes on the line between Dallas and Guthrie Counties on the north, and Madison and Adair on the south, first along the fertile bottom lands of the Coon River and the valley of Bulger Creek, from which, twenty-eight miles from Des Moines, it ends by easy grades to the splendid section of the Quaker Divide, twenty miles in extent. Passing through the region of the 'divides,' it emerges, in Cass County, into a charming, a magnificent country, which continues far into Pottawottamie County, in which it finds its terminus at Council Bluffs. Not only on account of local resources, however, but its Iowa railway connections, would the line have been wisely built. The extension to Ottumwa of the Muscatine Division (now running from Wilton to Muscatine and Washington) will be doubtless made at an early day; and the pushing of this to Cameron is only a question of time, connecting not only with established routes in Iowa, Missouri, and Kansas, but with prospective lines to the Indian Territory and Texas." In addition to the work on the extension, extensive repairs have been made upon the road; 150,000 new ties were laid, and 125,000 will be added this year. Two heavy grades have been cut down, one at Davenport and another at Iowa City. The gross earnings of the road for the year ending March 31, 1869, were \$5,231,979 74. The operating expenses are stated at a fraction less than fifty per cent, including taxes. The annual report will be ready to be presented to the Directors at the annual meeting, to be held the first week in June at Chicago.

For other railroad items see "COMMERCIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS NEWS" on a previous page.

EARNINGS OF PRINCIPAL RAILROADS.

Atlantic & Great Western.				Chicago and Alton.			
1866.	1867.	1868.	1869.	1867.	1868.	1869.	1869.
(507 m.)	(507 m.)	(507 m.)	(507 m.)	(280 m.)	(280 m.)	(431 m.)	(431 m.)
\$504,992	\$361,137	\$394,771	Jan... \$243,737	\$276,116	\$339,762		
408,864	377,852	395,286	Feb... 157,532	275,139	304,827		
388,480	438,046	318,219	Mar... 235,961	267,004	293,648		
394,533	443,029	421,063	April... 282,165	279,121	331,148		
451,477	459,370	355,447	May... 335,510	303,242			
474,441	380,796	352,169	June... 342,357	384,564			
462,674	400,116	341,266	July... 354,244	404,012			
528,618	475,257	407,888	Aug... 415,982	558,100			
526,959	483,867	477,795	Sept... 408,999	496,196			
541,491	477,528	459,586	Oct... 426,752	593,745			
497,350	440,596	454,081	Nov... 329,103	439,468			
368,581	350,837		Dec... 330,169	361,709			
5,476,276	5,094,421		Year... 3,892,361	4,508,642			

Chicago & Northwestern.				Chicago, Rock Is. and Pacific.			
1867.	1868.	1869.	1869.	1867.	1868.	1869.	1869.
(1,152 m.)	(1,152 m.)	(1,152 m.)	(1,152 m.)	(410 m.)	(454 m.)	(540 m.)	(540 m.)
\$696,147	\$724,590	\$871,218	Jan... \$292,047	\$308,587	\$333,300	Jan... \$243,737	\$276,116
\$74,664	\$87,478	\$97,254	Feb... 224,621	297,464	208,909	Feb... 157,532	275,139
\$75,134	\$80,192	\$114,258	Mar... 272,454	276,431	398,730	Mar... 235,961	267,004
\$74,280	\$104,597	\$109,378	April... 280,283	288,700	362,900	April... 282,165	279,121
\$95,712	\$106,796		May... 251,916	308,591		May... 335,510	303,242
\$85,357	\$116,444		June... 261,480	366,300		June... 342,357	384,564
\$80,324	\$101,466		July... 274,500	329,800		July... 354,244	404,012
\$106,236	\$126,831		Aug... 404,600	478,600		Aug... 415,982	558,100
\$141,234	\$158,488		Sept... 517,702	\$444,900		Sept... 408,999	496,196
\$154,056	\$174,905		Oct... 558,200	\$559,900		Oct... 426,752	593,745
\$1,210,587	\$1,335,334		Nov... 545,400	\$401,100		Nov... 329,103	439,468
\$18,088	\$1,001,892		Dec... 531,600	\$381,400		Dec... 330,169	361,709
1,712,248	13,429,584		Year... 4,108,108	4,487,791		Year... 3,892,361	4,508,642

Illinois Central.				Marietta and Cincinnati.			
1867.	1868.	1869.	1869.	1867.	1868.	1869.	1869.
(708 m.)	(708 m.)	(708 m.)	(708 m.)	(251 m.)	(251 m.)	(251 m.)	(251 m.)
\$547,119	\$587,442	\$631,656	Jan... \$243,737	\$276,116	\$339,762		
524,871	536,165	558,732	Feb... 157,532	275,139	304,827		
417,071	444,443	608,730	Mar... 235,961	267,004	293,648		
440,271	518,800	595,355	April... 282,165	279,121	331,148		
477,007	572,551		May... 335,510	303,242			
516,494	626,248		June... 342,357	384,564			
525,242	649,714		July... 354,244	404,012			
709,326	704,325		Aug... 415,982	558,100			
738,530	589,966		Sept... 408,999	496,196			
823,901	931,529		Oct... 426,752	593,745			
727,809	685,400		Nov... 329,103	439,468			
613,330	651,040		Dec... 330,169	361,709			
7,160,991	7,817,620		Year... 1,258,713	1,294,095			

Milwaukee & St. Paul.				Ohio & Mississippi.			
1867.	1868.	1869.	1869.	1867.	1868.	1869.	1869.
(735 m.)	(820 m.)	(820 m.)	(820 m.)	(340 m.)	(340 m.)	(340 m.)	(340 m.)
\$319,765	\$368,487	\$454,130	Jan... \$243,737	\$276,116	\$339,762		
240,756	300,854	330,223	Feb... 157,532	275,139	304,827		
267,145	333,221	420,774	Mar... 235,961	267,004	293,648		
318,368	435,629	460,287	April... 282,165	279,121	331,148		
401,892	565,718		May... 335,510	303,242			
369,358	458,094		June... 342,357	384,564			
365,404	423,247		July... 354,244	404,012			
350,564	522,545		Aug... 415,982	558,100			
751,739	1,023,520		Sept... 408,999	496,196			
1,101,718	1,037,434		Oct... 426,752	593,745			
766,617	529,927		Nov... 329,103	439,468			
438,325	468,796		Dec... 330,169	361,709			
5,633,609	6,517,562		Year... 3,459,319	2,964,039			

Toledo, Wab. & Western.				Western Union.			
1867.	1868.	1869.	1869.	1867.	1868.	1869.	1869.
(521 m.)	(521 m.)	(521 m.)	(521 m.)	(180 m.)	(180 m.)	(180 m.)	(180 m.)
\$237,674	\$278,712	\$324,192	Jan... \$243,737	\$276,116	\$339,762		
200,793	265,793	265,137	Feb... 157,532	275,139	304,827		
270,630	263,259	352,704	Mar... 235,961	267,004	293,648		
317,052	292,385	317,332	April... 282,165	279,121	331,148		
329,078	260,529		May... 335,510	303,242			
304,810	293,674		June... 342,357	384,564			
309,591	285,422		July... 354,244	404,012			
364,723	484,484		Aug... 415,982	558,100			
382,996	450,203		Sept... 408,999	496,196			
406,766	430,766		Oct... 426,752	593,745			
351,759	328,279		Nov... 329,103	439,468			
307,948	320,756		Dec... 330,169	361,709			
3,783,899	3,052,067		Year... 74,567	\$164,971			

Imports of Leading Articles.

The following table, compiled from Custom House returns, show the foreign imports of certain leading articles of commerce at this port for the last week, since Jan. 1, 1869, and for the corresponding period in 1868:

[The quantity is given in packages when not otherwise specified.]

	For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1869.	Same time 1868.		For the week.	Since Jan. 1, 1869.	Same time 1868.
China, Glass and Earthenware—				Metals, &c—			
China	113	3,850	2,359	Cutlery	58	1,701	1,579
Earthenware	561	2,799	15,450	Hardware	50	1,982	2,564
Glass	11,518	233,442	157,107	Iron, IR bars	19,161	249,655	141,106
Glassware	46	5,913	33,397	Lead, pigs	3,000	201,569	161,459
Glass plate	182	4,728	1,596	Steel	54,620	5,897,923	1,357,199
Buttons	86	2,452	3,120	Tin, boxes	2,355	61,974	59,310
Coal, tons	1,411	16,531	20,429	Tin snails, lbs	16,379	491,428	281,453
Cocoa, bags	939	11,421	4,875	Rags	436	41,452	15,309
Coffee, bags	87,539	471,445	424,902	Sugar, hds, tes & bbls	13,897	165,214	174,594
Cotton bales	32	917	111	Sugars, boxes & bags	11,095	385,325	366,900
Drugs, &c—				Tea	16,107	513,672	548,514
Bark, Peruvian	517	8,729	4,721	Tobacco	1,064	19,635	15,580
Blea powders	450	13,549	10,538	Waste	28	803	506
Brimstone, tons	4	6,001	4,298	Wines, &c	1,629	48,554	32,966
Cochineal	329	1,302	1,752	Wines	16,141	21,806	31,311
Cream Tartar	5	818	651	Wool, bales	821	21,806	15,466
Gambier	11,368	8,896	8,896	Articles reported by value—			
Gums, crude	44	1,472	1,672	Cigars	\$4,281	\$236,623	\$216,258
Gum, Arabic	70	1,472	1,672	Corks	2,294	47,073	49,396
Indigo	13	3,378	2,263	Fancy goods	34,172	756,160	407,585
Madder	631	5,085	3,347	Fish	46,430	337,800	164,526
Oils, essence	11	57	125	Fruits, &c—	11,530	100,000	101,387
Oil, Olive	2,329	28,582	16,325	Lemons	5,142	430,448	426,751
Opium	2	341	399	Nuts	13,780	379,732	229,890
Soda, bi-carb.	4,160	46,108	36,958	Raisins	581,541	612,201	612,201
Soda, sal	1,410	19,329	20,353	Hides dressed	112,287	4,550,655	3,258,118
Soda, ash	481	17,336	15,362	Rice	11,284	165,693	352,132
Flax	58	854	521	Spices, &c—			
Furs	2,391	1,762	1,762	Cassia	127,171	60,860	5,425
Gunny cloth	3,106	6,657	6,657	Ginger	16,574	72,316	72,316
Hair	210	4,572	2,365	Pepper	48,316	114,000	160
Hemp, bales	50	46,503	51,252	Saltpetre	6,285	114,000	160
Hides, &c—				Woods	1,663	70,105	62,943
Bristles	11	696	34	Fustic	38,066	82,943	82,943
Hides, dressed	165	5,306	3,118	Logwood	11,454	181,123	126,789
India rubber	1,325	18,391	11,288	Mahogany	36,929	34,920	34,920
Ivory	2	1,073	814				
Jewelry, &c—							
Jewelry	27	874	93				
Watches	2	433	415				
Linseed	11,030	235,462	195,275				
Molasses	5,712	89,438	77,237				

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., May 21, 1869.

By special telegrams received by us to-night from each of the Southern ports we are in possession of the returns showing the receipts, exports, &c., of cotton for the week ending this evening, May 21. From the figures thus obtained it appears that the total receipts for the seven days have reached 18,098 bales, (against 22,201 bales last week, 22,450 bales the previous week, and 21,087 bales three weeks since,) making the aggregate receipts since September 1, 1868 up to this date, 2,224,083 bales (of which 241,000 bales are overland shipments direct to the mills), against 2,285,644 bales (of which 175,000 bales are overland shipments), for the same period in 1867, being an excess last season over this season of 61,561 bales. The details of the receipts for this week (as per telegraph) and the corresponding week of 1868 are as follows:

	(Receipts—)	(Receipts—)		(Receipts—)	(Receipts—)
	1869.	1868.		1869.	1868.
Received this week at—			Received this week at—		
New Orleans	4,802	1,052	Florida	214	635
Mobile	2,583	620	North Carolina	157	331
Charleston	1,686	810	Virginia	2,561	417
Savannah	3,536	2,509			
Texas	782	1,737	Total receipts	18,098	8,590
Tennessee, &c	1,747	488	Increase this year		9,495

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 41,626 bales, of which 28,605 were to Great Britain, and 13,021 bales to the Continent, while the stocks at all the ports as made up this evening, are now 199,898 bales. Below we give the exports and stocks for the week, and also for the corresponding week of last season, as telegraphed to us by our own correspondents at the various ports to-night:

	(Exported to—)	Total	Same week	(Stock—)	(Stock—)
	1869.	1868.	1869.	1869.	1868.
Week ending May 21.					
New Orleans	7,749	7,746	15,495	4,153	30,945
Mobile	4,005	4,005	6,989	30,587	18,600
Charleston	2,177	2,177	6,843	11,282	7,910
Savannah	8,405	2,940	11,405	14,402	8,102
Texas	5,159	1,026	6,215	65,567	67,136
New York	1,309	1,309	2,329	19,281	30,170
Other ports					
Total	28,605	13,021	41,626	22,757	169,115

From the foregoing statement it will be seen that, compared with the corresponding week of last season, there is an increase in the exports this week of 18,869 bales, while the stocks to-night are 30,783 bales more than they were at this time a year ago. The following is our usual table showing the movement of cotton at all the ports since Sept. 1, according to the latest mail returns. We do not include our telegrams to-night, as

we cannot insure the accuracy or obtain the detail necessary, by telegraph:

Receipts and Exports of Cotton (bales) since Sept. 1, and Stocks at Dates Mentioned.

PORTS.	RECEIPTS SINCE SEPT. 1.		EXPORTED SINCE SEPT. 1 TO—				Shipments to Nor. Ports.	Stock.
	1868.	1867.	Great Britain.	France.	Other Foreign.	Total.		
New Orleans	765,468	576,137	301,270	147,539	100,237	552,046	181,483	67,556
Mobile	216,965	331,343	119,683	14,382	7,818	141,883	32,966	35,114
Charleston	182,896	234,808	48,231	...	5,056	51,287	125,598	9,810
Savannah	385,257	474,971	111,827	16,218	12,250	140,295	169,808	26,014
Texas	138,104	95,424	54,044	...	19,344	73,388	44,232	7,600
New York	95,684	106,425	220,360	17,532	54,991	292,876	...	65,567
Florida	15,398	28,017	...	229	...	229	...	...
North Carolina	24,240	31,658	...	...	...	...	31,230	...
Virginia	146,077	146,499	6,232	...	...	6,232	138,544	1,231
Other ports	287,794	253,886	11,068	...	8,022	19,090	...	18,000
Total this year	2,217,913	...	875,715	195,890	305,721	1,377,326	333,723	228,502
Total last year	2,282,148	1,169,753	187,967	212,434	157,014	750,048	182,827	...

*Under this head we have added the overland shipments direct to manufacturer to April 24, as follows: for the present year 241,000 bales, and for last year 175,000 bales.

The market the past week was very quiet early in the week, but later became more active, until to-day, with the decided fall in gold, it returned to its dull quiet state. Prices have been without change, though much of the time rather weak on the low grades, but very firm on the high grades. Saturday the offerings were fair but not pressed, the tone of the market being less buoyant, without, however, any change in quotations either here or at Liverpool. Monday, with the upward movement in gold, prices hardened a little, especially for the better grades, but the market was quiet. On Tuesday there was no market at Liverpool, and very little doing here, and the close was heavy and dull. Wednesday gold rose to 144, closing at 143½, which left a margin for the execution of some shipping orders, and led to considerable activity, although the Liverpool market closed flat at 11½@11¼d. for middling uplands. Thursday, Liverpool returned to its old quotation of 11¼d. for middling uplands, and with gold steady, the market became quite active, and the offerings at the close very limited, the sales reaching 5,883 bales. But to-day gold has declined to 141½, under the announcement of further sales by the Treasury, and consequently cotton is dull, with the foreign advices unfavorable, the closing quotations at Liverpool being 11¼d. for middling uplands. For future delivery the sales only reach 300 bales, of which 100 were for July, at 27½c; 100 for June, at 27½c; and 100 on private terms. The total sales for immediate delivery this week foot up 17,308 bales (including 944 bales to arrive), of which 5,913 bales were taken by spinners; 1,155 bales on speculation; 8,356 bales for export; 1,884 bales in transit, and the following are the closing quotations:

	Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	New Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	25 @	25½ @	25½ @	25½ @
Good Ordinary	26 @	26½ @	26½ @	26½ @
Low Middling	27½ @	28 @	28½ @	28½ @
Middling	28½ @	29 @	29½ @	29½ @

Below we give the sales and price of middling cotton at this market each day of the past week:

	Total Upland & Florida.	Mobile.	New Orleans.	Texas.
Saturday	2,157	28½ @	29 @	29½ @
Monday	2,369	28½ @	29 @	29½ @
Tuesday	1,777	28½ @	29 @	29½ @
Wednesday	3,368	28½ @	29 @	29½ @
Thursday	5,883	28½ @	29 @	29½ @
Friday	1,754	28½ @	29 @	29½ @

THE GROWING CROP.—We continue to hear of excessive rains attended with cold and unseasonable weather, in Alabama, in portions of Mississippi and all along the Atlantic coast, and consequently receive discouraging accounts as to the condition of the cotton plant in those sections. In Texas, Louisiana, and in that vicinity, the weather has been more favorable; but the overflow of the rivers in those States has for some time threatened considerable damage—as yet, however, without serious results. But, taken as a whole, the crop is now without doubt very backward and unpromising. Replanting has become necessary in some districts, and is going forward as rapidly as circumstances will permit.

RECEIPTS.—The receipts at the ports this week are again in excess of the amount generally anticipated for this period, and yet the month began with the interior stocks so much larger than last year, and they are being so rapidly diminished that the receipts are easily accounted for. Stocks at the inland ports are now reduced to about 24,000 bales, against 55,000 bales on the 1st of May, and 14,000 bales at this time last year. With this reduction, it is probable that next week's receipts will be considerably less than the total we give to-night for the past seven days, and that after that a marked falling off may be looked for. There seems to be a general impression here that more cotton remains in planters' hands now than at this time last season. Be this as it may, there is little reason for supposing that it will be hurried to market as long as the present uncertainties hang about the growing crop.

Exports of Cotton (bales) from New York since Sept. 1, 1868

The following are the receipts of cotton at New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore for the last week, and since September 1, 1868:

Shipping News.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per latest mail returns, have reached 30,449 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these are the same exports reported by telegraph, and published in the CHRONICLE last Friday week back. With regard to New York, we include the exports for only up to Tuesday night, to make the figures correspond with the manifest of last week. Below we give a list of the vessels in which these shipments from all ports, both North and South, have been made:

To Liverpool, per steamers Pennsylvania 1,924	Total bales.
141.....Marathon 600, and 6 Sea Island.....Minnesota 1,688, and 50	
Sea Island.....Kangaroo 20.....City of London 579.....Helvetia 526	
.....China 1,056	
To Havre per steamer Lafayette 674	
To Bremen per steamer	

Total exports of cotton from the United States this week	....bales.	30,445
The particulars of these shipments arranged in our usual form, are as follows :		

The particulars of these shipments arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

Gold Exchange and Freights.	23,685	3,324	2,702	263	475	301	30,449
between 139½ and 144½, and the							
exchange closed weak. A careful							
close to-night was 141½.							

.....	23,655	3,324	2,702	.....	.....	2,235
.....	.....	.....	263	475	30	2,491

between 1894 and 1895. —Gold has fluctuated the past week exchange closed weak. A careful scrutiny is made of Produce bills, owing to the heavy failure of yesterday. Closing rates were 109½ for prime bankers' 60 days, 110½ for prime bankers' 3 days, and 108½@108¾ for prime commercial. Freights closed firm at 8-16d by steam to Liverpool.

By TELEGRAPH.—The following rates were quoted at 12-15d by

PR TELEGRAPH.—The following despatches from the Southern ports and from Liverpool contain some matters of interest not given above :—

Boston, Mass., May 21.—Net receipts of the week, 730 bales; coastwise, 2,500 bales—total, 3,230 bales. Exports—to Great Britain, 120 bales; to the Continent, none. Stock on hand, 10,000 bales.

Baltimore, Md., May 21.—Net receipts of the week, 440 bales; coastwise, 270 bales—total, 810 bales. Exports—to Great Britain, 900 bales; to the Continent, 1,080 bales. Stock on hand, 1,063 bales.

75,500	590	4,083	4,659	50,940
	33,000	63,771	4,915	10,160
337,820			135,587	21,580
	76,250	124,943		615,570
			224,211	

Total....	267,430	337,830	76,250	134,943	234,311	915,120
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The following statement shows the sales and imports of cotton for the week and year, and also the stocks of produce on hand on Thursday evening last:

SALES, ETC., OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.									
Sales this week.				Total		Same		Average	
Trade.	port.	tion.	Total.	this	year.	period	1865.	1866.	1867.
American, bales.	13,130	1,060	1,300	15,450	465,470	774,570	19,110	29,967	
Brazilian.....	8,300	1,530	.....	9,830	172,740	258,150	7,510	10,610	
Egyptian.....	2,810	330	30	3,170	83,210	134,420	7,850	4,920	
West Indian.....	1,130	60	.....	1,190	25,190	39,330	1,270	1,660	
East Indian.....	11,860	4,180	1,420	16,960	536,570	439,210	14,500	11,100	
Total.....	36,840	7,160	2,650	46,650	1,283,180	1,705,620	46,570	58,250	

Of the present stock of cotton in Liverpool 42½ per cent is American, against 68 per cent last year. Of Indian cotton the proportion is 18 per cent, against 9 per cent.

LONDON, May 8.—The cotton trade has continued dull, and a further decline of ½d has taken place in prices. The following are the particulars of imports, deliveries and stocks:

Imports.				Stocks.			
To this	To this	Total.	Same	This	Same	Dec. 31,	1865.
date	date	1866.	1865.	date	date	1866.	1865.
1866.	1865.	1866.	1865.	1866.	1865.	1866.	1865.

Imports, Jan. 1 to May 6..... Bales. 1867. 1868. 1869.
 Deliveries..... 42,170 55,352 99,764
 Stocks May 6..... 40,919 118,381 170,072
 Stocks May 6..... 45,011 41,108 74,321

ALEXANDRIA, April 23.—The amount of business doing in cotton is very limited, but fine qualities are scarce and command full prices. Fair open is quoted at 12½@13d; good fair 13½d and upward, free on board, with freight. The exports since the commencement of the season have been:

From—

Nov. 1, 1865, to April 22, 1866..... bales. 124,015 41,240 165,255

Same period 1867-8..... 143,435 36,949 180,384

" " 1866-7..... 143,736 26,894 170,630

" " 1865-6..... 122,603 25,371 147,974

" " 1864-5..... 173,315 33,705 207,020

TOBACCO.

FRIDAY, P. M., May 21, 1866.

There is a decrease in the exports of crude tobacco this week, the total from all the ports reaching 2,253 hhds., 470 cases, and 456 bales, against 4,927 hhds., 1,259 cases, 411 bales, 167 hhds. stems, and 77 tierces for the previous seven days. Of these exports for this week, 1,891 hhds., 440 cases, and 42 bales were from New York; 7 hhds. from Baltimore; 13 hhds, 4 cases, and 114 bales from Boston. The direction of the shipments of hhds. was as follows: To Bremen, 646; to Havre, 1,189; to Liverpool, 63; to Gibraltar, 212, and the balance to different ports. During the same period the exports of manufactured tobacco reached 147,954 lbs., of which 68,196 were to Liverpool. The full particulars of the week's shipments from all the ports were as follows:

Exp'd this week from	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Hhds.	Tes.	Pkgs.	Man'd
New York.....	1,891	440	42	.....	.....	107	147,954
Baltimore.....	7	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boston.....	13	4	114	.....	.....	104	.....
Philadelphia.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Orleans.....	328	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Portland.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
San Francisco.....	26	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Norfolk.....	14	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	2,253	470	156	.....	.....	211	147,954
Total last week.....	4,927	1,259	411	167	77	41	237,010
Total previous week.....	2,441	941	377	.....	1	769	311,14

Below we give our usual table showing the total export of Tobacco from all the ports of the United States, and their direction, since November 1, 1865:

Exports of Tobacco from the United States since November 1, 1865.

To	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Cer's	Stems.	Pkgs.	Man'd
Great Britain.....	4,082	748	688	350	.....	1,905	1,071,186
Germany.....	12,560	11,062	8,198	617	1,574	219	103,501
Belgium.....	1,569	132	100	.....	.....	.....	36,364
Holland.....	5,311	600	100	1	268	204	12,335
Denmark.....	388	277	151	.....	.....	.....	.....
Italy.....	686	122	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,316
France.....	5,180	302	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,386
Spain, Gibralt. &c.....	7,733	903	355	.....	14	180	96,489
Mediterranean.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Austria.....	843	327	.....	.....	.....	.....	15,024
Africa, &c.....	.....	756	.....	.....	.....	.....	18,730
China, India, &c.....	.....	3 0	2	24	.....	8	975,197
B. N. Am. Prov.....	208	324	511	.....	1,457	136,004	.....
South America.....	219	778	1,995	.....	1,676	11,573	.....
West Indies.....	746	307	1,315	17	1,172	270,660	.....
East Indies.....	.....	261	.....	.....	.....	1	2,900
Mexico.....	.....	41	89	.....	.....	.....	5,463
Honolulu, &c.....	.....	181	.....	.....	.....	.....	127,849
All others.....	161	69	1,504	2	.....	.....	.....
Total since Nov 1.....	39,057	17,342	16,302	1,015	1,856	7,317	3,094,440

The following table indicates the ports from which the above exports have been shipped:

From	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Tes. & stems.	Pkgs.	Man'd.
New York.....	20,311	15,020	13,405	888	14	4,334
Baltimore.....	148 9	63	150	50	1,845	228
Boston.....	718	1,639	2,109	80	.....	3,167
Philadelphia.....	2,581	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
New Orleans.....	2,581	2	.....	.....	.....	.....
San Francisco.....	.....	553	59	.....	.....	303
Virginia.....	282	.....	.....	47	.....	.....
Portland.....	.....	15	.....	.....	89	3,850
Total since Nov 1.....	39,057	17,342	16,302	1,015	1,856	7,317

The market the past week has continued active and buoyant for Kentucky Leaf, and otherwise quiet.

Kentucky Leaf has met with an active export demand, and prices of low grades are again a half cent per lb higher. The sales for the week amount to 1,500 hhds, including lines to fill government contracts for France, Spain and Italy. There has also been some business for the North of Europe. But the local trade and cutters view the movement with indifference, and do not believe the advance can be maintained. We have the usual reports of damage to the plants of the growing crops, and there seems no doubt that the crop of last year was generally over-estimated by at least 10,000 hhds. But trade is dull, and no doubts are entertained of an adequate supply.

Seed Leaf has been quiet, though generally pretty firm. The accounts from Brazil have led to some movement in fillers, but the market is dull and weak. The advance in gold had no perceptible effect on currency prices. The sales of the week embrace 400 cases Old, New Ohio, State and Pennsylvania fillers, at 8@9 c.; 110 Old Crop Connecticut wrappers at 18@22 c.; 200 State wrappers, crop of 1868, at 16@22 c. Spanish tobacco is sparingly offered, except at some advance in currency prices, which buyers are unwilling to pay. Sales, 250 bales Havana, at \$1 02@1 10; 100 do., Yara, private terms. Manufactured tobacco remains quiet.

The receipts of tobacco at New York this week, and since Nov. 1 have been as follows:

RECEIPTS AT NEW YORK SINCE NOVEMBER 1, 1865.					
From	This week.	Previously.	Till in Nov. 1.	Nov. 1.	Nov. 1.
	hhd.	pkgs.	hhd.	pkgs.	hhd.
Virginia.....	109	1,383	4,013	26,558	4,121
Baltimore.....	43	23	964	1,800	1,007
New Orleans.....	1	.....	112	461	113
Ohio, &c.....	2,937	596	16,343	22,566	19,230
Other.....	.....	.....	349	537	349
Total.....	3,090	2,002	21,730	51,922	24,870

The following are the exports of tobacco from New York for the past week:

EXPORTS OF TOBACCO FROM NEW YORK.*					
	Hhds.	Cases.	Bales.	Pkgs.	Man'd.
Liverpool.....	63	.....	.....	.....	68,196
Antwerp.....	49	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bremen.....	40	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rotterdam.....	346	331	40	.....	.....
Gibraltar.....	212	.....	.....	.....	.....
Adelaide and Dunedin.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	43,687
Havre.....	1,189	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hamburg.....	.....	2	.....	.....	.....
Danish West Indies.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,760
Dutch West Indies.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,162
Canada.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	15
British N. A. Colonies.....	2	.....	.....	.....	14,905
British West Indies.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cuba.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,645
Haiti.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	92
Central America.....	7	.....	.....	.....	199
New Granada.....	45	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brazil.....	15	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total.....	1,891	440	42	107	147,954

* The exports in this table to European ports are made up from manifests, verified and corrected by an inspection of the cargo.

The direction of the foreign exports for the week, from the other ports, has been as follows:

From Baltimore—To West Indies 7 hhds.
 From Boston—To Africa 13 hhds, 114 bales.... To Halifax and Charlotetown 8 cases.... To St. Johns 21 bxs.... To British Provinces 1 case, 10 bxs, 32 hf do, and 41 pkgs.
 From New Orleans—To Bremen, 300 hhds.... To Liverpool, 28 hhds.
 From San Francisco—To Hong Kong 25 cases.... To Yokohama 1 case.
 From Norfolk—To Liverpool, 14 hhds.

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, May 21, 1866, P. M.

The market for breadstuffs has been very unsettled the past week and so closes.

Flour has arrived more freely, and the trade has been very dull, but good lines of extra State have been more saleable for export, favored by the advance in Exchange, by which prices have been sustained—about 12,000 bbls. having been sold, mostly for London, at \$6 35@6 45, with freight 1s. 3d. @1s. 6d. But other brands of Flour, whether low or high grade, have met with a slow sale. Prices have been with difficulty supported. Receivers at this season are unwilling to store Flour and press sales from wharf, which contributes to the weakness of prices.

Wheat has arrived to a moderate extent from the Canal, and these supplies have been quickly taken up for export mostly at \$1 45 for No. 2 Spring, though there has been some business for shipment at \$1 50 for No. 1 Spring, and \$1 55@1 57 for Red Winter Canada, in bond. The decline abroad was counterbalanced by the rise in gold, until to-day, with an advance of one penny per cental in Liverpool,

we have a decline of two per cent in gold. The advance in ocean freights has added to the difficulty of sustaining prices. At to-day's market the offerings of Spring were but limited, and No. 2 closed quiet at \$1 45, and White California at \$1 67@1 70.

Corn has been very unsettled. Much of the receipts of new Corn have been in a very damaged condition, and with no distilling demand to afford support very low prices have been accepted. The range has been from 50c. to 90c. per bushel, but mostly at 65c.@85c. for new mixed. Old Corn is becoming scarce, and in view of the bad condition of the new, brings full prices.

Oats were pressed down by liberal receipts and a desire to reduce stocks in store, but at the decline became active and closed more steady. Rye has also been dull and drooping, though in reduced stock. Barley is very dull; some parcels new Hungarian have been closed out at \$1 75. Barley Malt is in large supply and dull. In Canada Peas we notice the sale of a cargo of 7,800 bushels which arrived through this Spring by Canal, at \$1 23, for Liverpool, with 4d freight.

The receipts of grain at the Western Ports were again smaller last week than the corresponding week of 1868, but for the week just closing will show a considerable increase:

The following are closing quotations:

Flour—		Corn Meal.....	
Superfine.....	60 60 60	Wheat, Spring, per bush.	1 35 1/2 4 85
Extra State.....	6 20 6 50	Red Winter.....	1 50 1 60
Shipping R. hoop Ohio.	6 30 6 60	Amberdo.....	1 65 1 70
Extra Western, com-	6 20 6 50	White.....	1 65 1 70
mon to good.....		Corn, Western Mix'd, old	92 95
Double Extra Western	6 75 11 50	Western Mixed, new...	65 88
and St. Louis.....	6 40 7 00	Yellow new.....	@ 88
Southern supers.....		White new.....	@ 88
Southern, extra and	7 15 11 25	Rye.....	1 20 1 30
family.....	7 00 9 75	Oats, West.....	78 79
California.....		Barley.....	1 65 1 80
Rye Flour, fine and super-	4 75 7 00	Malt.....	1 80 1 90
fine.....		Peas Canada.....	1 20 1 50

The movement in breadstuffs at this market has been as follows:

	1869.	1868.
	For the week.	For the week.
Flour, bbls.....	45,595	46,575
Corn meal, bbls.....	2,595	4,220
Wheat, bush.....	52,450	169,565
Corn, bush.....	129,365	261,130
Rye, bush.....	461	34,130
Barley, &c., bush.....	19,130	59,439
Oats, bush.....	111,965	86,335

OREIGN EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE JAN. 1.

To	Flour, bbls.	C. meal, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Rye, bush.	Barley, bush.	Oats, bush.	Corn, bush.
Gr. Brit. week.....	3,919	18,334	.....	.....	.....	.....	62,497
Since Jan. 1.....	77,272	10 2,769,170	.....	.....	.....	.....	17,000 1,146,980
N. A. Col. week.....	2,713	1,116	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,000
Since Jan. 1.....	47,157	15,175	.....	.....	.....	.....	16,549
West Ind. week.....	3,089	426	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,830
Since Jan. 1.....	131,697	12,978	.....	.....	.....	.....	21,042 70,415
Total exp't. week 14,657	1,647	189,234	.....	.....	.....	.....	5 67,717
Since Jan. 1, 1869, 345,905	65,329	2,828,724	.....	.....	.....	.....	29,079 1,257,636
Same time, 1868, 307,475	76,325	1,960,505	152,938	.....	.....	.....	36,894 2,985,151

Since Jan. 1 from—

Boston.....	52,784	12,620	.....	.....	.....	.....	61,238 8,121
Philadelphia.....	31,643	18,701	2,214	.....	.....	.....	6,452 56,501
Baltimore.....	105,764	12,902	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 3,028 425,463

IN STORE IN NEW YORK WAREHOUSES:

	May 17.	May 10.	1869.	1867.
Wheat.....	914,700	1,062,042	813,699	731,330
Corn.....	275,265	304,173	1,079,922	261,092
Oats.....	534,061	613,166	548,870	608,944
Barley.....	114,312	17,684	8,438	145,706
Rye.....	69,369	107,502	59,031	189,804
Peas.....	24,319	35,821	18,301	16,461
Malt.....	100,705	77,677	.....	.....
Total grain, bushels.....	2,042,661	2,305,053	1,950,463	1,949,887

RECEIPTS AT LAKE PORTS for the week ending May 15, viz.:

At	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
Chicago.....	44,440	174,662	463,600	233,214	4,469	6,291
Milwaukee.....	17,419	311,669	2,501	29,283	944	1,224
Toledo.....	18,438	39,270	106,330	43,915	.....	237
Detroit.....	16,929	28,085	4,525	3,875	66	.....
Cleveland.....	3,060	41,365	6,700	12,700	950	.....
Totals.....	95,416	598,551	588,655	392,937	6,429	8,258
Previous week.....	93,533	469,041	534,597	297,817	5,103	9,940
Correspond'g week, '68.	77,764	611,876	580,942	261,725	4,424	4,824
" '67.	56,755	272,355	846,655	256,300	25,052	11,513
" '66.	91,670	964,139	985,696	133,632	10,918	45,140

Comparative receipts at the same ports, from January 1 to May 15:

	1869.	1868.	1867.	1866.
Flour, bbls.....	1,978,314	1,267,533	1,654,270	1,168,135
Wheat, bush.....	7,224,023	4,800,781	8,077,740	5,323,510
Corn, bush.....	10,045,380	10,388,296	7,760,435	6,021,253
Oats, bush.....	3,301,074	2,768,519	1,888,840	2,607,339
Barley, bush.....	377,469	370,040	486,330	253,538
Rye, bush.....	450,723	172,848	372,306	346,406
Total grain, bush.....	21,399,168	18,498,486	18,585,541	14,557,042

STWARD MOVEMENT OF FLOUR AND GRAIN from Chicago, Milwaukee

Toledo for the week ending May 15, 1869:

	Flour, bbls.	Wheat, bush.	Corn, bush.	Oats, bush.	Barley, bush.	Rye, bush.
Total.....	75,124	540,020	478,477	174,687	250	3,169
Previous week.....	67,648	375,193	562,366	240,993	570	1,765
Cor. week, 1868.....	60,929	424,719	337,189	126,178	.....	1,005
" 1867.....	28,969	133,105	552,143	76,105	5,500	45,423
" 1866.....	58,230	474,103	1,521,875	448,392	50,161	13,680

GROCERIES.

FRIDAY EVENING, May 21, 1869.

The controlling cause in the direction of the markets for Groceries this week, as for others, has been the rapidly varying and exciting phases of the market for gold. This has been enhanced by the heavy failure of Messrs. Schepeler & Co. and some attendant ones of minor importance; none of them, however, in the direct line of the business under review. The effect of the rise in the price of gold has been uniformly to check the operations of jobbers and subdue such life as there may previously have been in the different branches of the Grocery trade. There has been no material advance in current prices, but the consequent unsettling of values where-ever gold is an element of calculation has operated to the temporary disadvantage of all lines of Groceries. Yesterday and to-day, with the decline in gold, matters begin to assume a more encouraging look, and a better general trade is expected.

Coffee has been inactive and during the latter portion of the week entirely unmoved. The price of gold placing it beyond the power of jobbers to buy at such terms, paying gold, as would give them any margin for resale, Teas have been taken during the week at prices which have been irregular and weaker.

Sugars have been strengthened by the state of the gold market, but rendered quiet until toward the close, when refiners purchased more freely. Molasses has been steady, with a good demand for all the better grades.

Imports of the week have included only one cargo of tea—of Japans; 13,194 bags of Rio coffee, and cargoes also of Maracaibo and Laguayra. Imports of sugar have been liberal in boxes, bags and hogsheds. Of molasses the receipts are only moderate. In regard to the sugar movement at Havana and Matanzas, the Havana Weekly Report says:

The receipts at the warehouses from 1st Jan. to date amount to 879,436 bxs, against 959,380 bxs during the same period in 1868; the exports up to date from Havana and Matanzas exceed those of last year by 48,079 bxs; and the stocks at both ports to-day amount to 389,382 bxs, a decrease of 126,571 bxs when compared with those at same date last year.

The imports at New York for the week, and the several ports since January 1, are given below under the respective heads. The totals are as follows:

	At N. York.	Total at all ports
	this Week.	From Jan 1 to date—1869.
Tea.....	691,632	23,465,983
Tea (indirect import).....	15,293	4,265
Coffee, Rio.....	13,194	506,550
Coffee, other.....	5,482	189,580
Sugar.....	20,531	355,697
Sugar.....	18,779	257,890
Sugar.....	9,000	249,234
Molasses.....	7,355	193,235
Molasses, New Orleans.....	.....	17,497

TEA.

Prices for all descriptions have been very much unsettled. Some holders have demanded full rates, while others have disposed of their stocks at the best current figures. It may safely be said that most of the sales of the week under review have been made at poor prices. Paying in gold and selling at advanced currency prices, jobbers have been unable to purchase except when induced by concessions. The idea is prevalent among the trade that the present is the worst stage of the market, and with some movement at the moment of more importance, they look for a more encouraging state of affairs to come. Sales include 4,559 half-chest Greens and 6,290 do Oolong.

Imports of tea for the week include only one cargo per "Caractacus," from Yokohama, composed of 691,632 lbs of Japans. Dates from China are no later than those previously reported.

The following table shows the shipments of Tea from China and Japan to the United States from June 1, 1868, to March 22, 1869, the date of latest advices by mail; and importations into the United States (not including San Francisco), from Jan. 1 to date, in 1868 and 1869.

	SHIPMENTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN FROM JUNE 1, '68, TO MARCH 22, '69.	IMPORTS FROM CHINA & JAPAN INTO U.S. SINCE JAN. 1, 1869.
	1868-9.	1869.
Black.....	11,550,672	11,163,874
Green.....	15,996,605	12,264,283
Japan.....	10,011,653	9,530,000
Total.....	37,558,931	33,748,307

The indirect importations since Jan. 1 now reach 15,293 pkgs, against 4,265 last year.

It might also be considered a favorable circumstance that there is very little speculation this season in dry goods; the cotton market has ruled so much higher than in the early part of 1868, that with the possibility of a considerable decline

at any moment, there has been no inducement to purchase cotton goods on speculation, even at the comparatively low prices at which they could be bought.

In the market the principal demand has been for the better styles of dress goods, which have advanced above previous figures. In this branch of the trade there has been decided improvement, and business is better than was generally expected a month ago. A report of the principal sales at auction is given below. Brown sheetings have been weak in price, but can hardly go much lower without a material decline in cotton. In some other kinds of cotton goods prices have been kept firm by the smaller quantity of goods on hand.

The exports of dry goods for the past week, and since January 1, 1868, and the total for the same time in 1867 and 1860 are shown in the following table:

Exports to	FROM NEW YORK.			FROM BOSTON.		
	pkgs.	Val.	pkgs.	pkgs.	Val.	cases.
Hayti.....	21	\$3,918	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dutch West Indies..	4	720	.....	.....	.....	.....
Brazil.....	305	42,937	.....	.....	.....	.....
Liverpool.....	.....	.....	6	.....	1,687	.....
Palmoro.....	.....	.....	14	.....	1,879	.....
Cuba.....	.....	.....	8	.....	1,765	.....
New Granada.....	.....	.....	33	.....	11,390	.....
British Provinces.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Total this week..	330	\$47,087	51	52	\$15,552	4
Since Jan. 1, 1869....	9,670	1,011,066	1,247	2,975	230,714	4
Same time 1868.....	11,126	1,049,082	1,858	5,397	686,440	55
1860.....	39,273	.....	.....	21,318	.....	.....

We annex a few particulars of leading articles of domestic manufacture, our prices quoted being those of the leading jobbers:

BROWN SHEETINGS and SHIRTINGS through the influence of the weakness noticed in our last report, and the light trade doing, have been very unsettled in price; No. 1 Standards selling generally at 15 cents, and all others at 14¢. At these prices the goods can but be considered cheap, and were it not for the lack of confidence existing generally, we should certainly look for a speculative movement to arise, and an advance in price to follow. Fine browns are mainly unchanged in price, and with few exceptions little accumulation is noticeable. Agawam 36 inches 12½, Amoskeag A 36 15, do B 36 —, Atlantic A 36 15, do H 36 14½, do P 36 12½, do L 36 13½, do V 33 12½, Appleton A 36 14½, Augusta 36 14½, do 30 13½, Bedford R 30 10, Booth H 27 11, do O 34 11½, do S 40 12½, do W 45 18, Commonwealth O 27 8½, Grafton A 27 9, Graniteville AA 36 —, do EE 36 15, Great Falls M 36 12½, do S 33 11½, Indian Head 36 15, do 30 —, Indian Orchard A 40 —, do C 36 13, do BB 36 12, do W 34 11½, do NN 36 14½, Laconia O 39 14, do B 37 —, do E 36 13, Lawrence A 36 13, do E 36 —, do F 36 13, do G 34 11½, do H 27 11, do LL 36 12½, Lyman C 36 14, do E 36 15, Massachusetts BB 36 13, do J 30 11½, Medford 36 14½, Nashua fine 33 14, do 36 15½, do E 36 17, Newmarket A 12½, Pacific extra 36 14½, do H 36 14, do L 36 13½, Pepperell 6-4 30, do 7-4 32½, do 8-4 37½, do 9-4 45, do 10-4 60, do 11-4 55, Pepperell E fine 39 15, do R 36 14, do O 33 13, do N 30 12, do G 30 12, Pocasset F 30 10, do K 36 12½, do 40 15½, Saranac fine O 33 14, do R 36 15, do E 39 16½, Sigourney 36 10, Stark A 36 14½, Swift River 36 12, Tiger 27 9, Tremont M 33 11.

BLEACHED SHEETINGS and SHIRTINGS continue without material change, but the very limited distribution, coupled with the marked reductions in heavy browns, must cause a tendency towards low prices in many of the lines. Wide goods are in rather less request, though prices are fairly steady. Amoskeag 46 20, do 54 26, do A 36 15, Androskoggin 36 17½, Appleton 36 17, Attawaugan XX 36 14, Atlantic Cambric 36 26, Ballou & Son 36 14, do 33 12, Bartlett 36 15½, do 33 14½, do 30 13½, Bates 36 15½, do B 33 15, Blackstone 36 14½, do D 36 12½, Booth B 36 15½, do C 33 14, do E 36 12½, do H 28 11, do O 30 13, do R 23 10, do L 36 15½, do W 45 19, Dwight 40 22, Ellerton E 42 20, do 27 10, Elmwood 36 22½, Forestdale 36 16½, Fruit of the Loom 36 18, Globe 27 —, Gold Medal 36 15, Greene Mfg Co 36 11½, do 30 10½, Great Falls K 36 16, do M 33 13, do S 31 12, do A 33 14, Hill's Semp. Idem 36 17½, do 33 16, Hope 36 14, James 36 14½, do 33 13½, do 31 12½, Lawrence B 36 16, Lonsdale 36 18, Masonville 36 18, Newmarket C 36 14½, New York Mills 36 25, Pepperell 6-4 32½, do 8-4 45, do 9-4 52½, do 10-4 57½, Rosebuds 36 16½, Red Bank 36 11½, do 32 14, Slater J. & W. 36 14, Tuscarora 36 20, Utica 5-4 35, do 6-4 40, do 9-4 65, do 10-4 70, Waltham X 33 12½, do 42 17½, do 6-4 —, do 8-4 42½, do 9-4 50, do 10-4 55, Wamsutta 45 32, do 40 29, do 36 22½, Washington 33 10.

BROWN DRILLS have shown less firmness, and prices of standard makes have been scarcely maintained. Amoskeag 17, Booth 16½, Graniteville D 16½, Laconia 17, Pepperell 17, Stark A 16½, do H 15½.

PRINTS continue somewhat irregular, though good styles of all popular brands are taken without much hesitation at full current rates, and we look for no material change in price for the balance of the season. Allens 12, American 12, Amoskeag —, Arnolds 10, Cochecho 14, Conestoga 12, Dunnell's 12, Freeman 10, Gloucester 12, Hamilton 12½, Home 8½, Lancaster 12, London mourning 11-11½, Mallory 11½, Manchester 11½-12, Merrimac D 12½, do pink and purple 15, do W 14½, Oriental 12, Pacific 12½, Richmond's 12, Simpson Mourning 11-11½, Sprague's purple and pink 13, do blue and white 13½, do shirtings 13, Wamsutta 8½-9½.

GINGHAMS have shown some additional movement, and prices are firmly maintained. Allamance plaid 18, Caledonia 14, Earleton 22½-25, Glasgow 16, Hampden 16, Lancaster 17, Manchester 18½.

MUSLIN DELAINES are not in any special demand even for best styles, and but few fresh goods appear on the market. Pacific Armures 20, do Alpaca 5-4 35, do 6-4 36, Pekins 22½, Oriental Luetres 18.

TICKINGS have been offered at a reduction in many instances, and prices are somewhat unsettled. Albany 10½, American 14½, Amoskeag A C A 35, do A 29, do B 24, do C 22, do D 20, Blackstone River 16, Conestoga 25, do extra 30, Cordia AAA 30, do BB 17½, Hamilton 25, do D 21, Lewiston 28 35, do 32 30, do 30 23, Meers, and W'km's 29, Pear River 32, Pemberton A A 25, do E 17, Swift River 16½, Thorndik 17½, Whittenden A 22½, Willow Brook 27½, York 30 25, do 32 32½.

STRIPES have been in fair demand, and prices steady. Albany 10½, American 15, Amoskeag 21-22, Boston 15, Everett 18½, Hamilton 21½, Haymaker 16, Sheridan A 14, do G 14½, Uncasville dark 18, do light 15, Whittenton AA 21½, do A 20, do BB 17, do C 15, York 21½.

DEMNIS have been in better supply, and in a few makes concessions are obtainable. Amoskeag 30, Blue Hill 15, Beaver Cr blue 27½, do CC 19, Columbian extra 29, Haymaker 18, Manchester 20, Otis A X A 27½, do BB 25, do CC 20, Pearl River 29, Thorn dike 19, Tremont 20.

CORSET JEANS are rather less firm, and by the package lower prices have been named. Amoskeag 15, Androskoggin 16, Bates 12½, Everett 15½, Indian Orch. Imp 13½, Laconia 15½, Naumkeag 15½, Newmarket 14, Washington satteen 17.

CAMBRICS are without quotable change, with a limited trade. Amoskeag 10, Portland 8, Pequot 10½, Victory H 9, do A 10, Washington 10. **COTTON BAGS** are unchanged, and accumulations have been worked off to a considerable extent. American 42½, Androskoggin 42½, Arkwright A 45, Great Falls A 45, Lewiston 45, Ludlow AA 45, Ontario 44½, Stark A 47, do C 3 bush 65, Union A 30.

COTTON YARNS dull, and prices unchanged. Best Georgia Cotton Yarns Nos. 6 to 12 40, Best South Carolina small skeins 44.

SPOOL COTTONS firm, and higher prices talked of.

FOREIGN DRESS GOODS have grown more scarce, especially in desirable fabrics, and full prices are readily obtained, with an occasional advance for choice styles. The sales at auction have, with one or two exceptions, offered little attractions, being mainly made up of broken lots and balances of importations; prices even for the better styles ruling rather low.

On Tuesday Messrs. Wilmerdings & Mount held a sale of dress goods, silks and linen goods, which attracted considerable attention, especially the black silks, of which there were some full lines and fine qualities. The dress goods mainly were slow; but a few lots of seasonal fabrics were readily taken, though at pretty low rates.

On Wednesday Messrs. Townsend, Montant & Co. had a sale of some 200 lots, mostly silk goods. The plain and fancy colored Poul de Sole brought rather low prices, but the lots were mainly balances of importations, and owners seemed disposed to close out the goods. The black silks not selling up to their ideas, were largely withdrawn.

Field, Morris Fenner & Co. had a sale of lace goods, principally in Llama and real thread points, which attracted some attention. The Llama goods went at fair prices in the lower qualities, and were freely taken at \$14 00@18 00; the better grades sold rather low, and owners were disposed to hold back on the goods, prices ranging from \$19 50@29 50, a few choice Points bringing \$30 00@42 50. The real thread goods went at \$62 50@82 50 for the first line and \$97 50@150 00 for the finer. The designs in both lines were good, but none were of extra texture.

On Thursday the principal offering was at Wilmerding, Hoguet & Co.'s, who had a sale of dress goods, silks and linen goods. The latter sold slow, and were not all taken. The dress goods were mostly odd lots, though a few regular lines were offered. Printed Piques 21½@26½, Chene printed Grenadine 13½@15½, Striped Poplin Skirting 28@31½, Striped Grenadine Barege 22½, Checked Lenos 18@19½, Mailed do 22½, Striped Chene Poplins 22½@23½. There were some very desirable lots of fancy silks in checks and stripes, but buyers were indifferent even to these, and with few exceptions, prices were rather low. Black and White Solid Check \$1 79, White Ground do (hair check) \$1 80, Colored Striped \$1 60@1 68, Black and White do (hair line) \$1 89, plain colored P. de Soie 20 inch \$1 62@1 67½, extra do \$1 79, Black Gros Grain, Liele filling, \$1 67½@1 70.

IMPORTATIONS OF DRY GOODS AT THE PORT OF NEW YORK.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending May 20, 1869, and the corresponding weeks of 1867 and 1868, have been as follows:

ENTERED FOR CONSUMPTION FOR THE WEEK ENDING MAY 20, 1869.

	1867.		1868.		1869.	
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of wool....	547	\$168,313	673	\$208,280	851	\$382,717
do cotton....	376	118,790	825	211,962	904	254,107
do silk.....	151	139,450	185	297,688	445	410,569
do flax.....	374	108,745	700	161,262	938	212,941
Miscellaneous dry goods.	87	54,010	195	62,317	300	65,283
Total.....	1,515	\$589,303	2,978	\$951,509	3,438	\$1,218,647

WITHDRAWN FROM WAREHOUSE AND THROWN INTO THE MARKET DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

Manufactures of wool...	317	\$126,722	369	\$127,970	331	\$111,902
do cotton....	422	139,922	178	42,653	220	52,401
do silk.....	46	33,544	70	78,503	60	59,551
do flax.....	178	47,254	356	60,810	386	83,785
Miscellaneous dry goods.	441	12,766	1,070	30,142	1,239	24,334
Total.....	1,454	\$420,208	2,036	\$385,088	2,249	\$335,303
Add ent'd for consup't'n	1,515	589,308	2,978	951,509	3,438	1,218,647
Total withdrawn upon mak't.	2,969	\$1,009,516	5,014	\$1,286,541	5,687	\$1,553,950

ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSING DURING THE SAME PERIOD.

Manufactures of wool...	407	\$157,364	195	\$63,817	588	\$176,595
do cotton....	207	62,942	151	35,648	272	39,355
do silk.....	33	34,515	26	52,545	30	39,923
do flax.....	241	68,769	216	42,970	341	94,192
Miscellaneous dry goods	24	12,581	20	9,419	78	22,447
Total.....	912	\$336,421	608	\$184,899	1,259	\$388,560
Add ent'd for consup'n	1,515	589,308	2,978	951,509	3,438	1,218,647
Total entered at the port	2,427	\$925,729	5,586	\$1,236,408	4,697	\$1,613,917

Dry Goods.

American silks.

THE BEST QUALITY OF

BLACK GROS GRAIN

Manufactured in this Country offered for Sale by

C. A. AUFFMORDT & CO.,
134 & 136 DUANE STREET.**JENKINS, VAILL &****PEABODY,**

46 LEONARD STREET,

DRY GOODS COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Sole Agents for the sale of

COTTONS AND WOOLENS,

Of Several Mills.

AMERICAN SILKS.

MANUFACTURED BY

CHENEY BROTHERS.

Machine Twist,

Sewing Silk,

Traws and Organzines,

FINE ORGANZINES FOR SILK MIXTURE, CASSIMERES.

Foulards and Florentines, !

Pongee Handkerchiefs,

Silk Warp Poplins,

Silk Dress Goods,

Belt Ribbons.

SILKS FOR SPECIAL PURPOSES TO ORDER.

AGENTS:

EDWARD H. ARNOLD & SON,

102 Franklin Street, New York.

HENEY & MILLIKEN,

4 Otis Street, Boston.

LEONARD BAKER & CO.,

210 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia

CHASE, STEWART & CO.,

10 and 12 German Street, Baltimore.

SHOW THREADS,
LINEN THREADS,
CARPET THREADS,
SEWING MACHINE THREADS,
GILLNETT TWINES, FISH LINES,
TWINES, FLAX, ETC.**BARBOUR BROTHERS,**99 Chambers Street, Corner Church Street, New York
WORKS. PATERSON, NEW JERSEY

ARM. MILLS

E. J. SHIPMAN

MILLS & SHIPMAN,

WOOL BROKERS,

NO. 50 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.We are prepared to make cash advances upon Wool,
on the spot or in transit.**THOS. H. BATE & Co.,**

MANUFACTURERS OF

DRILLED-EYED NEEDLES,**Fish Hooks and****Fishing Tackle.****NO. 7 WARREN STREET, NEAR BROADWAY,
NEW YORK.****W. WAGSTAFF CRAIG,**

COMERCIAL BROKER

AND

Real Estate Agent,**NO. 59 WALL STREET, ROOM No. 19.**

NEW YORK.

Dry Goods.

JOHN S. &**EBEN WRIGHT & Co.,**92 & 94 Franklin Street, New York,
14 Devonshire Street, Boston

AGENTS FOR THE

Otis Company, Belknap Mills,
Columbian Mfg Company, Grafton Mills,
Warren Cotton Mills, Sumner Falls Mills,
Boston Buck Company, Gilmanton Hosiery Mills,
Cordis Mills, Pepper Hosiery Mills,
Thorndike Company, Otis Hosiery Mills,
And Arlington Mills,
Fancy Dress Goods, 3-4 and 5-4 Roubaix Cloth, Imper-
ial Chines, Alpacas, Reys, Coburgs, &c., &c.**Belknap & Grafton**Shirtings, Flannels, Rob Boys, Cassimeres, Repellants,
Cottonades, Domestic, Boys' Check, Sulloways,
Shaker Flannels.**Hosiery.**Otis Co., Pepper and Gilmanton Mills' Sulloways,
Shaker Socks, &c., &c.**Five Denims.**Columbian Heavy, Otis A.A. BB, CC, D, O, E, G,
Union, Arlington, Oxford, Mt. Vernon, Beaver Creek
A.A. BB, CC, Thorndike, C. Haymaker, Palmer, Bos-
ton, Northfield, Pawnee, Farmer's and Mechanics'**Denims.**

Columbian XXX, Otis BB, Warren A.B.D.X.

Ticks.Cordis ACE, AAA, BB, Duck A.A.B., Thorndike A.C.
Swift River, Palmer, New England.**Stripes.**Cordis Awning, Thorndike, B.C., Otis CC, Mount Ver-
non, Columbus, Eagle,**Warren FF Fine Sheetings.****Brown and Bleached Goods.**Thorndike H. B. & C. Brown and Bleached Sheetings,
Hingham, Farmers' A.A and Swift River Brown Sheet-
ings, 40-in. Rocky Mountain Duck, Bear, Raven's Duck**Theodore Polhemus & Co.**

Manufacturers and Dealers in

COTTON SAIL DUCK

And all kinds of

COTTON CANVAS, FELTING DUCK, CAR COVER-
ING, BAGGING, RAVENS DUCK, SAIL TWINES
&C. "ONTARIO" SEAMLESS BAGS,
"AWNING STRIPES."

Also, Agents

United States Bunting Company.

A full supply all Widths and Colors always in stock.

59 Broad Street, New York.

E. A. BRINCKERHOFF, THEODORE POLHEMUS.

J. SPENCER TURNER, H. D. POLHEMUS, Special.

GEO. J. BYRD & Co.,

Manufacturers of

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS,

Nos. 12 & 14 WARREN STREET NEW YORK.

C. B. & J. F. Mitchell,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

87 & 89 Leonard Street, New York.

Sole Agents for

JOSEPH GREER'S CHECKS.

Sultana Shawls.

Fond du Lac Blue Jeans.

Fine 6-4 Chevrot Coatings.

Oxford Gold mixed and Brown Jeans.

Shirting Flannels and

Balmoral Skirts.

Steamship Companies.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

THROUGH LINE**To CALIFORNIA & CHINA,**

AND

Touching at Mexican Ports

CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

On the 1st, 11th and 21st of Each Month.Leave PIER 42 NORTH RIVER, foot of Canal street
at 12 o'clock noon, as above (except when those dates
fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday),
for ASPINWALL, connecting VIA Panama Railway
with one of the Company's Steamships from Panama
for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.
Departure of 1st connect at Panama with steamers
for SOUTH PACIFIC and CENTRAL AMERICAN
PORTS. Those of the 1st touch at MANZANILLO.
One hundred pounds baggage allowed each adult.
Baggage-masters accompany baggage through, and
attend to ladies and children without male protec-
tors. Baggage received on the dock the day before
sailing, from steamboats, railroads, and passengers
who prefer to send them down early. An experienced
surgeon on board. Medicine and attendance free.
For passage tickets or further information apply
the Company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot
Canal street North River, New York.**F. R. FAHY, Agent.****EXTENSION TABLES**
(EXCLUSIVELY),
Of Every Style and Quality, at
Greatly Reduced Prices.**WM. HEERDT, Manufacturer,**

150 WOOSTER STREET,

BETWEEN PRINCE AND ROUSTON STREET

NEW

Miscellaneous.

CAUTION!

TO THE TRADE

AND TO CONSUMERS OF

J. & P. COATS'**BEST SIX-CORD THREAD.**A COUNTERFEIT, OR ROUGH FAC-SIMILE OF
their trade-mark upon the wrappers of thread, is
in circulation, and may be readily detected by com-
parison with the genuine. The black and gold labels
upon the spools are larger than the genuine. The
white labels bearing the name of "Andrew Coats,
General Agent for the United States," are roughly cut
out by hand.
The spurious article, having been smuggled into the
U. S., is also liable to seizure by the customs.All dealing in Thread with these
Forged Labels will be prosecuted by
J. & P. Coats.**JOHN & HUGH AUCHINCLOSS,**

Sole Agents in New York for J. & P. COATS.

GANO, WRIGHT & Co.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Cotton, Flour, Grain and Provisions.

NO. 27 MAIN ST., CINCINNATI, O.**Henry Lawrence & Sons,**

MANUFACTURERS OF CORDAGE

FOR EXPORT AND DOMESTIC USE.

152 FRONT STREET, NEW YORK

Scovill Mnfg. Company,

Manufacturers of

**SHEET BRASS,
GERMAN SILVER PLATED METAL,
BRASS BUTT HINGES,**

Gilt, Lasting, Brocade, and Fancy Dress Buttons,

Kerosene Oil Burners

And Lamp Trimmings,

And Importers and Dealers in every Description of

Photographic Goods.

o. 4 Beekman street & 36 Park Row, New York,

Manufact by WATERBURY CO.

NEW YORK**Burleigh Drill Company,**

Principal Office 43 New St., N. Y.

JOHN T. DALY,President of the New York Burleigh Drill Company
has been appointed**GENERAL AGENT**For the sale of FOREIGN AND HOME TERRITORY
AND MACHINERY.The Burleigh Rock Drill is now in practical working
operation in New York City: persons interested and
desirous of seeing the machines at work, by applica-
tion at the office of the Company, will be informed of
their location. Address letters to**J. T. & W. H. DALY,**43 New St., P. O. Box 2567,
New York.**CHRISTY DAVIS,****PURCHASING****WOOL BROKER****No. 58, BROADWAY, NEW YORK,**

Cor. of Exchange Place.

THE SPRINGFIELD**GAS MACHINE,**FOR LIGHTING COUNTRY RESIDENCES AND
MANUFACTORIES.These celebrated MACHINES are sold by
GILBERT & BARKER, General Agents, No. 50
Crossby St., N. Y. (Broadway entrance through Covell
& Co., N. Y. 531.)ILLUSTRATED CIRCULARS, giving full descrip-
tions of the MACHINE, and also testimonials from
reference to, some hundred persons who have
used them for a number of years, can be had upon
application, or will be mailed upon request.

Insurance.

OFFICE OF THE

Pacific Mutual Insurance

COMPANY.

HOWARD BUILDING, 178 BROADWAY.

New York, January 18th, 1869.
The following Statement of the affairs of the Company is published in conformity with the requirements of Section 13 of its charter:

Outstanding Premiums January 1, 1869.....\$119,049 43
Premiums received from Jan. 1, to Dec. 31, 1868 inclusive.....534,448 47

Total amount of Marine Premiums.....\$613,497 90

THIS COMPANY HAS ISSUED NO POLICIES, EXCEPT ON CARGO AND FREIGHT FOR THE VOYAGE.

No Risks have been taken upon Time or upon Hulls of Vessels.

Premiums marked off as earned, during the period as above.....\$302,024 41
Paid for Losses and Expenses, less savings, &c., during the same period.....251,484 80
Return Premiums.....44,802 74

The Company has the following assets:

Cash in bank and on hand.....\$11,940 81
United States and other stocks.....322,625 30
Loans on stocks drawing interest.....138,700 00

Premium notes and bills receivable.....254,573 93
Subscription notes in advance of premiums.....75,000 00
Re-insurance and other claims due the Company, estimated at.....24,437 67

Total assets.....\$1,168,324 33

Six Per Cent. Interest,
on the outstanding Certificate of Profits will be paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the 2d day of February next.

The whole of the

outstanding Certificates of the Company of the issue of 1864,

will be redeemed and paid in cash, to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday, the 2d day of February next, from which date interest thereon will cease. The Certificates to be produced at the time of payment and cancelled.

A Dividend in Script of FORTY Per Cent is declared on the net amount of earned Premiums for the year ending December 31st, 1868, for which Certificate will be issued on and after Tuesday, the sixth day of April next.

By order of the Board.

TRUSTEES:

John K. Myers, Alex. M. Earle,
A. C. Richards, Oliver K. King,
G. D. H. Gillespie, Wm. T. Blodgett,
C. E. Minor, C. H. Ludington,
Martin Bates, J. L. Smallwood,
Moses A. Hoppock, Thomas Eakin,
B. W. Bull, H. C. Southwick,
Horace B. Claffin, Wm. Hegeman,
W. M. Richards, James R. Taylor,
Ephraim L. Corning, Adam T. Bruce,
A. S. Baynes, Albert B. Stranek,
Egbert Starr, A. Augustus Low,
A. Wesson, Dean F. Fenner,
John A. Hadden, Emil Heinemann,
William Leconey, Jehiel Reed,
John A. Barton, John E. Waller.

JOHN K. MYERS, President.
WILLIAM LECONY, Vice-President.
THOMAS HALE, Secretary.

Hanover Fire Insurance

COMPANY,

No. 45 WALL STREET.

JULY 1st, 1867.
Cash capital.....\$400,000
Surplus.....266,63

Gross Assets.....\$606,634
Total Liabilities.....50,144

BENJ. S. WILCOTT, Pres.
HENRY LAW, Secretary.

Germania Fire Insurance

COMPANY.

Office, No. 175 Broadway.

BRANCH OFFICES:

No. 357 Bowery, New York.

No. 377 Fulton Street, Brooklyn

Cash Capital.....\$500,000 00
Assets, July 1, 1868.....925,150 92
Liabilities.....45,000 00

Policies Issued Payable in Gold, if Desired.

RUDOLPH GARRIGUE, President.
JOHN EDW. KAHL, Vice-President.
HUGO SCHUMANN, Secretary.



Thwaites & Bradshaw's.

A Table Sauce beyond Comparison!

"No Breakfast or Dinner complete without it."—
SOME.

The finest relish and appetizer ever offered.

Sold by all Family Grocers and Fruit Stores.

G. G. YVILL, 234 Fulton Street.

HUGH B. JACKSON, 102 Fifth Avenue.

GERRY & F. DALL, 719 Broadway.

J. THOMAS, 33 Broadway.

M. S. BROWN, 68 Broadway.

J. J. MORRIS, cor. 12th St. and University Place.

E. MORRIS, 121 6th Avenue.

Wholesale Depot, S. E. HUSTED & CO., 138 Greenwich Street.

Insurance.

FIRE INSURANCE.

North American Fire

Insurance Co.,

OFFICE 114 BROADWAY.

BRANCH OFFICE 9 COOPER INSTITUTE, THIRD AVENUE.

INCORPORATED 1823.

Cash Capital.....\$500,000 00
Surplus.....245,911 93

Cash Capital and Surplus, July 1st, 1868, \$745,911 93.

Insures Property against Loss or Damage by Fire at the usual rates.
Policies issued and Losses paid at the office of the Company, or at its various Agencies in the principal cities in the United States.

JAMES W. OTIS, President.
R. W. BLECKER, Vice Pres.
F. H. CARTER, Secretary.
J. GRIESEL, General Agent.

ÆTNA

Insurance Company,

OF HARTFORD.

INCORPORATED 1819.

CASH CAPITAL.....\$3,000,000

NEW YORK AGENCY

NO. 62 WALL STREET.

Assets Jan. 1, 1869.....\$5,150,931 71
Liabilities.....289,553 98

FIRE AND INLAND INSURANCE.

Policies Issued Payable in GOLD when Desired.

JAS. A. ALEXANDER, Agent.

Mercantile Mutual

(MARINE)

INSURANCE COMPANY,
NO. 33 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Capital.....\$1,000,000
Assets.....1,500,000

This Company takes Marine and Inland Navigation Risks on Merchandise, Freight and Hulls of Vessels. On the payment of Premiums a Rebate or Discount on the current rate is made in cash, as an equivalent for the Scrip Dividends of a Mutual Company. The amount of such Rebate being fixed according to the character of the business, gives the dealer a more just apportionment of profits than by the mutual system; and being made in cash, on payment of the Premiums, is more than equivalent to the CASH VALUE of the average Scrip Dividends of Mutual Companies. Policies issued, making loss payable in Gold in this City, or in Sterling at the Office of the Company's Bankers in Liverpool, if desired.

TRUSTEES:

James Freeland, Geo. W. Hennings,
Samuel Willets, A. Foster Higgings,
Robert L. Taylor, Francis Hathaway,
William T. Frost, Aaron L. Reid,
William Watt, Henry Eyre,
Cornelius Grinnell, Joseph Slagge,
James D. Fish, Edward Merritt,
Edwood Walter, Daniel T. Willets,
D. Colden Murray, L. Edgerton,
Bryce Gray, Henry R. Kunhardt,
N. L. McCready, John S. Williams,
William Nelson, Jr., Charles Dimon,
Harold Dollner, Paul N. Spofford,
Jos. Willets,
ELLWOOD WALTER, President.
ARCH. G. MONTGOMERY, Jr., Vice-Pres.
ALANSON W. HEGEMAN, 2d Vice-Pres.
C. J. DESPARD, Secretary.

Sun Mutual Insurance

COMPANY.

(INSURANCE BUILDINGS)

49 WALL STREET.

Incorporated 1841.

Capital and Assets.....\$1,614,540 78

This Company having recently added to its previous assets a paid up cash capital of \$500,000, and subscription notes in advance of premiums of \$300,000, continue to issue policies of insurance against Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. No Fire Risks disconnected from Marine taken by the Company. Dealers are entitled to participate in the profits.

MOSES H. GRINNELL, President.
JOHN P. PAULISON Vice-President.
ISAAC H. WALKER, Secretary.

BUNTING BROTHERS,

BROKERS IN METALS.

112 JOHN STREET.

COPPER, TIN LEAD, SPLICER, RAILROAD IRON

FIG. 1. IRON ORES &C., &C.

Insurance

OFFICE OF THE

ATLANTIC

Mutual Insurance Co.,

NEW YORK, JANUARY 26, 1869.

The Trustees, in conformity to the Charter of the Company, submit the following statement of its affairs on the 31st December, 1868:

Premiums received on Marine Risks, from 1st January, 1868, to 31st Dec., 1868.....\$6,789,909 88

Premiums on Policies not marked off 1st January, 1869.....2,563,002 30

Total amount of marine premiums.....\$9,352,912 18

No policies have been issued upon life risks; nor upon fire risks disconnected with marine risks.

Premiums marked off from 1st January, 1868, to 31st December, 1868.....\$6,807,970 80

Losses paid during the same period.....\$3,081,080 49

Reports of premiums and expenses.....\$1,833,280 61

The Company has the following assets, viz.:

United States and State of New York stock, city bank and other stocks.....\$7,587,485 00

Loans secured by stocks and otherwise.....2,214,100 00

Real estate and bonds and mortgages.....210,000 00

Interest, and sundry notes and claims due the Company, estimated at.....200,580 63

Premium notes and bills receivable.....2,933,397 53

Cash in bank.....405,548 68

Total amount of assets.....\$13,660,851 39

Six per cent interest on the outstanding certificates of profits will be paid to the holders thereof or their legal representatives on and after Tuesday the Second of February next.

The outstanding certificates of the issue of 1865 will be redeemed and paid to the holders thereof, or their legal representatives, on and after Tuesday the Second of February next, from which date all interest thereon will cease. The certificates to be produced at the time of payment and canceled.

A Dividend of Forty Per Cent is declared on the net earned premiums of the Company, for the year ending 31st December, 1868, for which certificates will be issued on and after Tuesday, the Sixth of April next.

By order of the Board,

J. H. CHAPMAN,

Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

J. D. Jones, Joseph Gaillard, Jr.,
Charles Dennis, C. A. Hand,
W. H. H. Moore, James Low,
Henry Colt, B. J. Howland,
Wm. C. Pickersgill, Benj. Babcock,
Lewis Curtis, Robert B. Minturn,
Charles H. Russell, Gordon W. Burnham,
Lowell Holbrook, Frederick Channock,
R. Warren Weston, R. L. Taylor,
Royal Phelps, Geo. S. Stephenson,
Caleb Barstow, William H. Webb,
A. P. Elliot, Paul Spofford,
William E. Dodge, Sheppard Gandy,
David Lane, Francis Skiddy,
James Bryce, Charles P. Burdett,
Daniel S. Miller, Robert O. Ferguson,
Wm. Sturgis, Samuel G. Ward,
Henry K. Bogert, William E. Barker,
Dennis Perkins, Samuel L. Mitchell,

James G. D. Forest.

JOHN D. JONES, President.

CHARLES DENNIS, Vice-President.

W. H. H. MOORE, 2d Vice-Pres't.

J. D. HEWLETT, 3d Vice Pres't.

PRICES CURRENT.

In addition to the duties noted below, a discriminating duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied on all imports under flags that have no reciprocal treaties with the United States.

On all goods, wares, and merchandise, of the growth or produce of countries East of the Cape of Good Hope, when imported from places this side of the Cape of Good Hope, a duty of 10 per cent. ad val. is levied in addition to the duties imposed on any such articles when imported directly from the place or places of their growth or production; Raw Cotton and Raw Silk excepted. The ton in all cases to be 2,240 lb.

Anchors—Duty: 2½ cents per lb. Of 200 lb and upward 8 ¢ ..

Ashes—Duty: 30 ¢ cent ad val. Pot. latsort. 100 lb 7 ¢ 63 7 87 Pearl, latsort. nominal.

Beeswax—Duty: 20 ¢ cent ad val. American yellow, 10 lb 46 ¢ 43

Bones—Duty: on invoice 10 ¢ ct. Rio Grande skin 100 lb 39 ¢ 00

Bread—Duty: 30 ¢ cent ad val. Pilot 6 ¢ Navy 4 ¢ Crackers 6 ½ ¢ 14

Brushstuffs—See special report.

Bricks. Common hard, per M. 8 ¢ 00 10 ¢ 07 Crotons 19 ¢ 00 21 ¢ 00 Philadelphia Fronts 43 ¢ 00 43 ¢ 30

Bristles—Duty: 15 cents; hogs hair 1 ¢ lb. Amos gray & wh. 40 ¢ 2 50

Butter and Cheese—Duty: 4 cents.

Butter. Creamery pails 40 ¢ State dairies, prime 40 ¢ State dairies, ordinary 38 ¢ 40 State, hi-fine, prime 39 ¢ 40 State, hi-fine, ordin'y 38 ¢ 39 Welsh tubs, prime 38 ¢ 37 Welsh tubs, ordinary 35 ¢ 38 Western, good 32 ¢ 34 Western, fair 32 ¢ 34 Penn., dairy, prime 25 ¢ 28 Penn., dairy, good 20 ¢ 21 Canada 20 ¢ 21

Cheese. Factory prime 22 ¢ 23 Factory fair 19 ¢ 22 Farm dairies prime 21 ¢ 23 Farm dairies fair 18 ¢ 20 Farm dairies common 16 ¢ 17 Skimmed 10 ¢ 15

Candles—Duty, tallow, 2½; spermaceti and wax 5 ¢; tallow and adamantine, 5 cents per lb. Bleaching Powder, city 48 ¢ Spermaceti, patent 58 ¢ 81 Stearic 30 ¢ 81 Adamantine 21 ¢ 25

Cement—Rosendale 10 ¢ 00 10 ¢ 25

Chains—Duty, 2½ cents per lb. One inch & upward 7 ½ ¢ 71

Coal—Duty, bituminous, 15 ¢ 25 per ton of 28 bushels 80 ¢ to the bushel; other than bituminous, 40 cents per 28 bushels of 80 ¢ bushel. Newcastle Gas, 2,340 lb. 9 ¢ 50 10 ¢ 00 Liverpool Gas, 13 ¢ 00 10 ¢ 00 Liverpool Gas, 13 ¢ 00 10 ¢ 00 Liverpool, Orrel 10 ¢ Anthracite, 10 ¢ ton of 2,000 lb 7 ¢ 00 8 ¢ 50

Cocoa—Duty, 3 cents per lb. Caracas (in bond) (gold) 14 ¢ 15 Maracibo do 12 ¢ 30 Guayaquil do 10 ¢ 10 St. Domingo, (gold) 10 ¢

Coffee—See special report.

Copper—Duty, pig, bar, and ingot, 2½; old copper 2 cents per lb; manufactured, 35 ¢ cent ad val.; sheathing copper and yellow metal, in sheets 42 ¢ sheets long and 14 inches wide, weighing 14 ¢ 34 oz. square foot, 3 cents per lb. Sheathing, new 33 ¢ Bolts 35 ¢ Braziers 35 ¢ Sheathing, etc., old 22 ¢ 23 Sheathing, yellow metal 27 ¢ Bolts, yellow metal 27 ¢ Pig Chile 23 ¢ American Ingot 23 ½ ¢ 24

Ordage—Duty, tarred, 8 ¢ untarred Manila, 2½ other untarred, 3½ cents per lb. Manila 22 ½ ¢ 24 Tarred Russia 21 ¢ Bolt Rope, Russia 21 ¢

Oarke—Duty, 50 ¢ cent ad val. 1st Regular, 10 ¢ gro 55 ¢ 70 do Superfine 1 ¢ 40 1 ¢ 70 1st Regular, Pint 35 ¢ 50 Mineral 50 ¢ 70 Phal 12 ¢ 40

Cotton—See special report.

Drugs and Dyes—Duty, Alcohol, 2 ¢ 50 per gallon; Aloes, 6 cents per lb; Alum, 30 cents per 100 lb; Argols, 6 cents per lb; Arsenic and Assafetida, 20; Antimony, Crude and Regulus, 10; Arrowroot, 80 ¢ cent ad val. Balsam Copaliv, 20; Balsam Tolu, 30; Balsam Peru, 50 cents per lb; Castor Oil, 80 ¢ cent ad val.; Bi Carb. Soda, 14; Bi Chromate Potash, 3 cents per lb; Bleaching Powder, 80 cents per 100 lb; Refined Borax, 10 cents per lb; Crude Brimstone, 16; Roli Brimstone, 110 ¢ ton; Flor Sulphur, 120 ¢ ton, and 15 ¢ cent ad val.; Crude Camphor, 30; Refined Camphor, 40 cents per lb; Carb. Ammonia, 20 ¢ cent ad val.; Cardamoms and Cantharides, 50 cents per lb; Castor Oil, 1 ¢ gallon; Chlorate Potash, 10; Caustic Soda, 11; Citric Acid, 10; Copperas, 1; Cream Tartar, 10; Cubebs, 10 cents per lb; Cutch, 10; Chamomile Flowers, 20 ¢ cent ad val.; Epsom Salts, 1 cent per lb; Extract Logwood, Flowers Benzoin and Gamboge, 10 ¢ cent; Ginseng, 20; Gum Arabic, 20 ¢ cent ad val.; Gum Benzoin Gum Kowrie, and Gum Damar, 10 cents per lb; Gum Myrrh, Gum Senegal, Gum Geads and Gum Tragacanth, 20 ¢ cent ad val.; Hyd. Potash and Resublimed Iodine, 75; Ipecac and Jalap, 50; Lie. Paste, 10; Manna, 35; Oil Anis, Oil Lemon, and Oil Orange, 50 cents; Oil Cassia and Oil Bergamot, 1 ¢ lb; Oil Peppermint, 50 ¢ cent ad val.; Opium, 1 ¢ 50; Oxalic Acid, 4 cents per lb; Phosphorus, 20 ¢ cent ad val.; Pruss. Potash, Yellow, 5; Reddo, 10; Rhubarb, 50 cents per lb; Quicksilver, 15 ¢ cent ad val.; Sal. Serratus, 1 ¢ cent per lb; Sal. Soda, 1 cent per lb; Sarsaparilla and Senna, 20 ¢ cent ad val.; Shell Lac, 10; Soda Ash, 1; Sugar Lead, 20 cents per lb; Sulph. Quinine, 45 ¢ cent ad val.; Sulph. Morphine, 1 ¢ 50 ¢ oz.; Tartaric Acid, 20; Verdigris, 6 cents per lb; Sal Ammoniac, 20; Blue Vitriol, 25 ¢ cent ad val.; Etherial Preparations and Extracts, 1 ¢ lb; all others quoted below FREE.

Alcohol, 95 per cent. 1 ¢ 82 1 ¢ 85 Aloes, Cape 19 ¢ 20 Aloes, Socotrine 75 ¢ 20 Alum 40 ¢ 21 Annato, good to prime 12 ½ ¢ 9 ½ Antimony, Reg. of, g'd 12 ½ ¢ 9 Argols, Crude 18 ¢ 20 Argols, Refined, gold 23 ½ ¢ 20 ½ Arsenic, Powdered 21 ¢ 20 Assafetida 38 ¢ 50 Balsam Copaliv 24 ½ ¢ 85 Balsam Tolu 1 25 ¢ 20 Balsam Peru 50 ¢ 4 50 Bark Pepsy 45 ¢ 20 Berries, Persian, gold 27 ¢ 31 Bi Carb. Soda, New-castle, gold 3 60 2 3 65 Bi Chromate Potash 19 ¢ 20 Bleaching Powder 35 ¢ 34 Borax, Refined 35 ¢ 36 Brimstone, Crude 10 ¢ ton 47 ¢ 00 250 ¢ 00 Brimstone, Am. Roli 2 ¢ Brimstone, Flor Sulphur 34 ¢ 20 Camphor, Crude, (in bond) 23 ¢ 25 Camphor, Refined 89 ¢ 90 Cantharides 1 65 ¢ 100 Carbonate Ammonia, in bulk 17 ¢ 20 Cardamoms, Malabar, 3 25 ¢ 4 50 Castor Oil 30 ¢ 35 Chamomile Flow's 30 ¢ 35 Chlorate Potash (gold) 31 ½ ¢ 5 Caustic Soda 4 ½ ¢ 5 Caraway Seed 17 ½ ¢ 12 Coriander Seed 12 ¢ 10 Cochineal, Hon. (gold) 80 ¢ 90 Cochineal, Mexican (g'd) 80 ¢ 80 Copperas, American 2 ¢ 20 Cream Tartar, pr. gold 28 ¢ 20 Cubebs, East India 28 ¢ 20 Cutch 8 ¢ 20 Epsom Salts 34 ¢ 4 Extract Logwood 12 ½ ¢ 14 Flowers, Benzoin, oz. 80 ¢ 60 Gambier 4 ¢ 41 Gamboge 1 12 ¢ 1 16 Ginseng, West 90 ¢ 95 Ginseng, Southern 80 ¢ 85 Gum Arabic, Picked 50 ¢ 85 Gum Arabic, Sorts 32 ¢ 34 Gum Benzoin 80 ¢ 85 Gum Kowrie 82 ½ ¢ 89 Gum Geads 16 ¢ 16 Gum Damar 45 ¢ 47 ½ Gum Myrrh, East India 55 ¢ 20 Gum Myrrh, Turkey 55 ¢ 20 Gum Senegal 65 ¢ 70 Gum Tragacanth, Sorts 65 ¢ 70 Gum Tragacanth, w. flakey, gold 1 12 ½ ¢ 1 37 ½ Hyd. Potash, Fr. and Eng. (gold) 8 50 ¢ 8 75 Iodine, Resublimed 6 50 ¢ 2 Ipecacantha, Brazil 1 60 ¢ 20 Jalap, in bond gold 60 ¢ 45 Lac Dye 30 ¢ 45 Licorice Paste, Calabria 27 ½ ¢ 25 Licorice, Paste, Sicily 24 ¢ 25 Licorice Paste Spanish Solid 29 ¢ 30 Licorice Paste, Greek 31 ¢ 30 Madder, Dutch (gold) 12 ½ ¢ 13 Madder, French K.F.F. do 15 ½ ¢ 14

Manna, large flake 2 ¢ 00 Manna, small flake 95 ¢ 13 Mustard Seed, Cal. 10 ½ ¢ Mustard Seed, Trieste 10 ½ ¢ Nutgalls Blue Aleppo 35 ¢ Oil Anis 3 ¢ 00 Oil Cassia 2 ¢ 37 ½ Oil Bergamot 5 ¢ 50 Oil Lemon 3 87 ½ ¢ 3 95 Oil Peppermint, pure 5 ¢ 75 Oil Vitriol 2 25 ¢ 3 00 Opium, Turkey (gold) 11 ¢ 50 Oxalic Acid 28 ¢ 30 Phosphorus 85 ¢ 90 Prussiate Potash 34 ¢ 20 Quicksilver 76 ¢ 77 Rhubarb, China 1 60 ¢ 3 00 Sassafras 90 ¢ 101 Salaratus 90 ¢ Sal Am'n'ac, Ref 91 ¢ Sarsaparilla, Newcastle 1 50 ¢ Sarsaparilla, H.g'd in b'd 31 ¢ Sarsaparilla, Mex. 11 ¢ 12 Senna Root 40 ¢ 40 Senna, Alexandria 25 ¢ 50 Senna, East India 20 ¢ 46 Shell Lac 38 ¢ 46 Soda Ash (80 ¢) (g'd) 1-16 2 ½ Sugar L'd, W.c. 25 ¢ Sulph. Quinine, Am'oz 2 37 ½ ¢ Sulphate Morphine 1 ¢ 00 Tart'ic Acid, (g'd) 49 ½ ¢ 50 Tapioca 10 ½ ¢ 11 Verdigris, dry & ex dry 50 ¢ Vitriol, Blue 13 ½ ¢ 14

Duck—Duty, 30 ¢ cent ad val.

Ravens, Light 16 ¢ 00 Ravens, Heavy 18 ¢ 00 Scotch, G'ck, No. 1 72 ¢ Cotton, No. 1 58 ¢

Dye Woods—Duty free.

Camwood, gold, 100 lb 63 ¢ 00 Castic, Cuba 30 ¢ 32 Castic, Tampico, gold 21 ¢ 00 Castic, Jamaica 21 ¢ 00 Castic, Savanilla 21 ¢ 00 Castic, Maracibo, 21 ¢ 00 Logwood, Laguna 21 ¢ 00 Logwood, Cam 21 ¢ 00 Logwood, Hond 21 ¢ 00 Logwood, Tabasco 21 ¢ 00 Logwood, St. Dom. 24 ¢ 00 25 ¢ 00 Logwood, Jamaica 25 ¢ 00 27 ¢ 00 Limawood 83 ¢ 00 80 ¢ 00 Barwood 26 ¢ 00 Sapanwood, Manila 50 ¢ 00

Feathers—Duty: 30 ¢ cent ad val. Prime Western 80 ¢ 95 Tennessee 88 ¢ 90

Fish—Duty, Mackerel, 1 ¢; Herrings, 1 ¢; Salmon 1 ¢; other pickled, 1 ¢; bbl. on other Fish, Pickled, Smoked, or Dried, in smaller pkgs. than barrels, 50 cents per 100 lb.

Dry Cod 8 ¢ 00 Pickled Seal 5 ¢ 00 Pickled Cod 8 ¢ 00 Mackerel, No. 1, shore 27 ½ ¢ 28 ¢ 00 Mackerel, No. 1, Halifax 29 ¢ 00 Mackerel, No. 1, B'y 29 ¢ 00 Mackerel, No. 2 new 14 ¢ 00 Mackerel, No. 2, Ha ax 21 ¢ 00 25 ¢ 00 Mackerel, No. 3, Mass. 1 g'd 10 ¢ 00 Mackerel, Shore, No. 219 50 ¢ 200 Mac, No. 3, Mass, med. 11 ¢ 00 12 ¢ 00 Salmon, Pickled, No. 1, 25 ¢ 00 26 ¢ 00 Salmon, Pickled, No. 2, 32 ¢ 00 33 ¢ 00 Herring, Sealed box 40 ¢ 45 Herring, No. 1, l. B'y 50 ¢ 25 Herring, pickled bbl. 50 ¢ 8 ¢ 00

Flax—Duty: 15 ¢ per ton. North River 15 ¢

Fruits—See special report.

Furs and Skins—Duty, 10 ¢ cent. Beaver, Dark, 100 lb skin 1 ¢ 00 5 ¢ 00 do Pale 1 ¢ 00 4 ¢ 00 Bear, Black 3 ¢ 00 15 ¢ 00 do brown 2 ¢ 00 8 ¢ 00 Badger 50 ¢ 75 Cat, Wild 25 ¢ 50 do House 10 ¢ 15 Fisher 4 ¢ 00 10 ¢ 00 Fox, Silver 5 ¢ 00 25 ¢ 00 do Cross 3 ¢ 00 5 ¢ 00 do Red 75 ¢ 1 75 do Grey 30 ¢ 60 Lynx 1 ¢ 00 2 ¢ 00 Marten, Dark 2 51 ¢ 4 ¢ 00 do pale 1 ¢ 00 3 ¢ 00 Mink, dark 2 ¢ 00 8 ¢ 00 do pale 1 ¢ 00 3 ¢ 00 Otter 3 ¢ 00 9 ¢ 00 Musquash, Fall 10 ¢ 25 Opossum 3 ¢ 8 Raccoon 25 ¢ 60 Skunk, Black 50 ¢ 1 00

Skins—Duty: 10 ¢ cent ad val.

Goat, Caracazo B. cur. 42 ½ ¢ 50 do Buenos A. cur. 47 ½ ¢ 52 do Vera Cruz, gold 50 ¢ 52 ½ do Tampico, gold 50 ¢ 55 do Matamoros, gold 50 ¢ 55 do Payta, cur. 45 ¢ 50 do Cape, cur. 45 ¢ 45 do San Juan B. cur. 38 ¢ 42 do Boliv. 38 ¢ 42 do Siml. gold 45 ¢ 46 do Para. gold 45 ¢ 46 do Vera Cruz, gold 45 ¢ 45 do Chagres, gold 45 ¢ 45 do Port Cabello, 37 ¢ 40

Glass—Duty, Cylinder or Window Polished Plate not over 10x15 inches 2½ cents per square foot; larger and not over 16x24 inches, 4 cents per square foot; larger and not over 24x30 inches, 6 cents per square foot above that, not exceeding 24x60 inches, 20 cents per square foot all above that, 40 cents per sq ft for on unpolished Cylinder, Crown, and Common Window, not exceeding 10x15 inches square, 14 ¢ over that, and not over 16x24, 2 ¢ over that, and not over 24x30 2½ ¢; all over that, 3 ¢ cent per lb.

American Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. Subject to a discount of 45 ¢ 50 ¢ cent 6x8 to 7x9 50 ¢ 6 ¢ 00 8x10 to 10x15 8 25 ¢ 6 50 11x14 to 12x18 9 75 ¢ 7 00 14x16 to 16x24 10 50 ¢ 7 50 18x22 to 18x30 12 25 ¢ 8 00 20x30 to 24x30 15 00 ¢ 9 00 24x31 to 24x36 16 50 ¢ 10 00 25x36 to 30x44 17 50 ¢ 10 50 30x46 to 32x48 20 00 ¢ 11 50 32x50 to 32x56 22 00 ¢ 12 50 Above 25 00 ¢ 16 00

French Window—1st, 2d, 3d, and 4th qualities. (Single Thick) Nov. 1 of Mar. 11 Discount 45 ¢ 50 ¢ cent 6x8 to 8x10 50 ¢ 6 25 8x11 to 10x15 9 00 ¢ 6 75 11x14 to 12x18 10 00 ¢ 7 50 13x18 to 16x24 11 00 ¢ 8 00 18x22 to 18x30 13 50 ¢ 9 00 20x30 to 24x30 16 50 ¢ 10 00 24x31 to 24x36 18 00 ¢ 12 00 25x36 to 26x40 20 00 ¢ 12 00 28x40 to 30x48 22 00 ¢ 13 00 32x54 to 32x56 23 00 ¢ 14 00 32x58 to 34x60 27 00 ¢ 15 00 English sells at 35 ¢ ct. off above rates.

Groceries—See special report.

Gunny Bags—Duty, valued at 1 cent or less, per square yard, 3 ¢; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, light & h'y 16 ¢ 16 ½

Gunny Cloth—Duty, valued at 10 cents or less, per square yard, 3 ¢; over 10, 4 cents per lb. Calcutta, standard, y'd 23 ¢

Gunpowder—Duty, valued at 20 cents or less per lb, 6 cents per lb, at 20 ¢ cent ad val.; over 20 cents per lb, 10 cents per lb and 20 ¢ cent ad val. Blasting (B) 25 ¢ keg 4 ¢ 00 Shipping and Mining 4 ¢ 50 Kentucky Rifle 6 ¢ 00 Meal 6 ¢ 00 Deer 5 ¢ 50 Sporting, in 1 ¢ canisters 86 ¢ 1 00

Hair—Duty FREE. Rio Grande, mix'd 10 ¢ gold 30 ¢ Buenos Ayres, mix'd 28 ¢ 30 Hog, Western, unwash, cur. 10 ¢

Hay—North River, in bales 100 lb for shipping 60 ¢

Hemp—Duty, Russian, 140; Manila 15 ¢; Jute, 15 ¢; Italian, 140; Sunn and Sisal, 15 ¢ per ton; and Tampico 1 cent per lb. Amer. Dressed, 10 ¢ ton 275 ¢ 335 ¢ 00 do Undressed, 175 ¢ 200 ¢ 00 Russia, Clean 240 ¢ 245 ¢ 00 Italian 400 ¢ 400 ¢ 00 Manila 10 ¢ 13 Sisal 10 ¢ 10 ½ Tampico 8 ¢ 5 Jute 4 ½ ¢ 5

Hides—Duty, all kinds, Dry or Salted and Skins 10 ¢ cent ad val.

Dry Hides—Buenos Ayres B. cur'd 18 ¢ 21 Montevideo 20 ½ ¢ 21 Rio Grande 20 ½ ¢ 21 Orinoco 20 ¢ 21 California 20 ¢ 21 San Juan 17 ¢ 18 Matamoros 16 ¢ 18 Vera Cruz 18 ¢ 19 Lampico 18 ¢ 19 Bogota 18 ¢ 19 Porto Cabello 18 ¢ 19 Maracibo 14 ¢ 16 Truxillo 15 ¢ 19 Bahia 16 ¢ 17 Rio Hache 14 ¢ 15 Curacao 12 ¢ 13 Pt. au Platt 15 ¢ 16 Texas currency 20 ¢ 21 Western 20 ¢ 21

Dry Salted Hides—Chili 15 ¢ 16 Payta 13 ¢ 14 Maracibo 13 ¢ 14 Pernambuco 13 ¢ 14 Bahia 12 ¢ 13 Matamoros 15 ¢ 15 ½ Maracibo 12 ¢ 13 Savanilla 12 ¢ 13 **Wet Salted Hides**—Buenos Ayres B. cur'd 11 ½ ¢ 12 Rio Grande 11 ½ ¢ 12 California 11 ½ ¢ 12 Para 10 ½ ¢ 11 New Orleans, cur 11 ¢ 12 City after trim & cured, 11 ¢ 13

Upper Leather Stock - E.A. & Rio Gr. Kip	24 @ ..	Cherry boards and plank, 70 @ 280 00	Vermillion, Trieste .. 1 00 @ 1 05	Sunac - Duty: 10 % cent ad val.
Minas .. 30 @ 21		Oak and ash .. 45 00 @ 60 00	do Cal .. 95 @ 1 05	Slightly high gr'd's 130 00 @ 153 00
Sierra Leone, cash .. 32 @ 40		Maple and birch .. 30 00 @ 45 00	do Amer. com. .. 22 @ 27	Sugar - See special report.
Gambia & Blau .. 30 @ 40		White pine boards .. 30 00 @ 47 00	Venet. red (N.O.) 62 1/2 @ 2 75	Tallow - Duty: 1 cent % B.
Zanzibar .. 25 @ 26		White pine merchantable .. 37 00 @ 30 00	Caroline, city made .. 18 00 @ 16 00	American, prime, country and city .. 1 1/2 @ 1 1/2
East India Stock -		Clear pine .. 60 00 @ 70 00	China clay, 10 ton .. 25 00 @ 39 50	Tena - See special report.
Calcutta, city sl'hter .. 16 @ 16 1/2		Laths .. 25 00 @ 25 00	Chalk, block .. 10 ton 25 00 @ 34 00	Tin - Duty: pig, bars, and block, 15 % cent ad val.
Calcutta, dead green .. 13 @ 13 1/2		do 4x6, do .. 22 @ 25	Barytes, American .. 1 1/2 @ 1 1/2	Plate and sheets and
do buffalo, 10 @ 12		Spruce .. 22 @ 25	Barytes, Foreign .. 1 1/2 @ 1 1/2	terne plates, 25 % cent ad val.
Manilla & Batavia, buffalo, 10 @ 12		do plk 1 1/2 in. do .. 31 @ 32	Petroleum - Duty: crude, 20 cents refined, 40 cents per gallon.	Banks .. 35 @ 35 1/2
Honey - Duty, 20 cent per gallon.		do .. 31 @ 32	Crude, 40 @ 47 grav. gal .. 22 @ 22 1/2	Strait .. 35 @ 35 1/2
Cuba (duty paid) (gr'd .. 65 @ 85		do strips, 2x4 .. 19 @ 20	do in bulk .. 15 1/2 @ 15 1/2	English .. 35 @ 35 1/2
Hops - Duty: 5 cents per 100 lb.		do per Mfr. 19 00 @ 22 00	refined in bond, prime .. 15 1/2 @ 15 1/2	Plates, char. I.C. box 8 3/4 @ 8 3/4
Crop of 1888 .. 8 @ 15		Mahogany, Cedar, Rosewood - Duty free.	L.S. to W. (110) .. 31 1/2 @ 32	do I. C. Coke .. 5 75 @ 7 50
do of 1887 .. 8 @ 15		Manoganz St. Domingo, crotches Wt. .. 25 @ 50	do Standard .. 31 1/2 @ 32	do Terne Charcoal 7 62 1/2 @ 8 00
Bavarian .. 8 @ 15		do St. Domingo, ordinary logs .. 7 @ 10	grav. .. 19 50 @ 21 50	do Terne Coke .. 6 12 1/2 @ 6 25
Horns - Duty, 10 % cent ad val.		do Port-au-Platt, crotches .. 30 @ 40	Residium .. 19 50 @ 21 50	
Ox, Rio Grande .. 8 @ 8 00		do Port-au-Platt, logs .. 10 @ 14	Provisions - Duty: beef and pork, 1 ct; mams, bacon, andlard, 2 cts per lb.	
Ox, American .. 8 @ 8 00		do Nuevitas .. 10 @ 14	Pork, mess, 1 lb 31 @ 31 37	
India Rubber - Duty, 10 % cent ad val.		do Mansanilla .. 8 @ 10	Pork, prime mess .. 32 1/2 @ 36 00	
Para, Fine .. 90 @ 90		do Mexican .. 11 @ 15	do prime .. 32 1/2 @ 36 00	
Para, Medium .. 90 @ 90		do Honduras (American wood) .. 14 @ 20	Beef, plain mess .. 8 00 @ 16 00	
Para, Coarse .. 90 @ 90		Cedar, Nuevitas .. 13 @ 13	do extra mess .. 12 00 @ 24 00	
East India .. 90 @ 90		do Mansanilla .. 13 @ 13	do hams .. 36 00 @ 32 83	
Carthagen, &c .. 90 @ 90		do Mexican .. 8 @ 10	Hams .. 15 1/2 @ 19 1/2	
Indigo - Duty free.		do Florida .. 25 @ 75	Shoulders .. 12 1/2 @ 16	
Bengal .. 1 60 @ 2 30		Rosewood, R. Jan. .. 5 @ 8	Lard .. 17 1/2 @ 19 1/2	
do .. 1 60 @ 2 30		do Bahia .. 4 @ ..	Rice - Duty: cleaned 2 1/2 cents % B.	
Madras .. 80 @ 1 10		Molasses - See special report.	paddy 1 1/2 cents, and uncleaned 2 cents	
Manila .. 1 20 @ 1 02 1/2		Nails - Duty: cut 1 1/2; wrought 2 1/2;	Carolina .. 100 lb 8 50 @ 9 12 1/2	
Gustamala .. 1 20 @ 1 45		horse shoe 2 cents % B.	Rangoon Dressad, gold 5 75 @ 6 25	
Caracas .. 1 20 @ 1 15		Cut, 4d. 60d. 100 lb 4 75 @ 4 87 1/2	In bond .. 2 87 1/2 @ 3 87 1/2	
Iron - Duty, Bars, 1 to 1 1/2 cents % B.		Clinch .. 6 25 @ 6 37 1/2	Salt - Duty: sack, 24 cents % B.	
Railroad, 70 cents % B.		Horse shoe, f'd (6d) 26 @ 30	bulk, 18 cents % B.	
Plate, 1 1/2 cents % B.		Copper .. 40 @ ..	Turks Islands % bush. 53 @ 55	
Sheet, Band, Hoop, and Scroll, 1 to 1 1/2 cents % B.		Yellow metal .. 57 @ ..	Cadiz .. 53 @ 55	
Pig, 9 and Ton; Polished Sheet, 3 cents % B.		Zinc .. 18 @ ..	Liverpool, gr'd sack 2 00 @ 2 10	
Pig Charcoal, No. 1 .. 50 00 @ 50 00		Naval Stores - Duty: spirits of turpentine 39 cents per gallon; crude Turpentine, rosin, pitch, and tar, 20 % cent ad val.	do fine, Ashton's (s'g'd) 3 75 @ 3 85	
Pig, American, No. 2 .. 41 00 @ 42 00		Turpentine, s.c. 280 lb 4 00 @ ..	do fine, Worthing's 3 00 @ 2 90	
Bar, Red'd King & Amer 81 00 @ 87 50		Tar, N. County % bbl. 2 75 @ 2 80	Saltetre - Duty: crude, 3 1/2 cents; refined and partially refined, 3 cents; nitrate soda, 1 cent % B.	
Gartherie .. 44 00 @ 41 50		Tar, Wilmington .. 3 25 @ 3 50	Refined, pure .. 15 1/2 @ 15 1/2	
Bar Swedes, ordinary sizes .. 140 00 @ 160 00		Pitch City .. 2 75 @ 3 00	Crude .. 7 1/2 @ 7 1/2	
Bar, English and American, Refined .. 90 00 @ 95 00		Spirits of turpentine % .. 2 45 @ ..	Nitrate soda .. gold 5 @ ..	
do do do Common 35 00 @ 90 00		Kosin, com'n. % 280 lb 2 45 @ ..	Seeds - Duty: linseed, 16 cts; hemp, 4 cts % B.	
do do do 115 00 @ 175 00		do strained .. 2 50 @ 2 60	do canary, 1 1/2 bushel of 60 lb; and grass seeds, 30 % cent ad val.	
Ovals and Half Round 115 00 @ 150 00		do No. 2 .. 2 75 @ 3 00	do clover .. 13 1/2 @ 14 1/2	
Band .. 115 00 @ ..		do No. 1 .. 3 50 @ 4 50	Timothy, reaped % bus 4 00 @ ..	
Horse Shoe .. 115 00 @ ..		do Pale .. 5 00 @ 6 00	Canary .. 2 50 @ 2 75	
Rods, 5-3-16 inch .. 95 00 @ 155 00		do extra pale .. 8 00 @ 9 00	Flax .. 2 50 @ 2 75	
Hoop .. 123 00 @ 189 00		Oakum - Duty fr. % B. 8 @ 11	Lins'd Am. rough bus .. 2 12 @ 2 12	
Nail Rod .. 7 1/2 @ 8 1/2		Oil Cake - Duty: 20 % cent ad val.	do Calc'a, Bos'n, g'd 2 11 1/2 @ 2 12	
Sheet, Russia .. 12 1/2 @ 12 1/2		City thin obl'g, in bbls. .. 40 @ 40	do do New Yk, g'd .. 2 15	
Sheet, Single, Double and Treble .. 5 1/2 @ 7		do .. 40 @ 40	Shot - Duty: 2 1/2 cents % B.	
Balls, Eng. (g'd) 56 00 @ 57 00		West. thin obl'g. do 49 50 @ 50 00	Drop .. 12 @ 12	
do American .. 75 00 @ 78 00		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Buck .. 13 @ 13	
Ivory - Duty, 10 % cent ad val.		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Silk - Duty: free. All thrown silk, 35 % cent.	
East India, Prime .. 3 00 @ 3 25		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Taateles, No. 1, 2, 3 10 50 @ 10 50	
East Ind., Billard Ball 3 00 @ 3 25		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Taysasams, superior, No. 1, 2, 3 9 00 @ 10 25	
African, Prime .. 2 50 @ 2 87		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	do medium, No. 2 7 00 @ 8 50	
African, Scrivel, W.C. 1 25 @ 2 25		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Canton, re-reel, No. 2 7 50 @ 8 00	
		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Canton, Extra Fine .. 8 75 @ 9 00	
Lead - Duty, Pig, 32 % 100 lb; Old Lead, 14 cents % B; Pipe and Sheet, 24 cents % B.		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Japan, superior .. 10 50 @ 12 00	
Galena .. 100 lb @ ..		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	do Good .. 8 00 @ 9 00	
Spanish .. (gold) 6 30 @ 6 30		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	do Medium .. 8 00 @ 9 00	
German .. (gold) 6 25 @ 6 35		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Spelter - Duty: in pigs, bars, and plates, 11 50 % 100 lb.	
English .. (gold) 6 25 @ 6 35		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Plates, for 100 lb gold 6 50 @ 6 35	
Bar .. net .. @ ..		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	do domestic % B. 11 @ 12 1/2	
Pipe and Sheet .. net .. @ 12		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Spices - See special report.	
Leather - Duty: sole 35, upper 30 % cent ad val.		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Spirits - Duty: Brandy, for first proof 33 % 100 lb; Gin, rum and whiskey, for first proof, 32 50 % gallon.	
Oak, sl'hter, heavy % B. 33 @ 43		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Brandy, Old, Dupuy & Co. (gold) % gal 5 50 @ 13 00	
do do middle 38 @ 46		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Brandy, Pinet, Castil .. 5 50 @ 13 00	
do do light .. 36 @ 40		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	do Lon & Co (gold) 5 50 @ 17 00	
do do corcor, heavy 40 @ 42		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	do Hennessy (gold) 5 50 @ 18 00	
do do middle 42 @ 45		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	do Marett & Co (g'd) 5 50 @ 10 00	
do do light .. 42 @ 45		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	do Leger Freres do 5 50 @ 10 00	
Oak, rough slaughter .. 38 @ 45		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	do oth for b'd's (g'd) 4 50 @ 4 75	
Hemi'k, B. A., &c, h'y 26 1/2 @ 28		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	do St. Croix, g'd .. 4 50 @ 4 75	
do do middle 30 @ 30		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Gin, diff. brands, (gold) 3 50 @ 3 75	
do do light .. 30 @ 30		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Domestic Liquors - Cash.	
do do light .. 30 @ 30		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Brandy, gin & sp'ls in b: 60 @ 1 15	
do do Orino, heavy .. 25 @ 26		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Rum, pure .. 1 00 @ 1 15	
do do middle .. 25 @ 26		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Whiskey .. 97 @ 98	
do do light .. 25 @ 26		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	Steel - Duty: bars and ingots, valued at 17 cents % B or under, 24 cents; over 7 cents and not over 11, 34 cents % B; over 11 cents, 34 cents % B; and 10 % cent ad val. (Store prices).	
do do light .. 25 @ 26		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	English, cast, % B. 18 @ 22	
do do rough .. 25 @ 26		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	English, spring .. 9 @ 11 1/2	
do do good damaged 24 @ 26 1/2		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	English blister .. 11 1/2 @ 12	
do do poor do 20 @ 23		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	English machinery .. 12 1/2 @ 16	
Lime - Duty: 10 % cent ad val.		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	English German .. 14 @ 16	
Rockland, com. % bbl. 1 @ 1 25		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	American blister .. 10 1/2 @ 16	
do heavy .. 1 @ 1 50		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	American cast .. 10 @ 13	
Lumber, &c. - Duty: Lumber, 20 % cent ad val; Staves, 10 % cent ad val; Rosewood and Cedar, 20 % cent ad val.		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	American spring do 10 @ 13	
Bird's-eye maple, logs, 8 ft. 7 @ 7		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	American mach'y do 10 @ 13	
Black walnut, 10 @ 11 75 00 @ 85 00		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00	American German do 10 @ 13	
Black walnut, logs sup it 8 @ 9		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00		
Black walnut, trottches .. 15 @ 20		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00		
do fig'd & b'led .. 22 @ 1 25		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00		
Yellow pine, h'm, Geo .. 33 00 @ 35 00		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00		
White oak, logs % cub. ft. 50 @ 50		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00		
do plank, M. fr. 55 00 @ 60 00		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00		
Poor & W wood b'd's & s'ks .. 45 00 @ 45 50		do .. 49 50 @ 50 00		

Dry Goods.

N.B.FALCONER & COIMPORTERS OF
STAPLE AND FANCY

British Dress Goods,

VELVETS, VELVETEENS,
Umbrella Alpaca and Gingham, &c.,
NO. 217 CHURCH STREET.
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